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LARRY TAJIRI.

EDITORIALS

The Holiday Issue: An Appreciation

The end of one year and the start of another is a time for summing up and for looking forward. This issue represents an effort to assess the present state of the Nisei, with some emphasis on their cultural and social heritage. An effort also has been made to highlight a few representative Nisei, to discover the extent of professional, artistic and occupation interest within the group.

This 76-page special issue, the single largest edition of a Nisei paper ever published, would not have been possible without duct of two cultures is to repeat the extensive help and cooperation which the Pacific Citizen received from the JACL's regional offices and from its eighty local chapters. The Pacific Citizen is particularly grateful for the help of many individuals in local chapters who worked hard and long to insure the success of this edition.

In these times of spiraling costs, the Pacific Citizen, like so many other non-commercial publications similarly situated, has been involved in deficit financing. Many similar papers devoted to minority group interests or to civil rights have been forced to suspend publication.

The Pacific Citizen could not have continued this long without the financial help given it by the JACL.

Funds from this holiday issue will help meet a portion of the newspaper's expected deficit for the coming year. The Pacific Citizen expresses its grateful appreciation to the many advertisers represented herein for their support, as well as to the many individual JACL members who volunteered their time and effort to solicit the advertising. Without their help this edition would not have been possible. Similarly the paper is indebted to its contributors for their articles, stories and photographs.

Lastly, for the moral and financial support extended throughout the years by its friends and readers, the Pacific Citizen expresses its headtfelt gratitude.

An Appraisal of: THE HERITAGE

By Elmer R. Smith

NISEI are Americans and are rightfully proud of their Ameri-canism. However, like all other Americans, unless it be the American Indian, he is the heir to a foreign culture in varying degrees. No person who is an American can insist that he is free from a heritage with its roots in another land. This is more true than most persons will admit or will recognize. Anthropologists have shown us that very few of what we consider to be "purely white American" in our everyday culture is native to America. Even the name of this country of ours was taken from the name of an Italian methods, and moral concepts of

taken from the name of an Italian geographer, Americus Vespucci. Even though our civilization is Another source of influence has rooted in foreign soils ranging Another source of influence has from every continent in the world been through diplomatic and other various forms of foreign relations -such as the occupation of other lands by the armed services-which have affected the national life of America. The civilization we call "American" is largely the accumulative product and residue of the ever-widening process of culture contact, interchange and fusion. The average American of whom the Nisei are to be considered a basic element very often assume that the cultural heritage from the homeland of their parents has been and is of small significance to Am-erican civilization. It is true that in comparison with some European cultures the contributions may seem small, but nevertheless Japanese cultural influences have been felt in the building of American culture. Many important men of letters and art experienced far reaching educational experiences in Japan and handed these down to their readers and followers in America. John LaFarge's "An Artist's Letters from Japan," Percival Lowell's "The Soul of the Far East," and Lafcadio Hearn's pages of Japanese life influenced Ameri-

The Nisei and Their Heritage

during the war years, the Nisei are coming to admitting once again that they have a definite inheritance of language, food and cuture-in addition to the physical inheritance of eye color, skin tones and the epicanthic fold.

To lesser or larger degree, every Nisei has been exposed to some of the elements of his parents' culture. And in larger or lesser degree he passes on some portion of this culture to his children and to the world in which he lives.

EDITOR

Very seldom is it so definite or restricted a thing as art or the tea ceremony. More generally it's a liking for the taste of soy sauce or the ability to use chopsticks, or the use of a Japanese idiomatic phrase. This is part of the Nisei's cultural inheritance, though hardly of the "capital C" type.

From his immediate environment, what we might here term the generally "American" environment, he inherits his taste for steak and potatoes, hot rods and V-8s, Hollywood movies and Tin-Pan-Alley. To say that the Nisei is a proa truism, but the fact remains that to disregard either is to disregard some of the major in-fluences that shape his thinking, his actions, his hopes and his dreams.

An individual's cultural inheritance is comprised of so many elements that their separation is impossible. The Nisei is the sorry inheritor of social conditions which try to dictate his place in society, just as he also is the inheritor of the truths of democracy. He inherits the prejudices of his community, just as he inherits the evils to which that self-same prejudice condemns him.

He comes into a world he never made, and his impact upon that world will be determined by the use he makes of the large heritage into which he comes at birth.

Much of that inheritance lies in the cultural background his parents have bequeathed him.



East is still East

A FTER an almost aggressive ment in the Nisei's culture, save rejection of their "heritage" for such tidbits as "Truly Lulu," which started life as "Shina No Yoru," a Japanese popular song.

In art the question becomes far more involved. Oriental influences upon Nisei artists can be received directly from the Nisei environ-ment or come to him, sieved through the centuries, in the art of the western world.

Harry Osaki, Pasadena silversmith, does not recall any exposure to Oriental art training, but critics insist his work shows such in-fluences. Does Osaki's ancestry color the critic's judgment? Or is there the further possibility that Osaki's work has achieved the same universal truths of all artists, whatever their place in time?

The Nisei does not transmit things whole and unchanged to the world he inhabits. Abstractionist Nobuo Kitagaki, whose work is far removed from the generally recog-nized art forms of the Orient, nonetheless says that in his collages he tries to capture and interpret the mood of the East.



Oriental Influence? The painter says "yes"

Nor does there seem any real relationship between the dances of Broadway and the stylized dancing of the Japanese. But Michiko Iseri, who dances in "The King and I," incorporated Japanese dance forms in her interpretation of Balinese dances.

"Japanese dancing," Miss Iseri says, "is very modern. It is free and fluid, but coordination is very difficult and cannot be faked. Clothes and costumes make the Japanese dance static and the lines are very much like ballet."

"Today the whole trend is to-ward the east," Miss Iseri says. "You see it everywhere, in furni-ture, architecture, flower arrange-ment and modern art. People are interested in Oriental culture. I have been trying to show western people that Japanese culture and modern and understandable."

Whether or not, in this 20th century, these Japanese influences will remain for any period of time remains to be seen. The flurry of interest in things Japanese is partly social and political, and it may known, and molded into new forms be that if any one individual can to fit the world of today.-M.T.T.



Michiko Iseri

be credited with bringing it about, it is Gen. Douglas MacArthur. It is a strange commentary indeed upon tastes in American culture, that the political climate should dictate one's tastes in art.

But only a few years ago the trend in furniture was toward "Chinese modern." Today even the color "Chinese red" has been aban-doned out of fear for its political connotations.

Meanwhile sukiyaki houses flour. ish, Oriental line and form are emphasized in architecture and design and there is a rush to join classes in Japanese flower arrangement and dancing. Japanese kimonos, put away for the duration, come out of mothballs for display dur-ing "Japan Day" at the local fair.

All of which has sent the Nisei scurrying into his background to discover what latent Japanese influences lie there and the extent of his cultural inheritance.

Henry Sugimoto, New York painter, believes that inheritance is a large one and that the Nisei have also a responsibility to de-

velop it. "Despite the Nisei inheritanee," he says, "there seems to be a feeling of indifference toward art. The fact remains, there must be a drastic turn of events to awaken the dormant artistic interest and to cultivate it. While I was teaching young Nisei and even older folks, I was surprised to find certain individuals who showed outstanding artistic ability. They themselves were overwhelmed at their new findings. My sincere hope is that the Nisei will not allow their sensitive artistic tendency to be overpowered by the modern ma-terialistic pursuits."

Whether or not the Nisei will let modern materialistic pursuits" destroy the artistic elements in their cultural inheritance remains to be seen. What does seem true is this: in the 1940s the Nisei lost and then rediscovered their heritage of art. The 1950s may see the reflowering of that heritage, shaped and fitted by the large new body of experience the Nisei has

HENRY SUGIMOTO

5.

Photo by G. C. Herber

and the islands of the Pacific, it is not wholly a derivative one. The cultural forces transplanted on these shores have been transformed in various ways until we can say with some degree of confidence that we "have an American cul-ture." Placed in an American setting these various foreign cultural heritages have taken on new forms, new meanings, and new ac-cents. Thus, when we speak of a "foreign heritage" the meaning must be set in terms of possible changes that can and do take place in the cauldron of American cul-tural change, with the roots in a foreign culture. Cultural influences from other

lands have entered America through a number of doors. One of the most obvious and important sources has consisted of the "foreigner in our midst." He has come as slave, colonizer, laborer, and immigrant seeking freedom from oppression. He has handed down some of his culture learned elsewhere to his children and to his acquaintances. They in turn have passed parts of this heritage down to their children and acquain-tances until it became integrated into the pattern of culture we have come to call American. Another door through which foreign in-fluences have entered America can be found to be the "native American" who has become aware of the art, politics, religion, business

ways. More specifically the Nise! themselves are inheritors from their parents of a cultural tradition of great significance to their com-munity and to their friends. The Nisei have inherited from their (Continued on page 8)

can culture in many and various

pearance. It is also enmeshed in emotion and acquired attitudes. The general public imputes an Oriental background in the training of every Nisei artist. It is probably in-evitable that singer Tomi Kanazawa should be cast in Puccini's Butterfly, a work that is European in both spirit and execution, and that she should be lauded for her Oriental interpretation of the role. (Probably inevitable, also, was the fact that critics thought her casting as Mimi in La Boheme was strange, despite her excellent rendition of the part.) In music the Nisei seem to have inherited the least from their parents. The music of the east is still an alien ele-



ORIENTAL INFLUENCE? Teapot by Osaki

Citizenship for the Issei WILL THIS BE THE YEAR? WHILE it is impossible to predict in

advance the course of legislation in any given Congress, at this writing prospeets for equality in immigration and naturalization in the forthcoming Second Session of the 82nd Congress, which convenes on January 8th, appear better than ever.

While this may seem to be an expression of cautious optimism, it is based upon some hard realities of political life. which though difficult to define, are nevertheless apparent.

In the first place, the principle we seek of racial equality is incorporated into general omnibus immigration and naturalization bills, and are not separate and distinct items of legislation as heretofore.

During the past four years, we have tried to secure consideration of this principle on its merits; we have sponsored bills like the Judd and Walter measures that specifically featured the elimination of race discrimination as their primary motive. None of these became law, not because there was general opposition to our objectives but because of political factors and considerations which we could not in any way control.

We found latent anti-Japanese prejudice in Congress; we also found that those who opposed the elimination of race discrimination in other fields almost instinctively extended their prejudice to the Japanese; but, most important, we found that since our legislative goals were considered a part of the President's Civil Rights Program, certain congressmen who were opposed to that program more or less automatically included our immigration and naturalization aspirations in their opposition.

In the coming session of Congress, legislation for equality of treatment in immigration and naturalization is not Politics and Prejudice Still Hamper Efforts to Win Naturalization Rights A Report From Mike Masaoka

only one, although an important part, of perhaps a hundred sections which purport to codify and revise in the light of existing world tensions all the immigration, naturalization, and nationality statutes of our nation.

Many of the provisions are already law; others were suggested by the findings of the Kefauver Crime Committee and the McCarran Internal Security Subcommittee, as well as of the Subcommittees. Some of the proposed new sections are more liberal than the present statutes, as, for example, the provisions for racial and sex equality, while some are more restrictive.

The omnibus bill, like most comprehensive legislation, is a compromise between many ideas and viewpoints. It includes items that should commend it to every congressman, although it also contains some provisions that may be objectionable to some. As with most legislation, members of Congress must weigh the bill in its entirety and decide forthemselves whether what they consider to be "good" outweighs what they consider to be "bad."

We believe that the overwhelming majority of Congress will vote for these omnibus bills if given an opportunity.

In the second place, we now appear to have effective leadership in the Senate.

During the past several years, the

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limited to this one principle alone; it is | House has passed the Judd Bill and the Walter Resolution and Bill, the latter resolution and bill unanimously, a total of seven times. But, in every instance except one, when the President vetoed the Walter Resolution because of "security amendments" which had been added in Conference, the Senate refused to concur in the House action.

> In all this time, we were never able to find a senator who was willing to speak out and to "fight" for our measures on the floor.

In the coming session, we are counting on Senator Pat McCarran, Democrat, Nevada, chairman of the Judiciary Committee and sponsor of the omnibus bill that bears his name, to lead the debate for passage. A veteran of 18 years in the Senate, he has earned the reputation of being one of the most successful lawmakers in the country.

In addition, Senator Ernest W. Mc-Farland, Senate Majority Leader and chairman of the Democratic Policy Committee, and Senator Robert A. Taft, chairman of the Republican Policy Committee and known as "Mr. Republican" in Congress, have indicated their sympathetic interest in this legislation.

Finally, the senior senator from California, Republican William F. Knowland, has promised to speak out in favor of our objectives on the floor. This means that for the first time a senator from the State with the most persons of Japanese ancestry and the one to which the Senate has traditionally looked for "guidance" on the "Japanese problem" may actively participate in the behindthe-scenes maneuvering and floor debate in favor of equality of treatment for all Asians and particularly those of Japanese ancestry. Several other west coast senators have also indicated their willingness at long last to publically endorse immigration and naturalization opportunities for the Japanese.

In the House, under the continued leadership of Representative Francis E. Walter, Pennsylvania Democrat who is chairman of the Judiciary Subcommittee on Immigration and Naturalization, sponsor of the compromise omnibus bill, and one, of the most effective legislators in the House, and Walter H. Judd, Minnesota Republican, ranking minority member of the House Foreign Relations Committee and considered the outstanding Far East expert in Congress, no real difficulties are anticipated. In the past, every west coast representative has voted for similar measures and no reason has been advanced for them to withdraw their support.

sibilities for effective leadership in the Senate hint that even this obstacle may be overcome in 1952.

Finally, the companion McCarran -Walter omnibus bills appear to be ready for early consideration when the new Congress meets next month.

Both bills have been unanimously approved by their respective subcommittes and are listed among the first orders of business by both the Senate and House Judiciary Committees. With the chairman of the Senate Committee and the chairman of the Subcommittee on Immigration and Naturalization in the House pressing for early action, the possibilities for quick Committee action next year are highly probable.

If the respective Committees report out the omnibus bills early, there should be ample opportunity to permit floor debate and vote on these measures before the annual legislative logjam develops before adjournment.

Informal and unofficial polls taken of both House and Senate members indicate overwhelming support for our legislative objectives. But, because of the nature of the omnibus bills, they cannot be passed on the unanimous consent calendars in either House.

We feel confident that it will be possible to secure a "Rule" in the House authorizing debate and we are hopeful that with the assurances of Senator Mc-Farland that he will request such permission from the Democratic Policy Committee, floor consideration can be scheduled in the Senate.

An ideal legislative timetable for 1952 would run something like this:

House Judiciary Committee action either on its own McCarran Bill or on the House-passed (we are assuming passage) Walter Bill in March and April, with floor consideration not later than June.

If such a schedule is followed by Congress, the possibilities for enactment into law of equality in immigration and naturalization are relatively good.

But, it is only fair to point out that, even with the prospect's outlined, the chances for any legislation along these lines are rather doubtful. As a matter of record, less than one per cent of the public bills introduced in any Congress become law. The record of bills introduced in one Congress and passed by that same Congress is even more discouraging.

1952 is a presidential election year. In addition to electing the president, the people will have to elect all 435 members of the House and one-third of the Senate or 32 senators. In such years as the next, experience shows that there is a tendency on the part of all such Congresses to adjourn as early as possible in order that the congressmen may spend as much time as they can find electioneering in their own districts or states. Since the national conventions for both major political parties are set for July in Chicago, an effort is already under way to adjourn by the end of June. If Congress follows its usual pattern of every four years, it will try to confine or limit its consideration of legislation to as few bills as possible-appropriations, taxes, defense, etc. In election years, politicians often practice the theory that the fewer statutes that are placed on the books the less the criticism. All this could mean that regardless of what we may do the omnibus bills can be lost in the "shuffle" to consider only the most important of the "must" items.

JACL Chapter reports by Lily A. Okura, K. Ashida, Grace Oshima, Michi Ando, Mary Kanetomo, Mas Oshiki, Miyo Shitamae, Susy Kunihiro, Bill Yoden, Matilde Taguchi, Roy Yoshida, Phil Matsumura, Takashi Ishizue, Toni Ushio, Eiko Narita, Tom Morioka, Grace Oikawa, Doris Fujioka, Mary Kasahara and others.

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It has always been the Senate that has been the "stumbling block," but pos-



Legislative Director, ADC

This is what happens to most legislation and is our greatest concern.

The current investigations of scandal in government may carry over until the new session, with most representatives and senators engaged in various investigations or in writing legislation to prevent further corruption in public office. This will consume the time of the lawmakers and reduce the amount of hours they can spend on other matters. (Continued on page 5)

The Heritage: Art THEY MADE BEAUTY LIVE

MY ACQUAINTANCE with the Japa-nese began in Oregon, my native state, soon after I was graduated from the university and opened a book and art store. Several Japanese importers supplied me with beautiful merchandise, giving illuminating glimpses of their culture. Then at the Alaska-Yukon exposi-



tion in Seattle, I saw, for the first time, Japanese water color painters at work; two of them returned with me to Eugene, and for three weeks they painted pictures in my store windows. The public responded with sincere interest and delight, and purchased hundreds of pictures for a few

Allen H. Eaton

cents each. Later I taught art appreciation at the University. One rainy day a pupil, Jo Tominaga, and I waited in a classroom for the shower to slacken so we could go home-Jo at his drawing board, I look-

ing over students' papers. "Jo," I said, "the rain on this skylight reminds me of our farm home where we children sleeping in the attic loved to listen to the sound of raindrops on the roof."

Jo did not respond or look up-but after a long silence said, "It reminds me of home, too. My father was a workman, and we lived in a neighborhood of out of door laborers. He built our house and made a special garden on our plot of stony ground. Then he collected the leftover stones, and piled them in rows along the edge of the house below the eaves. On rainy days, when the neighbors could not work, he would call them in and they would make poems to the music of the rain falling from the roof to the stones below."

I never forgot that story of Jo's. It came back poignantly when, early in 1942, our government issued the order which put more than one-tenth of a million persons of Japanese ancestry behind barbed wire. Radio commentators and newspaper columnists suddenly seemed to lose their heads, and partly because of them, a large portion of the American public became more and more confused. A low point in the deliberate campaign of vituperation was reached by a governor of one of our western states, who said in a public speech: "A good solution to the Jap problem ... would be to send them back to Japan, then sink the island. They live like rats, breed like rats, and act like rats." As soon as I could, I went to the Director of the War RelocationAuthority in Washington, and outlined a plan-that an exhibition of handicrafts be circulated in the relocation camps, containing objects made by Americans of foreign birth-it would suggest to the evacuees that our nation is made up of people from many homelands, and that many Americans appreciated the richness and variety they contributed to our culture. Such an exhibition, I felt, would help overcome language barriers, giving to these evacuees a sense of relatedness to friendly people outside; another important thing-it might encourage some to ease their mental strain by making things with their own hands. Although the Director liked the idea, the Authority could not undertake it, because appropriations towards the arts would certainly be condemned as coddling by hysterical people ever waiting to shoot. But if I could organize and finance such an exhibition, he said, WRA would back it up. After several unsuc-



The desert yielded little vegetation, but out of its sparse offerings the women of Rohwer made exquisite flower arrangements and miniature gardens.

Desert WRA Camps Did Not Keep The Issei From Expressing Their Inborn Love for the Beautiful

An Appreciation by Allen H. Eaton

the time; but I kept up contact with friends in several of the centers.

One morning a package arrived from the camp at Jerome, Arkansas. It contained pebbles picked up from the new gravel roads there, which someone had patiently polished into perfect spheres, so that figures, colors and veining revealed unexpected beauties as the pieces were turned in the light. Soon another surprise came from Poston, Arizona-a tiny bird carved out of wood and painted, followed shortly by three exquisite embroideries from Heart Mountain. Arkansas, Arizona, Wyoming-what was going on? I soon found out.

The Japanese, on their own initiative, had begun things for themselves; they were doing the very thing I had wanted to encourage, and doing it better than I had imagined possible. Furthermore, they were planning exhibitions for all the centers. News also came that barren camps were gradually being transformed into attractive homes and communities. A fine innate culture was coming to the surface. How could this story be told to the world? It needed to be told. When I tried by correspondence to get photographs, they said evacuees were not allowed to take photographs. Finally, in 1945, the last year of the camps' existence, I decided to see for myself what was taking place. I visited five of the centers, and sent photographers and assistants into the others. Results were better, even than I had expected.

ship, I was forced to drop the project for | his piece of cloth and silk thread supply among 12, and started embroidery classes. His star pupil, from over 600, was a woman whose hands were rough from years of continuous toil in the fields. Women at Rhower unravelled gunnysacks to make rugs.

> Everyone who had flower seeds along planted them. In the meantime, hundreds began making artificial flowers, for it seems the Japanese cannot live without flowers. After they were allowed to go outside the barbed wire enclosures, they collected sagebrush, cattails and willow branches, which adapted readily to "Heaven, Earth and Man" arrangements.

> Never before were such gardens made. A Gila resident surrounded a roughhewn stone lantern with transplanted cactus. Mr. Kogita of Minidoka wanted a rock garden. So, out of old packing crates, with a piece of water pipe for axle, he built a hand cart for

the desert, but Mr. Kogita was a patient man.

A camp cook looked at the woodpile and visualized decorative carvings for mess hall walls; a devout resident envisioned a Buddhist house temple; others saw in it small bird carvings, or maybe mail boxes, or doorway name plates.

Their curiosity was a magic divining rod. Peering into swamps and scanning the desert, they found strange, nature. carved wood and stone pieces. Searching for fossils, they came upon ancient lake beds full of interesting shells; seeking semiprecious stones, they discovered the eighth largest meteorite in our country. They sculptured ironwood, carved slate, painted documentaries, dwarfed greasewood.

For tranquility and poise they practiced their ancient art of tea ceremony. They tamed wild birds, formed poetry 80cieties, staged plays and recitals, celebrated childrens' days. And in all the camps, honored Gold Star mothers with ceremonies.

How to account for this unprecedent. ed flowering of the arts under circumstances which seemed least conducive, and through people whose former employment, almost without exception, was in no way related to the things which they here did with such grace, and often perfection? The answer must be that the arts have always been an inseparable part of Japanese life and culture, even under the humblest circumstances.

It was my intention to purchase objects in all the camps for an exhibition to be circulated throughout the country, but I found that few of the craftsmen had any intention of selling them; they were saving them as "going away gifts," or to send them to friends outside camp, or just to keep in the family. To the point of embarrassment, they offered to give me things, but not to sell them. I wished many times that that governor had come along with me.

*

It is good to live in a country where, when the government makes a mistake, every citizen is free in his own way to try and help correct it. As I recall the experiences in these camps and my visits with Issei, who were so largely responsible for the order, beauty and discipline in their blocks, I wonder when we will honor them-and in so doing honor ourselves-by extending to them the privileges of citizenship.

The year of 1952, the tenth anniversary of the evacuation, would seem to me about perfect; I hope we will be wise

This story I believe to be one of the most remarkable chapters in the whole history of the human arts.

Crowded into bleak tar paper barracks, usually in areas of desolation, the Japanese began immediately to create beauty in their surroundings - almost literally out of nothing, for store supplies were not to be had.

Mrs. Ninomiya, arriving at Amache during a typical sandstorm, decided to make beauty out of that sand, and so created the camp's first bonkei-minature tray landscape. There was a stirring of excitement in her block, and before long cessful efforts to get financial sponsor- she had 92 pupils. Mr. Nagahama divided

hauling rocks. It took a week to dislodge enough and just enough to take advan-"Stove-pipe Rock," his prize piece, from tage of it.



The Kogita garden at Minidoka sprang from the lava rock characteristic of the area, but month by month the growing plants covered more of the tarpapered barrack.

The Heritage: Strength LOOK TO TOMORROV "He is truly valiant that can suffer

The worst wrongs that man can breathe;

And make his wrongs his outsides: To wear them like his rainment. carelessly;

And never prefer his injuries to his heart,

To bring it into danger."

WHEN SHAKESPEARE wrote the above, he did not have the American Nisei and their parents in mind, but he might well have had.

It occurs to me that very few of us Caucasians realize the stature of the every day bravery and courage of these people-one of America's most significant minorities.

They set a high example for all Americans.

In fact, there are many of us in these uncertain days of fear and war who need just such examples to keep our own Occidental feet and eyes set straight ahead of us-as we climb our ins dividual mountains of trial and trouble in our search for the sunlit valleys of



Beatrice Griffith

peace and prosperity which we hope to find on the other side of the mountain. Offhand, I think of several friends whose courage is an example Shakespeare might have envisioned had he been able to telescope time and space in the 17th century.

Similar examples are found, it should be remembered, in all groups of people who live on the sharp edge of prejudice. It so happens that the Nisei and their parents seem to have a preponderant number of them, which is almost axiomatic when one considers the circumstances and the individual qualities of the persons involved. It's a mixture that is hard to beat for courage any day of the week.

First, there comes to my mind a distinguished looking old gentleman, whom I had the pleasure of meeting some months ago. At the time of the evacuation he saw his produce business (valto an enthusiastic competitor.

"Let the Past be Thrown Out With the Water," the Issei Said

By Beatrice W. Griffith

the water. We look to tomorrow." I have | So it was that he walked away having gency of personal danger.

Although they themselves were denied the privilege of becoming American citizens, these Issei fathers saw to it that their sons bore names made famous in American history. So it was that west coast school teachers began to receive "A" papers bearing such names as Edison Uno, Lincoln Yamada, Wilson Yamaguchi, and Gompers Saijo. (Any reference to living persons is purely coincidental-with the exception of my friends Edison and Gompers-and will, I hope, be forgiven.)

It was youngsters with names such as these, who years ago began to receive honors in high schools and colleges throughout the country, winning oratorical contests on the Constitution and the Bill of Rights. They also forged ahead in their school careers to be elected student body class presidents, as attractive Jeanne Yamada did when she was elected student body president of Roosevelt High School in Los Angeles.

Frequently people knowing the Nisei used to say to themselves, "why, they're more American than we are!" But there was often an unbelieving laugh-conveying the idea that they were just imitating our ways and remained "inscrutably Oriental" underneath.

The last ten years have debunked that notion, however. They are as American as the flag they defended to prove their loyalty. It was the Nisei sons who later volunteered from behind the barbed wire of the camps to go out and fight for the country that put them there, who, together with members of the Japanese American Citizens League, adopted the motto "Better Americans in a greater America" during the war days-after having over-subscribed the War Bond drives in these camps.

One such Nisei hero, who returned from the war (after having spent three years in an Army hospital) came home with an artificial leg, a silver star, and ued at \$250,000) auctioned off for \$2,000 a 100 per cent disability incurred from serving with the famed 442nd Regiment-When I met him he was working as al Battalion. Despite his honors and ina night shift cook in a downtown Los juries, when he came back he was denied the opportunity of buying a nome by 15 Los Angeles real estate agents. Finally, when Frank did find a home, he encountered another rebuff. The title officer of a title and trust company told him bluntly he "wouldn't do business with a damn Jap."

never forgotten his daily example of attained both respect and the necessary bravery, often more difficult to maintain papers. His courage was accompanied by than the heroics of battle with the ur- a profound dignity and faith in himself —and in tomorrow.

The third example of high courage in everyday life that comes to my mind is that of the alert teen-age boy-one of several members of a Los Angeles YMCA club, who ubliquitously call themselves the "Wombats" and wear the name emblazoned on their natty satin athletic jackets.

This is the courage that thousands of youngsters found themselves called upon to use, every hour upon their return to their homes in American communities as strangers.

Sitting in my home on the floor one evening, having a spirited yet thoughtful "bull session," they told me "how it was" and what they wanted to do "from now on."

They were among the boys and girls who were understandably bewildered at finding themselves-American citizensplaced in desert and midwest concentration camps, while German and Italian aliens were allowed to remain in their homes. They had left their homes and farms as the government asked them to do-not without bitterness, certainly, but quite without hysteria. It was the Caucasians who were in a frenzy.

And so it is that, as Caucasians, we cannot escape the responsibility we incurred when we placed these citizens in guarded camps, and when we applied to a people for the first time the Nazi-like doctrine of inherited racial enmity.

It would seem exceedingly worth while, then, to trace the forces of the American spirit in the Nisei sons and daughters, as they push for existence among us, believing in our traditions and country, hoping the same hopes, dreaming the same dreams-and under practical and emotional tensions far tougher than the majority of Americans ever have to face.

But to get back to the "Wombats"and the teen-age dream of one lad.

Each boy there was frank and courageous, and of course they were thoroughly "hep," as one boy said in speaking of agreement until another Congress. the evacuation.

knew that these boys and others like them would hold to their dreams even in an uncertain future-drums, milk shakes and all! They would be as American in their lives as the young American Nisei officer in Japan who daily calls the square dances over the radio, so that thousands of Japanese in factories, homes and schools can brush up on their "do-si-do" in Tokio.

The unexpected force of the Nisei spirit and loyalty, after our own injustice, means that their conscious vision of what America represents must be clearer and possibly stronger than that of many other Americans. Practically, as well as spiritually, it would be good to know what of our tenets has bred the strength of conviction that is bringing the Nisei through the vicissitudes caused by those of us who ignored our traditional American justice.

It is as Sam Ishikawa says. "With war we dreamed of that kind of America that would give all men a decent chance, and to provide that opportunity we worked and fought to prove our faith in the essential goodness and fairness of America's people. If we can show we are accepted as individuals, we are refuting the racists' arguments and proving that democracy does function. And since the war, we have proved that it does, for democracy is in the hearts of the American people."

It was with this knowledge and faith that the Japanese American Citizens League chose as their motto during the war years, "Better Americans in a Greater America."

It is a motto all of us might well engrave on our hearts to live by as we, together with the Nisei and all other Americans of different races and creeds, hopefully join them and look to tomorrow for peace, strength and well being as proof that democracy is in the hearts of the American people.

Masaoka Report

(Continued from page 3) The crisis in Korea and the problems of mutual defense and security throughout the world will also demand much of the time that is available for congressional consideration of general legislative concern. Lessening of world tensions would help this situation but most indications point to increasing difficulties in containing the communist threat. Nonemergency legislation such as the omnibus bill may be deferred by general

Again, in order to avoid controversial "Sure, man, everything was all man- issues that might tend to further divide the rank and file membership, as well as leadership, of the two major parties, "civil rights" and other legislation that might provoke real acrimony may be postponed. While the omnnibus bills are not "civil rights" measures in themselves, many of their sections have to do with this highly inflammable field. Then too, there is always the possibility that opponents of the omnibus approach may insist upon further study of the measures, which could effectively defer consideration of these bills in 1952. All in all, it might be said in summary that while the odds for congressional approval of the McCarran-Walter Omnibus Immigration and Naturalization Bill are definitely against us, as they are for any proposed statute, the prospects of overcoming the odds and securing enactment are better than ever. At the same time, it should be remembered that we are exploring other methods of securing these same objectives-administratively, through incorporation into special treaties, and even legislatively through other approaches. 1952 can well be the year when we shall attain equality in immigration and naturalization. And we are pledged to do our utmost to secure these privileges which are our just due.

Angeles restaurant.

He was one of many Issei who, at an average age of 65, when they returned from the evacuation camps with their businesses, homes and savings gone, had to start over again to build new lives, working long hours as cooks, gardeners, and laborers.

It took all this courage-as well as vision and imagination- to cope with the tremendous problems they faced in adjusting their lives after the return from what Dr. Eugene V. Rostow of Yale University calls "our worst wartime mistake," when "one hundred thousand persons were sent to concentration camps on a record that wouldn't support a conviction for stealing a dog."

They had tremendous problems, such as when their picture-bride wives, faced with the economic nceessity for earning money upon their return broke family tradition and went to work in garment factories, a situation further complicated when the same wives occasionally joined other women in picket lines outside the factory gates.

When I asked my fry-cook friend if his experiences had made him bitter, he smiled and shook his head, answering briefly, "Let the past be thrown out with spect and attention of the title official.

But Frank Fujino knew what he had fought for, and high on that list, which did not include mom's apple pie, was a home for the Fujino family.

So Frank sat down to wait in the waiting room of the title company. He waited seven hours.

But since his patience and hope were stronger than the bitterness and bigotry of the official, he won that battle, too. Eventually the seven hours were at an end, and he walked out the door with the deed to his new home in his pocket. He too, being valiant, wore his rai-

ment carelessly and never preferred his injuries to his heart. He proved that prejudice cuts deeper into the one who uses it-and who is thereby weakenedthan it does the one against whom it is used, who, on the contrary, grows stronger.

He also proved that he had won his place in the American sun for all time, and with the best American sense of justice he was determined to win the re-

gled up with us Buddaheads. In our family we lost our farm and house and our dog and my new bicycle. But my dad says we got to throw that old book away and begin another. We'll hit it again. We're getting homes, cars and education; but for some it's real rugged."

Just how rugged life had been and how deep the emotional scars had grown one knew in talking with each boy.

As the young "Wombat" continued talking, he said: "It's good now not to scrunch down inside you and to hold your head up when you see some Americans on the street, and to walk real proudjust like you had a bunch of milk shakes inside you. Then, when you look at 'em, it don't matter what they think. Anyway, things are going to be better for us Buddaheads in the future-like my dad says. And I got a bunch of plans when I get out of high school. I'm going to own a music store and sell drums, and be American like anybody else. My dad wants me to go to college. But I want to sell drums and own a music store. He scolds me lots. He beats me with his words. But someday things will be all right again. I tell him us Buddaheads won't have to go to college to sell vegetables and flowers."

As I talked with the "Wombats," I



Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto, Architect

(Editor's Note: Aiji Tashiro is an architect and landscape engineer in Hickory, N.C. and knows whereof he speaks in the accompanying article. His work includes the designing of build-ings at Appalachian State Teachers College in North Carolina. On the lighter side he has played semi-pro baseball and was a var-sity basketball man at college.)

N THE PERIOD of Japanese architectural history which Professor Hideto Kishida referred to as the Protohistoric Age, a worthy by name of Socrates was engaged in entangling various citizens of the contemporary civilization of Athens into making definitions. Under his prodding, they admitted that their definitions had exceptions and these they elaborated upon until the or-

were of Japanese ancestry. The word "oddly" is inserted for the reason that, among his Nisei contemporaries, the Nisei architect or landscape architect is regarded as one who somehow managed to make good in spite of his Japa-nese ancestors rather than one who made good because of them.

This archaic viewpoint may be a throwback to the "Yeslerway" at-titude of the twenties when graduation with academic honors from a university of the Pacific coast, meant donning a white apron to dispense garden produce raised by more astute contemporaries who had not troubled to acquire the questionable advantages of a technical education. And even at that period, this economic dilemma was more or less self-inflicted, for there was no law then as now, that Nisei were compelled to attend universities on the coast, or to limit their field of prospective employment to that region.

Within the past year, a Nisei architect was selected to design one of the largest slum clearance projects in the United States. What has taken place in the past two decades and a half to bring about such changes?

If it is true that Japanese archi-If it is true that Japanese archi-tecture has undergone great changes from the Buddhist Temples of the Asuka Period 552 A.D. to the Tokuda Building and Nihon Dental School of twentieth cen-tury Tokyo, and Japanese land-scape architecture has progressed radically since Muso Kohushi ex-ercised his design talents in the early fourteenth century, far

CAFE

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greater changes have taken place in the past twenty five years.

in the past twenty live years. Japanese architecture and land-scape architecture have been trans-formed to a new soil. It is quite possible what we are witnessing now is not a sudden emergence of talent and ability but a continua-tion of a tradition that has its m tion of a tradition that has its an-cestry in the sixth century.

Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto will deny this emphatically and main-tain that his success is due to his B.S. University of Illinois and his M.A. Harvard. He will insist that he is as remote from the Pagda of Muro-ji Temple as his swak office in Capital City is from Tokyo. In a way, he is right. Although the slow but unswerving trend of contemporary design taught in the schools that blessed him with his schools that blessed him with his degrees, is toward the clean-cut simple design that his ancestors had worked out centuries ago, it will be some time before he and his fellow practitioneers are able to grasp and master the ability to create compositions of harmony and balance with nature's ma-terials, with the same skill possess-ed by the Japanese people. Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto has achieved quite a reputation for

achieved quite a reputation for functional design. His dislike of several clients who referred to him with well meaning intent as "that clever Jap architect of mine" was mitigated somewhat by their ex-tolling his discovery that naturally weathered wood was a simple and refined material for their new residence.

And for the muggy climate of Capital City, he had convinced them there was nothing like a wide roof overhanging to permit leaving the windows open during a rain. He denies that these trademarks of his office have any similarity to ancient Japanese customs based on similar adaptations to environ-ment. He will admit however, on questioning that in one of his lab courses, a quite prejudiced pro-fessor who was quite gone on Oriental architecture, had pointed out that the wide overhangs on Ja-panese dwellings did keep out sum-mer sun and admit the sum in winter.

Like other architects, Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto projects his talents into related fields. In the period when flamboyant wall paper and bold colors marked the fad in intariou documention his own wild interior decoration, his own buildings are distinguished by simpli-ity and restraint. His color schemes are described by many, as having an Oriental touch, a description that he seemed to resent. The floor coverings bear a remarkable resemblance to the green Japanese tatami and Capital City still credits him with the popularity of bamboo screens and matting. He is quick to point out, however, that he had never been in the Orient. In the field of landscape archi-

(Continued on page 7)

GREETINGS

Mrs. George Fujii Joyce Hagio Frank Harada Fumi Harada Amey Harada Kay Harada Mrs. Kay Harada Warren Hasegawa Paul Higashi Mrs. Paul Higashi Dave Hoki Mrs. Dave Hoki Shig Hoki Mits Hoki Sadako Hoki Ken Hoshida Yoshiko Ikegami Yukio Isaki Leo Iseki Mrs. Leo Iseki Yukus Inouye Mrs. Yukus Inouye

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Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto, Architect

(Continued from page 6)

tecture, Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto ostered a controversy among three eading schools of landscape archileading schools of landscape archi-tecture by pointing out that he had thrown way the axis and axial design. Called on to justify his views by the editor of a profession-al quarterly, he explained that inal quarterly, ne explained that in-asmuch as landscape compositions are not necessarily viewed from one point, they should be equally appealing from whatever point they were viewed. In this, he unknowingly concurred with a principle worked out in the seventeenth century gardens of his ancestors. Last but not least, his sulking gave his wife no little concern when someone mentioned the fact when someone mentioned the fact that his success in making small spaces appear large was due to his study of "Shakkei" or borrow-ed scenery, in which he created the effect of distance by combining the decreative alements of his the decorative elements of his gardens with outdoor scenic features.

Out of fairness to Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto, let it be said that these innovations and un-usual approaches to problems in design, were mere coincidences with ancient Japanese concepts, and he was not guilty of plagiarism. If he turned out beautiful details of sliding doors and united gardens and terraces with the interiors of his buildings, it was because he was closer to these things than his Caucasian contemporaries in the profession. In his case, the past which was furnishing the inspiration for the present, stretch-ed out unbroken behind him for

over thirteen hundred years. It is a lamentable fact that Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto thinks of his success as due primarily to his own efforts to adapt himself to his environment rather than to his heritage. But no matter how vigorously the egg disclaims the chicken, the chicken lurks in the back-ground to associate itself with the

Until a few more generations can change his countenance, he will be blessed with a reputation for appreciating natural beauty and for being able to create that beauty. His reputation as a craftsman possessing the patience and skill to develop new camellias or

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A Joyful Holiday Season

cannot escape. The day that he first opened his office he began to reap benefit of this reputation passed on to him from across the Pacifc.

Pacifc. While his ancestors for the most part cultivated their gardens with the gnarled dwarfed pine, the dozen stones, the single chrysan-themum strictly for their own aesthetic pleasure, Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto, in spite of many argu-ments with himself, produces beauty for more than its own sake. The little Tsugomotos require Hop-The little Tsugomotos require Hopolong Cassidy suits, television sets and Lionel trains while Mrs. Tsugomoto yens for a ranch house with a Buick station-wagon. The odds are all in favor of his being a great success.

America, in the past, has lived America, in the past, has lived up to its reputation for being a land of prodigious waste. There was much to waste in the way of natural resources. The land was big, plentiful and cheap. The prob-lem in design was to show clear-ly the hand of man in the presence of nature. This was accomplished both in her architecture and in both in her architecture and in her landscapes by formal plan-ning on the grand manner, with fertile fields for inspiration and copying to be found on the Euro-pean Continent.

The age of the grand plan saw huge forests whacked away for questionable man-made views. There was no need to create when there was so much to copy. Chateaux, Colonial mansions, the

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TEMPLE PHARMACY

to carve figurines is something he | gardens of Italy and England were all adaptable to a land where acreage was plentiful. Gradually the wide open spaces became few and far between. Land costs sky-rocketed, working hours shorten-ed, leisure demanded privacy and big incomes vanished. It is here that Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto and his counterparts step-into one scene.

scene. In utilizing space be it indoors or outdoors, his ancestors had no peer. He has definite ties to a past that is so adaptable to the present. Time will tell if Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto will adapt him-self to the opportunities before him or if he will repudiate h is background and copy all the aim-less fetishes of red wood, crab or-chard stone, flat roofs, and other remarkable cliches that his educa-tion has furnished. It is possible that the thirteen hundred years behind him is something that ended at Yeslerway or "Little Tokyo" in Los Angeles. Los Angeles.

There are those who maintain that all Armenians are natural born writers and Saroyan was not an exceptional case. They will maintain that all Hebrews are endowed with the astute business acuman of Baruch.

If this be true Carroll Tewkes Tsugomoto, in spite of his efforts to achieve success on his own merits rather than because of his ancestry, will be frustrated by the abilities which he inherit-ed. Only Carroll Tewkes Tsugo-moto knows, but he has no time for philosophical thought.

He is in the midst of designing a dozen residences in the contemporary manner for certain clients who over cocktails are referring to him quite proudly as "My Jap architect."



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The Heritage: Art Harry Osaki, Silversmith

FOR HARRY AYAO OSAKI there can be no compromise with time. He is the only silversmith in the United States whose work is entirely hand-crafted, and as such, it has been exhibited in 38 museums in the past four years, been accepted by the Museum of Modern Art in New York City and been shown in the leading cities of Europe.

beings and works at the same comparable speed. The average silversmith turns out eight or nine spoons a day. Osaki's agile hands can turn out thirty.

Most startling fact of all is that this Pasadena Nisei, whose work is considered some of the best in the country, happened to take up silversmithing only half a dozen years ago.

The temptation to call Osaki a natural born silversmith is great, but must be tempered by the realization that actually Osaki is a man of tremendous and varied abilities. In 1945 he took up sculture. In the next two years this Nisei phenomenon had picked up four prizes for his wood and stone pieces

In college days he was national



HARRY OSAKI

But Osaki can afford to take this rather high-handed attitude toward time. He learns several times faster than most human

> intercollegiate archery champion, and a member of the varsity golf team. He is a kendo expert (with shodan rating) and was captain of his basketball team and a tennis champ in high school.

> Osaki was born July 16, 1916 in Fowler, Calif., one of a family of seven children. He went to grammar school and high school in Fowler, but from that point on it was a long hard stretch. He worked out the depression years as a farm laborer at 15 cents an hour, picking grapes, peaches and other fruit near Fresno. From 1935 till '38 he was a contractor for tractor work for plowing, discing, scraping and leveling land.

> In 1938 he entered Fresno State college, majoring in agriculture. In 1940, still intent on learning about farming, he entered Wash-ington State College at Pullman, studying there until the time of the evacuation. He was not to get his degree until 1947, though when he did it was finally in fine arts he did, it was finally in fine arts.

> In the spring of 1942 Harry left school to return home to Fresno, where his family was living, to help straighten out some family property matters in anticipation of the evacuation.

Since his family lived two miles east of U.S. 99, they were in Zone B and were evacuated directly to the Gila relocation center, on Aug. 21, 1942 missing the assembly center phase of the evacuation. In the spring of the following year Osaki volunteered for the 442nd

He came through the war unscathed. Not even his rank was touched. He was still a private when he received his honorable discharge in June of 1944.

Osaki claims now that his army life was the best thing that

could have happened to him. He developed an allergy and was hospitalized (he was discharged because of hay fever) and it was then he found his work. He met an army officer who got him into occupational therapy teaching leatherwork and other crafts to wounded soldiers. In the course of his work he met a number of artists, and their work spurred his imagination. It was thus he decided to get into some field of art.

The GI bill had not yet become law, though everyone seemed to anticipate its passage. Osaki figured that if he went back to Gila, he would have the time and freedom to devote himself to studying art.

So it was that Harry Osaki, honorably discharged from the Army, went back to the Gila WRA center where time was an unimportant factor, where he wouldn't be on-der pressure and where he could devote 16 to 18 hours a day to art. He concentrated on building miniature ships and stagecoaches. He produced seventeen minature ships Constitution, (Frigate Yankee Clippers, etc.) and a number of stagecoaches (Overland, Tally Ho, etc.), selling some and giving others away to friends.

By 1945 he had decided to become a sculptor. He had heard of Merrill Gage, sculptor and pro-fessor at the University of Solth-ern California, whom he now con-siders the finest instructor in the country.

Studying under Gage, Osaki en-tered a number of competitions. He took first prize at Exposition Park in Los Angeles in 1946, first prize for a torso in a San Joaquin competition in the same year, first prize for a torso in San Joaquin county in 1947 and second prize in a Pasadena exhibit in 1950. He works in wood and stone.

While at USC he also took a jewelry course at night, since, as he says, life is short and he wants combat team and went to Camp to learn everything possible. He Shelby and then overseas. learned silversmithing and liked it.

And thus Harry Ayao Osaki became an artist in silver. He considers that silversmithing is a happy compromise between scul-ture (the public "brands" it, he happy says) and creative thinking. His ability to work rapidly has

been a major factor in his success, but he still had to turn down 32 wholesale accounts in the last year alone. His manual dexterity is aided by his instinctive knack for measurements, rather like perfect pitch in a musician. He can turn out thirty spoons a day because he doesn't have to take time to measure.

Meanwhile, his beautiful silver pieces continue to be shown at major museums throughout the country. Silversmiths are usually "invited to show" by museums, which is considered recognition in itself, and Osaki seldom enters competitive exhibitions. He did, however, win first prize at the last State Fair competition in arts and crafts at Sacramento. His work was a silver serving piece.

Recognition was given him by the State Department when he was asked to exhibit his work at the Little World's Fair in Haiti in 1950, the International Exposition. But his first big recognition came in 1949 at the Detroit Museum. Of 200 silversmiths in the country, three were selected to show their work. Of the three Osaki was given the largest showing.

Osaki's silver work is characterized by beautiful simplicity of line. He has never studied Oriental art, but his friends contend there is a definite Oriental designed a scroll pattern on silver flatware which he was

Simplicity of line and beauty of form characterize the silver work of Harry Osaki, Pasadena Nisei whose silver has been exhibited in close to 40 museums since he took up the art only six years ago.

> positive was European in design. Yet experts swear that it is Oriental.

He believes that craftsmen, however, have this in common with artists of the past—love of work for itself, the need of time to live and think. His moments at the work table are "moments greatly lived."

Osaki is married to the former Rei Kihara, whom he first met some ten years ago on the University of Idaho campus, where she got her law degree in 1943. Former-

(Continued on page 2-A)



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Saturday, December 22, 1951



HARVEST

By Shiro Matsumoto

Basking under the September sun Grapes sweet and succulent On green vines that stretch into rows Of endess marching symmetry While bees in undisciplined array Go melodiously hopping about

Converging with rolled blankets on backs To pick this seasonal crop Are hands eager to fill The hungry margin of the year Leaving behind A singular hot-plate by a brass bed Slow moving shanties beside a highway

And a book closed on an academic quote While waiting emptily On railway sidings are freightcars Cutglass bowls on clean tablecloth

And tender little hands little hands

The fields boil with activity As an economic phase is in gear

The tattoo of the sun numbs bowed heads To be only temporarily cooled By Saturday night in town With a

Double featured movie in the cinema Egg-foo-young and a bowl of rice The strain of a saxophone slants out of a bar And eager steps go up a narrow stairway To be greeted by a perfumed voice With eyes only looking towards a silver cloud Still in a crystal sky

And all fades from a symphony Into a tune on a phonograph in the 5 & 10

The grey dawn with its inertia Pushes onto sidewalks Heavy garbage cans And the smell of hot coffee

Rolled up blankets are loaded Into Greyhound buses And the vineyards are left strewn in silence



(Continued from page 1-A) ly of Wapato, Wash., Mrs. Osaki was with a government agency in Chicago for some time. Osaki met his wife, incidentally, while he was in a golf match between WSC and Idaho as a member of the varsity golf team. He shot in the low 70s with a 4 handicap, but of late hasn't had time to play.

They were married in 1947 and are the parents of a son, Dale Kihara Osaki, 17-months-old.

hara Osaki, 17-months-old. With little time for hobbies (Osaki teaches a class in silversmithing in Pasadena city schools and has a number of faculty at teachers studying with him), Osaki nevertheless manages to serve as a scoutmaster for Troop 41 in Pasadena. He was a passionate scouter in his youth, attaining the rank of Eagle Scout. He still remembers that at that time there were 106 merit badges available, and that he won 103 of them. He missed out on skiing, Indian lore and coin collecting.



Osaki's interest in sculpture is almost as recent as his interest in silver, but a number of his works have already won prizes in state shows. The head above was awarded 1st prize in 1946 in a show at Los Angeles Exposition Park.

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SIXTH ANNUAL

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Denver, Colorado

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American Bowling Congress Women's International Bowling Congress

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Saturday, December 22, 1951



THE BUSENEDY BUSENE



A Grandmother's Story: YEAR OF OPPORTUNITY

A FIRST the word was very obvious to me. When the men referred to someone as a "schoolboy," I had a definite picture. He was a little boy going to school. But as I listened I became confused. A schoolboy was grown man who worked for his room and board plus a small pay. He could be attending a grammar school for several hours a day or week. I guess the name isn't too far fetched after all. We Isse wanted to learn the English language. We learned it in the American homes as well as in the classes. We learned everywhere.

Everybody in our circle was education-conscious. We firmly be-lieved that with a fluent tongue and pen the golden door would be pened for us.

There was our neighbor, Saka-moto-san, who was a character to remember. He was one of the oldest of the group and the most intel-ligent. "Education is the thing, folks!" he would tell us almost nightly. "If you wish to go far you must study and educate yourself. Become a scholar, that's it."

"I want no education. Moneythat's the thing that makes the world pleasant for me," one of the farmhands would retort. "The time you spend on books is wasted. Turn it into money; make every minute pay now-not for the future.'

"You will remain a laborer all your life, young man," Sakamoto would warn him, shaking his head. "Here in America, everyone has an equal chance. Why, here anybody can become the president of the United States. But to be a pres-ident you must be educated and brilliant.

"Don't fib, Sakamoto. Talk sense," the skeptical one would taunt.

Then Sakamoto-san would scrape

Two More Tales of the Issei From the Pen of Toshio Mori

Why shouldn't they become prominent Americans since they're of the old stock, you say? Look, then, at our outstanding men from the

at our outstanding men from the immigrant group... Edward Bok, Michael Pupin, Carl Schurz." "Pooh!" the skeptical one would cry. "That's classroom talk. You believe in that drivel? You're a big fool!"

Again Sakamoto-san would pull "My sons — listen, young man. They're Japanese, yes, but they are at the head of the class. Would they be placed at the top if they

did not deserve it?" "Ho-ho," the other would laugh heartily. "That's still in the classheartily. "That's still in the class-room. Let them go out in the world with scholastic honors and see where they land! Diplomas will be worth a dime a dozen."

Sakamoto-san would sputter indignantly and push his chair some more. "If the diplomas become that cheap it'll mean that everyone will be educated but you. The ignorant and illiterate will be dominated by the brilliant and clever men."

have to be brainy and smart to make money, and money buys brilliant and clever men!"

· Once more Sakamoto-san would bounce his chair forward till his knees touched his opponent's.

"Ouch! You're stepping on my pes," his opponent would cry toes," painfully.

The group would break out with a burst of laughter, fully know-ing Sakamoto-san's habit. But

sure. Benjamin Franklin, George Washington, Walt Whitman, Thomas Jefferson—all great men. Why shouldn't they become prome classes.

Did I ever tell you that your grandpa attended the English class hoping to become fluent. I too attended the same class for some time. Our teacher was a faded sort of a woman who liked to read literature. She wanted to become a writer and had been struggling along for a number of years. At the time I thought to be a writer was an awesome honor. The very sight of her made me breathless.

At one time we studied Shake-speare. I think our teacher called him the greatest playwright and her favorite. I let it go at that because I understood nothing about his plays. The way Miss Marvin, that's our teacher, loved him so much made one hesitant to ask questions as to why he was the greatest.

Our class heaved a relieved sigh when we managed to finish Shakespeare but one day while Miss Marvin was conducting a lesson in grammar, she suddenly called on your grandpa.

men." "Take care, Sakamoto," the skeptic would shout. "You don't have to be busine and monthly the formation of the second shout." "You don't

Your grandpa slowly rose to his feet, his lips still wetting the pencil point. "Hah? Watcha say?" "Please tell a story on William

Shakespeare — who he was and what he did," Miss Marvin said.

Now your grandpa placed his pencil on his ear. "Hah?" "Shakespeare — William Shake-

800 N. Clark Street

SEASON'S GREETINGS

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CHICAGO 10, ILLINOIS

speare," she said slowly and pa-

"Woollyarm Sakespeer, Wooll-"Woollyarm be repeated, yarm Sakespeer," he repeated,

stalling for time. "No sabe? Senor is English writer," whispered the Spaniard to your grandpa.

The Jew hoarsely assisted from the back seat, "Veelyum—he make show, write poultry, make live England."

"Hully up, Shinsan. Teacher him get mad," prompted the Chinese. Your grandpa cleared his throat finally. "Sakespeer English make

finally. "Sakespeer English make show, live England." "Naw, naw! Write poultry, make LIVE England," cried the "Yes? Go on," urged Miss Mar-

vin. "Hah "

"Tell us some more about him, Mr. Toda."

out.

"Fine, fine, Mr. Toda!" applauded Miss Marvin, now proud of his progress and memory.

In the same classroom Miss Marvin used to lead us in sing-Marvin used to lead us in sing-ing. She played the piano and sang at the same time. It was her philosophy that the pleasure of singing led one's interest toward words. No matter how comical we looked and sang, Miss Marvin never laughed at us. Sometimes she laughed with us. Each one of us contributed a special flavor in sing-ing America. Ah, those hours of songs are still vibrant and alive. At first I sang the words without meaning but I liked the music. Then one day I sang it differently. My country 'tis of Thee, Sweet land of liberty, Of Thee I sing. Those words meant something to me. I was free to do whatever I please. I could be myself and remain equal. I realized that a woman in

America was an American first

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and then a woman, giving her place in the sun. In the old country she was a woman first and then a Japanese . . . always the inferior specie no matter what.

Ah, I regret that I did not continue my English lessons. My path would have been much smoother. But soon the children came and I had no free hours thereafter. II

Yes, little ones. Once I had a brother and sister in Japan. Exactly two years after my departure from the village they wrote me a special letter. "Come back, sister," they said.

We want to see you again. Hurry."

Oh, it was long before you were born. My brother remembered my promise to return in two years but I had forgotten the passing of time. His letters brought nostalgia and I was moved to tears. Once more I wished to see the old coun-try and friends. As I stalled for decision, the picture became rosier.

(Continued on page 16) BEST WISHES **Dressler Drugs** 1201 No. Clark St. 烂 烂 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STORE STORE STORES STORES Season's Greetings * **Business Service** Associates 810 N. Clark St. * CHICAGO 10, ILLINOIS THE NEW DEVER NOG HOLIDAY GREETINGS SENO REALTY 4322 S. Ellis Ave. ATlantic 5-4900 * CHICAGO 15, ILLINOIS

cry, "This is a country of many great men from the ranks. You've heard about Abraham Lincoln, I'm system. Ah, soon we learned that Season's Greetings from . . . **UNITED ASIA TRADING** CHICAGO **IMPORTERS - EXPORTERS**

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The second s		CSO in Action:	
Greetings	Season's Greetings	Pride In The	er Heritago
NISEI CLEANERS	Shig and Toshi Wakamatsu		initiage
857 No. Clark St. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS		By Hisako Minobe	been "dropped off" at a given area. From there on, we're on our own until Fred comes to pick us up. Between the time Fred drong to pick
*	*	IN OLDEN TIMES, before mountains accustomed themselves to move about at the whim of some	us up. Between the time Fred drops off the last
Greetings	Best Wishes	themselves to move about at the winn of some	around in his car so that if any of us finishes the
Mr. & Mrs. Jisei Fukuda	Dr. and Mrs.	quently given to describing "stubbormiess by coss	he can pick that person up, and drive him to a
	Frank Sakamoto	coming to Mahomet, so Mahomet minisen had to go	Sounds simple and out and dit a
		Well, that old adage hts the type of activities	ALL of the thinking for you ALL me practically
★ Season's Greetings	*	vice Organization in Los Angeles County. In fact, the CSO has been " going to the moun-	do is go from door to door, 5 nights a week, and
BENJAMIN JOW'S	Season's Greetings Vincent, Rose and Caryn	the CSO has been " going to the mount	eligible voters. But have you tried trudging up
Old Cathay Restaurant	Vincent, Rose and Caryn Tajiri	The organization is made up of young, civic-	clement weather didn't impade the mails; the in-
150 East Chicago Ave. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS		gether for purposes of community improvement	your beautiful pair of suede open tea lights, in
*		street lights and boulevard stop signs for safety s	steps, ruining vour Nylons in the make-shift, wooden
Season's Greetings	★ Season's Greetings	pavements, and other neighborhood improvements	like King Kong to you from your partial looks
FUJI-YA KASHITEN	SOUTHSIDE MARKET	which, up to 1947, had been neglected because the	tion on the steps? My friends you have a posi-
	1215 E. 47th St.	has become, through which such requests and de-	mountain.
	CHICAGO 15, ILLINOIS	mands could be presented.	And then, to describe a "pleasanter" situation, there is the language handicap. The other deputies,
*	Mr. Tsuyoshi Nakamura	of the CSO, I had been in Los Angeles for about 5 months. When I moved to Boyle Heights I	particularly embarrassing incident I would all
GREETINGS	*	looked up Fred and Frances Ross whom I knew	This incident which I will attempt to describe
TAISUKE TAKAHASHI	Season's Greetings VILLAGE FLOWERS	was at that time, and still is, at this writing, busi-	1 is almost a standing loke in the CSO IL
	105 S. Marion Street	ness manager of the Community Service Organiza-	just one of those hights when we were out reg- istering, and since Fred had picked out a re-
	OAK PARK, ILLINOIS Mr. George Naritoku	the work being engineered and spearheaded by Fred, but didn't dream I would become involved in the	ticularly bad neighborhood, i.e., many dogs, no roads, no lights, etc., he had Louis Royhal (younge
Holiday Greetings	*	tremendous projects which his organization was un-	brother of the present Councilman from the 9th District) accompany me.
HINODE CHOP SUEY	Best Wishes	As "Voter Registration" was one of the drives being conducted at the time, I was summarily in-	Foolish me! I felt reassured that NOW come any situation Louis would at least be able to handle
10181/2 No. Clark St.	EXCEL FOOD MART	structed by Fred to go down to the Registrar's	the language end. We came to one house-rickety
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS	CHICAGO 10, ILLINOIS	Office at such-and-such an address, and get myself sworn in as a Deputy Registrar. This, to me, seem-	stairs and all, but no dogs-and rang the door bell. The door opened, and a young, dark-haired
*	Proprietor, Roy Kaneko	ed quite irregular inasmuch as Edward Roybal had just been elected from the 9th councilmanic district	boy answered. I immediately went into my spiel about registering to vote, voice in city govern-
Season's Best Wishes	*	(the area served by the Boyle Heights CSO) to the Los Angeles City Council. Incidentally, this	ment, etc. when the boy indicated in his broken English that he didn't understand me. I then turn.
Mr. & Mrs. James T. NISHIMURA	Season's Greetings FRANK'S JEWELRY	was the first time in 72 years that a person of Mexican descent had been elected to a municipal	ed to Louis, and he started away in Spanish. But, the boy still looked at us blankly.
James I. NISHIMUKA	1162 N. Clark Street	office.	And no wonder, for while Louis was talking
	CHICAGO 10, ILLINOIS Mr. & Mrs. Frank Noda & Betty Jane	I soon learned that the CSO is not a "political" organization which becomes furiously active only	I happened to look into the room through the front door which was slightly ajar, and saw an
*	*	during election time. CSO is furiously active at all times; there is no let-up. In the vocabulary of the	older man, presumably the boy's father, sitting on a bed. But, sitting like OUR PARENTS used to
SEASON'S GREETINGS	Best Wishes	CSO membership, there is no such term as a "slack season."	in Japan! Horrified and embarrassed, I asked the boy if
George & Fumi Teraoka and Family	Shig and Kay Kitahata	Fred, of course, gave me a blank look when I raised the age-old objection of, "But, I'll be	he spoke Japanese. His face broke out in smiles. Yep, that's what he spoke. So, after utilizing three
9		the only Nisei; the rest of them are Mexican Americans."	languages, Louis and I find out that the boy is just
the particular and the second second		He patiently explained that CSO is not a "Mex-	recently from Japan so isn't eligible to vote, and besides he's only 17!
Holiday Best Wishes	*	ican" organization, but, as the name implies, it is a community organization, an organization to serve	On such disappointing nights when most of the deputies swore that we had reached "the point of
The Yoshinari Family	Thomas and Dorothy Hiura	the community. The particular area it serves is Boyle Heights which, of course, is predominantly	diminishing returns," the only consolation was re- tiring to Vicki's or the Red Rooster or the Carioca
Kumeo, Mary, Ronald, Sandra and Verna	Jerrold and Barbara Lynn	Mexican American, so it naturally follows that the membership is largely Mexican American, with a	for some Tacos or Burritos and a hot cup of coffee. The exchange that followed or experiences and situa-
		sprinkling of Anglo Americans, Negroes and Jews from the community, and me, a lone Nisei.	tions encountered would serve to recharge each
+		So I had myself sworn in as a deputy registrar.	deputy's battery. And we would leave ready to tackle tomorrow night—another night of register-
Season's Greetings	Best Wishes	but if you think that deputy registrars of the CSO just sit around watching television each night wait-	ing. If, as many suspect and indicate vocally, the
Mr. & Mrs.	K. NOZAWA	ing for prospective voters to come knocking at their doors, or stand on street corners for passers-by to	CSO is a "Roybal" organization, then someone cer- tainly neglected to let the CSO deputy registrars
Henry Suzukida	N. NOLAWA	drop their heavy load of market bundles to regis- ter, let me tell you—you have another "think" com-	in on this, since we spent twice as much time reg- istering voters in the "Barrios" and "Colonias"
and Jane Holly		ing. Fred Ross has a system which is unique in that I'm sure no one else before in the history of	outside of the 9th Councilmanic District represent-
	+ Holiday Greatings	group action has ever used it. Here's how he operates:	ed by Ed Roybal as we did in that District. This alone is convincing proof, if proof is
Continu	Holiday Greetings	Each night he calls active CSO members, and	required, that CSO is truly a community organ- ization, an instrument whereby the people can
Greetings TEA POT INN	GEORGE KITA	2 hours per evening to "go registering." After he	be awakened to its rights, and to the fact that with every right there is an accompanying
CHOP SUEY		has a fairly good sized team—from 3 members on bad nights to 8 - 10 on good nights—he trundles us	responsibility. And people on the Eastside are beginning to realize that here is a group which
905 E. 43rd St.	4	in his car, and takes us to an area with a heavy	will help them in voicing justifiable objections



Saturday, December 22, 1951

Crusade for the CSO:

(Continued from page 10)

2 days in the County Jail on a shaky charge of theft. One of the boys bled for 2 days after his incarceration. The public rarely is informed of abusive treatment by the police; more often it is spoon-fed sensationalistic articles appearing in local vernaculars with big headlines of "Wolf Packs," "Rat Packs," and "Pachuco Riots."

Rat Packs, and Tachuco Riots." The CSO has been, and still is, protesting the indiscriminate use of such terms as "Pachuco," "Mexican," "Cholo," which only leads the public to construe that "all Mexican Americans are Pachucos, and all Pachucos smoke Marijuana, therefore ALL Mexican Americans Marijuana, therefore ALL Mexican Americans are a dangerous element in the community. Carey McWilliams, in his book, "North From Mexico," factually describes the 1943 Pachuco Riots and the Sleepy Lagoon Case which oc-curred in Los Angeles, another annal in the shameful history of man's inhumanity to man.

Through effective representation of the community, CSO has become recognized as a forceful social action group—a liaison between city and coun-ty officials and the people. The business manager's office daily receives requests for legal aid in coping with breaches of civil rights and liberties, such as with breaches of civil rights and liberties, such as discrimination in housing, wholesale shake-downs and arrests of innocent people by the Police and the Sheriff's departments, segregated schools, prej-udicial attitudes and behavior of elementary and high school teachers and counsellors towards minor-ity students (injurious to the entire student body) and various other cases involving discrimination.

As difficult as it is to mobilize a physically and spiritually exhausted people to fight for the and spiritually exhausted people to light for the opportunity of earning a decent livelihood, of receiving equal opportunity for advancement in the school and on the job, CSO has put into the hands of the people a weapon whereby they can fight—that weapon is, their duty as citizens to register and vote on election day.

The Mexican Americans number some 400,000 in the County of Los Angeles alone. The politicians are well aware now of the power that this voting

group can wield towards good, decent government. Until the advent of CSO, the Eastside had been looked upon and treated as "the poor relation across the river"-a stepchild. But the stepchild has taken his first aggressive step towards full participation in community life. The Eastside has, through voting, put into office a man to represent them in City Hall, Edward R. Roybal.

These days a politician can easily see on which side his bread is buttered, for running down the precinct lists of voters is like reading off the names of soldiers killed, wounded, or missing in action in all branches of the armed forces. In both, he will come across many, many Spanish names—like Gonzales, Garcia, Torres, and Ruiz. The CSO's Voter Registration Program, which increased the voting population from 8,500 to 65,000, is paying off! Yes, the Eastside is coming of age, but it has been a long, hard struggle to reach this rung in the ladder of Equal Opportunity.

the ladder of Equal Opportunity. Not only is the organization creating an im-pression in the Los Angeles City Hall, it has also inspired the birth of a CSO in San Diego. This branch becomes the fourth one in Southern Califor-nia for there are three CSO's, alive with activity, in Los Angeles County; one in Boyle Heights, one in Lincoln Heights, and another in Belvedere. (Bel-vedere has the heaviest concentration of Spanish-speaking people in the county.) By informing the community of its rights and

speaking people in the County.) By informing the community of its rights and duties, the CSO is steadily arousing the people to an entirely new way of living, a better life for the younger generation—without fear; instilling those of various ethnic derivation with a fuller, deeper appreciation of the contributions stemming from their culture. Thus, by developing pride in their heritage, the young Mexican Americans, Am-erican Jews, Japanese Americans, and Negro Am-ericans may continue to contribute to the community as worthwhile, healthy, mature and responsible citi-zens. This is quite a project undertaken by CSO; certainly Fred Ross and the entire membership are deserving of more than a vote of thanks. They need help and encouragement from the commu-nity. nity.



Season's Greetings . . .

Season's Greetings Mr. and Mrs. Mieki Hayano and Family CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Holiday Greetings THE KAWANAGA'S Betty, Shirley, Pat and Jane

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Season's Greetings



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Ist V. P. Abe Hagiwara Auditor Ariye Oda 8-oz. glass of currant jelly

2 tablespoons finely chopped

Beat jelly with spoon or fork until smooth. Add mint and orange

A Nisei Sets a New Year's Table recipe. When cold, cut into serving

With Menu and Recipes Prepared by Hana Okada NEW YEAR'S DAY MENU Roast Duck with Currant Sauce Chicken Teriyaki Tempura (Shrimp, Sweet Potato, Green Beans, Carrots and Gobo) Lima Beans with Chestnuts Green Salad or Sunomono Egg Roll

Makizushi Sliced Oranges Yokan Kanten

PERHAPS IN FOOD, more than anything else, the Nisei receive, enjoy and pass on a cultural heritage. This has nothing to do with the finer arts. It's simply because Oriental food looks good and tastes good.

Most Nisei will recall New Year's Day as it used to be celebrated in Japanese American homes. It was a day of visiting, feasting and endless toasting to the New Year. Everywhere there was a heavy-laden table set with the traditional Japanese foodscurled red carp broiled to perfec-

tion, sweet lima beans rich with sauce, red kanten, sweet and spicy cooking habits. broiled chicken, and a dozen other foods spread out across the table.

Today the Nisei wants a streamlined New Year's table. Much of the food that the Issei prepared made where desired. A lighter was costly, difficult to assemble and hours in the making. Some of the food was too rich for the Nisei's taste.

Today's New Year's table is still spread with good food. It makes enough concessions to tradition to

be "Japanese" in spirit, but it is		the first and the first here here here here here here here her	Ta botta botta botta botta b
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0.0.	in Sector '	Greetings From	
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Serve with roast duck. CHICKEN TERIYAKI rind. 1 fryer cut up into serving pieces ¹/₄ cup soy sauce 2 teaspoons sugar Pinch of monosodium glutamate Mix soy sauce, sugar and monosodium glutamate and soak chicken in solution for one hour. Place in hot broiler, turn occasionally, until meat is brown. Place in oven and adapted to the Nisei's palate and bake 20-30 minutes or until done. Of the foods listed here, most Sprinkle with sesame seed, if decan be made without difficulty by the average cook. The menu is sired. LIMA BEANS WITH flexible and substitutions can be CHESTNUTS 11/2 cups lima beans dessert, for instance, might be sub-41/2 cups water stituted for yokan and kanten. 3/4 cup sugar CURRANT SAUCE

ing:

2

mint leaves

rind

1/2 teaspoon salt 1 medium can boiled chest-The roast duck can be prepared according to any good standard nuts

Soak beans in water overnight. Drain, add water and bring to boil. Cook over low heat until beans are soft (approximately 11/2. hours.) Add sugar, salt and chest-Cook until mixture thickens, nuts. pieces and serve with the followwatching carefully to prevent scorching. Remove from fire and scorching. cool. tablespoons grated orange

EGG ROLL (Rolled Omelet) 4 eggs, slightly beaten 1/4 cup cooked peas

2 teaspoons sugar

1/4 teaspoon salt tablespoon soy sauce

Dash of monosodium glutamate

Combine ingredients. Pour into hot greased frying pan, cook like thin omelet. When eggs are par-tially done, lift one side gently and start turning the omelet into a roll. Continue turning gently with spa-tula until entire omelet is formed into roll. Remove from pan. When cool cut into one-inch slices.

SUNOMONO 1 cucumber 1 small can of crab

Grated ginger"

- 2 eggs 1/4 teaspoon salt
- 3/4 teaspoon sugar
- Dash of monosodium glutamate

2 batches vinegar solution (1/2 cup vinegar, 2 tablespoons sugar,

BRIDGETON, N. J.



Peel cucumber. Working aroun cucumber, shave with sharp knits

(Continued on page 15)

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into continuous strip one-eigh int

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cucumber into thirds first, if

sodium glutamate.)

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18125

New Year's Table

(Continued from page 14) ed, to simplify this process.) Put ucumber rolls into very salty ater until soft. Rinse, drain and ut into vinegar solution.

Soak crabmeat in similar vinegar ntion

Beat two eggs, add salt, sugar and monosodium glutamate. Heat and grease frying pan lightly, over bottom with very thin sheet fegg. Fry quickly, remove from

Drain cucumber and crab.

Lay sheet of egg on clean dish-Lay-sheet of egg on clean dish-owel, cover with layer of cucum-ber and then layer of crabmeat. Spinkle with grated ginger (shega). Now roll, using dishtowel b lift the egg. Keep food firm. Fighten towel around roll to keep shape and leave for half-hour. ut into one-inch slices to serve.

TEMPURA

legg slightly beaten

- 1 cup ice water 1 cup flour

tablespoon melted fat

Shrimp, string beans, sweet potatoes, carrots, gobo. Batter: Combine egg, milk, flour, alt and fat. Stir lightly, being eful not to overmix.

Shrimp: Clean, remove shells but ave tails on. Split down back and move black thread-like intestine. Faten shrimp. Hold by tail, dip not batter and fry in deep fat (370-400 degrees) until golden brown. Sveet Potatoes: Peel and slice



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SEASON'S GREETINGS

thin. Dip into batter and fry as above

String beans: Clean and slice very thin into two-inch lengths. Take up several pieces at one time, dip into batter and fry. Carrots and Gobo: (Gobo is a

long root vegetable generally availlong root vegetable generally avail-able in Japanese grocery stores). Wash and scrape carrots and gobo. Cut matchstick width, two-inches long. Soak gobo for few minutes in cold water, drain. Put carrot and gobo sticks together, a few at a time, din into batter and fry. a time, dip into batter and fry.

Sauce

If desired, tempura can be served with the traditional tempura sauce made by combining 1 cup fish stock, ¹/₄ cup soy sauce, 1 tablespoon sugar and a dash of monosodium glutamate. Heat only to boiling point.

Fresh daikon (white radish) may be served with the tempura.

MAKIZUSHI

- 4 cups rice
- package nori (10 sheets) 2 ounces kanpyo
- ounces shiitake
- carrots
- 1 lb. spinach
- 2 cans unagi

Soy sauce, sugar, salt, mono-sodium glutamate.

Vinegar solution: one-third cup white vinegar, 5 tablespoons sugar, 2 teaspoons monosodium glutamate, 1 teaspoon salt. Heat until sugar dissolves, cool. Re-serve small amount for nori.

Stock: Consomme or chicken stock may be used, with a dash of soy sauce and monosodium-gluta-mate added. If you prefer, it can be made with iriko (dried fish), using one-fourth cup to two cups of water. Bring to boil, strain. Season with soy sauce and monosodium glutamate.

This recipe takes a bit of doing for the uninitiated. However, cooks who make it will tell you it's actually quite simple and that the variety of ingredients shouldn's scare you off from trying what is practically the national Japanese dish, insofar as the Nisei are concerned.

The ingredients can be variedsubstitute kamaboko (fish cake) for the eel, if you, wish, string beans for spinach. Add thin strips of fried egg yolk. One Nisei who makes particularly delectable makizushi suggests adding thin ctains of fried egg yolk. strips of fresh celery. Here, anyway, is a good working recipe to start you off: CARROLL J.

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Best Wishes and Season's Greetings

Michael Steinbrook

A teaspoon salt over rice. Dis-tribute solution gently throughout the rice, being careful not to break the grains.

For the filling:

Kanpyo: Wash and soak in very hot water. Cook in water until soft. Add stock to cover. Add 4 tablespoons sugar, 3 teaspoons soy sauce and cook 10 minutes longer.

Shiitake: Wash and soak shiitake in water until soft. Cook in same water until tender. Add 2 table-spoons soy sauce, ½ teaspoon monosodium glutamate and cook until sauce is absorbed. Cut into 1/4 inch strips.

Carrots: Cut into very thin lengthwise strips. Cook until tender in small amount of water. Add 1 tablespoon sugar, dash of monosodium glutamate, 1/2 tea. spoon salt. Cook 5 minutes longer. Spinach: Boil 1 pound spinach in salt water to cover, being careful not to overcook. Drain and squeeze dry.

TO ROLL

Place sheet of nori on small piece of clean muslin or on su (a bamor crean musin or on su (a pam-boo mat made expressly for roll-ing sushi.) With fingers pat nori very lightly with vinegar solution. Spread rice one-half inch thick over the nori, leaving one inch uncovered on both ends.

Arrange filling lengthwise on the rice about one-third from front edge: several lengths of kanpyo, 1 row of shiitake, carrots, spinach and eel. Using muslin or su to keep mixture firm, form into roll. Press slightly to pack mixture into meat roll.

Approximately 8 rolls of sushi. Cut into one-inch slices to serve.

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PACIFIC CITIZEN



PACIFIC CITIZEN

Saturday, December 22, 1951

YEAR OF OPPORTUNITY

More letters from my brother came. "Father has aged consider-ably these past few months. He is weakened and tottering on his feet. He is asking for you. Please return and make him happy."

It was difficult for me to say no and even more to say yes. Your grandpa and I were making good at the bathhouse. In a few years we would have saved a tidy sum. Yes, it would take more than two years as we had orginally planned but we were due to add a few thousand to our savings account. So I hesitated and worked hard. "In a few years I will be able to re-turn, Brother. Then I shall be able to bring back some presents and money," I wrote.

Yes, your great grandpa was getting old. He was eighty-four that year. Much as I loved him, I decided to take a chance and re-

Ah, the clever customers we had who would "borrow" towels, soaps, brushes and combs. At first it did not bother me until almost every customer got into this habit. Soon

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Merry Xmas and

Season's Best Wishes . . .

the corner and told him the case. "Lady take towel! Come take bath and towel gone," I cried indignantly.

"What's she talking about? I don't know anything about i I towel," shouted this brazen woman. So I asked the policeman and the woman into the bathhouse. "Take clothes off!" I demanded, pointing

at the woman. decided to take a chance and re-main with your grandpa. I re-solved to work hard by helping him at his side. All day I continuous-ly scrubbed and cleaned bathtubs for the waiting customers. I mop-ped the floor when he was busy at the front ringing the cash register. Your grandpa had a busy time keeping the tubs supplied with hot water. Ah, the clever customers we had who would "borrow" towels, soaps, She screamed and cursed me.

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MR. and MRS. K. YUKI and Family, Sacramento, California

(Continued from page 9) Should I go back for a visit and bring back my son? Yes, your daddy. More letters from my brother ably these past few months. He is weakened and tottering on his roused by a woman customer who ed. Forgotten was our bathhouse.

roused by a woman control of the several blocks and then demanded her to blocks and then demanded her to return the towel. She had the nerve to deny the theft! What did I do? Well, children, What did I do? Well, children, Thereish I won the tower again. I stayworld darkened once again. I stayed in bed for several days, having neither the energy nor spirit to

neither the energy nor spirit to resume my daily routine. Once more the trip was post-poned. My brother and sister could wait a little longer and I could call your father in a few months. With the trip to the ald country as my goal, I worked hard. Business was good for it was the Business was good for it was the year of the San Francisco 'quake.

GI 2-7929

Greetings . . .

I remember the hour, the day, the place, when our bathhouse began trembling. It was a strange sensa tion though I had experienced earthquake trials in Japan. I was in the kitchen at the time. Objects swayed and fell off the shelves. From the three-storied building adjoining ours, bricks fell on our roof. Luckily the brick wall did not topple. Strangely we came out unscathed. I stood in the corner where our structure and foundation appeared the sturdiest. Our boiler worried me, afraid that it would burst any minute. We had dam-ages, of course, but they were small

Perhaps the cause was over-work, I don't know. I was weak-ened and fatigued. I complained so much of pains that your grandpa insisted on having a doctor ex-amine me. First it was a Japanese family physician. Dissatisfied with his diagnosis your grandpa took me to an excellent white doc-tor. He said I had hernia. He recommended an immediate operation at a German hospital in San Francisco, endorsing the skill of a famed German surgeon whose name I have forgotten. Again I

was to make a decision. Stalling as much as I could, I wrote to my brother and sister. Immediately they told me to return and go to a skillful Tokyo doctor. I hesitated. I could have gone back for it was an emergency. Your grandpa said the final word must come from me. I must choose.

choose. Do you see, children? I was again on the spot. It seems as if my whole life was a series of choices—a process for the better-ment of myself and others. My latest decision came quite easily. It came like a flash to me one early morning while I lay awake in the bed: I was going to the German hospital in San Francisco, my fate in the hands of the German surgeon.

You are once again fleeing from your old country's call, I told my-self. You are deliberately running away

When I came out of the hospital I was on the road to recovery. Your grandpa sent an assuring letter to my brother and sister. "Please tell them I shall vis

A place where the Issei and Nisei meet" * Greetings . . . M. Matsuda Company Quality Meats Sake and Wines **404 L Street** SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA * Season's Greetings SAM'S BARBER SHOP 414 L Street GI 3-9884 SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA SAM KANAI, Prop. * Season's Greetings FRANK'S SHOE STORE 1219 4th St. SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA Red Goose Shoes Wide shoes our specialty ¥ Season's Greetings . . . TOSH KOMURA ¥ 1230 4th Street







An Unfinished Tale: IN SEARCH OF A HAPPY ENDING

THIS is a dilly of an idea for a story, but there is an impediment which must be somehow dissolved before it can be written. The impediment consists of a harsh climax which doesn't help the story at all: this story help the story at all this story is just too bitter throughout to go unrelieved by a bit of joy at the end. What I'm going to do here is outline the plot, in the hope that someone will come up with the inspiration, energy, or influence which will make a happy ending possible.

As a foreword, any resemplance of persons and events in this story to actual persons and events is not to actual persons and events is not strange. Shig Iitomi lives today at I-ku 178, Otake-machi, Saiki-gun, Hiroshima-ken, Japan. He has not always lived there, however. In fact, he has lived there scarcely two years of his life, and he is twenty-nine or thirty now.

Well, the story begins gently enough, with Shig Iitomi's birth and relatively peaceful bringing-up in Berkeley, Calif., where his father made a living for the family father made a living for the family by gardening. His parents, devout Methodists, were older people, al-ready middle-aged when Shig was born and older still when Shig's sister Tamaki was born several years later.

years later. If they had been younger, the whole story might have been dif-ferent. But because they were getting on in years, they took a notion, as people will, that they had to have a last look around at the scenes of their childhood be-fore they could die happily. Any-way, it seems to Shig now that they were just waiting for him to hurry up and finish high school so that they could take him and Ta-maki to Japan. For he had no sooner graduated than his father was making arrangements to sell the modest house, the gardening route, the furniture, and other household effects. household effects.

ball; he spent his summers work-ing on a farm in Walnut Grove, to eligible for the draft.

Shig litomi's Story has a Gentle Beginning And a Violence-Packed Middle - Only Time Can Determine How His Story Will End

By HISAYE YAMOMOTO .

the north of Berkeley. If he was noted for anything, it was his dis-like for dissension of any sort. In fact, a friend of his in those days, a friend who enjoyed a good fight, recalls now, with wonder in his voice, that Shig never once participated in the feuds which are a regular feature when adolescents get together. Yet Shig had quite an argument with his old man and old lady, as he called them, when he was informed of the family's coming trip to Japan.

Why was it necessary for him and Tamaki to go along he asked. Why couldn't he and Tamaki stay? They were capable of looking after themselves during their parents' absence.

Impossible, said the parents, they

Impossible, said the parents, they were much too young. Besides, it would be only a temporary stay; they would all be coming back to the States shortly. Then why had they gone and sold everything, Shig insisted. That was an odd thing to do. And he had no desire to live in Japan, he told them further, he h ad no friends there, he didn't know how to speak Japanese—

Well, if he and Tamaki felt so strongly about it, they could come back to the States later by them-selves, the parents offered.

With this promise, Shig and Ta-maki accompanied their parents to Japan. This happened to be in

After the war broke out, there seemed small chance of their ever returning to America. Indeed, perhaps it was even by some dis-pensation that they were in Japan, for they soon learned, and this was among the milder rumors they heard on the subject, that the Ja-panese in the United States were Shig had grown up to be a quiet, handsome boy, on the shy side. There was nothing unusual about him—he was hardly a scholar; he played a decent game of basket-played a schent bis summers work-solution the subject, that the Ja-panese in the United States were being rounded up and herded into concentration camps. Shig and Ta-maki, advised by their parents, obediently took out their Japanese



MR. & MRS. MAS SHIMIZU and GLEN, MR. & MRS. YEII KITAGAWA. Joe, Paul, Patricia, Mary Ann,

foreign-born and stranger to the language, he argued, he also had small stomach for being sent out to kill fellows he had grown up and gone to school with. But his at-titude, as they say, only led to bloodshed: the officer in charge got furious; the town police developed a passionate interest in his comings and goings; the townspeople began to question his affection for the Ja. panese way of life; and Shig Iitomi, Berkeley High '41, became a sol-dier in the Imperial Japanese Army. He remained one for seven years, the last four as a prisoner-of-war in Siberia. His initiation into military life was made unduly violent by his broken Japanese: as he puts it, he "sure was slugged around," before he underwent an intensive self-taught course in the

And now comes the rawest part of the story, as Shig himself has written it in recent letters to a former Berkeley schoolmate:

".... I was in Hoten, Man-churia (Americans call it Mukden) at the end of the war. When the Russians came pouring into Manchuria, the battalions on the border fought till the last, but were overrun by the fast and larger Russians. At the time, Japan couldn't defend Manchuria for she had sent practically all her soldiers (young) down south toward the P.I.'s. There was only a small part of the army in Manchuria at the time. I was shot fighting in town. There were five scouts sent out (and I happened to be one) ahead into the enemy territory. We crawled through the buildings and finally located the enemies' position. But at the same time we were machine guarant and ent of the machine-gunned and out of the five, only two came back alive, and I happened to be one of the two. I was shot in my left arm below the shoulder (3 in.). The other guy was shot in the thigh and neck. He died about 2 days and neck. He filed about 2 days later. My arm is the same as before, only a scar left to re-mind me of war. We were taken prisoner at the end of the war and were sent into Siberia. Our camp was in Chita. And box! camp was in Chita. And boy! talk about cold weather — well it's not cold or at least you don't say it's cold but all the rest of the guys used to say it hurts to-day. When it gets below 40

When Shig went for his phys-ical, he pleaded for deferment on several grounds. Not only was he him, burn his hair, tickle him, make him drink water, stick him with him drink water, stick him with pins, bury him, tie h im upside down, beat him, burn his finger-nails, etc., a lot more ways — that's war, and guys who did this used to be awarded medals! Isn't that cruel?"

". . The minute after the war ended, the Chinese people started handing out red flags. There were a lot of street fightings.—And a hell of a lot of Japs killed too.— Soldiers and women—old or young women were raped, men killed — and—well it was a hell of a mixup. Those were days when your life wasn't worth more than 2 cents. The day after the war ended I was talking with a friend soldier behind a couple of sand bags in the streets, then all of a sudden he fell dead language in self-defense. (As a re-sult, he is today able to decode the average Japanese newspaper and even able to write enough "to get by.") And now compa the super part of a sudden he fell dead shot in the head. At first we were scared to even sleep. If we went to sleep, we didn't know whether or not we would ever open our eyes sgain. But after all a human being has to sleep. After 4 days and 4 has to sleep. After 4 days and 4 nights of continued fighting and hiding, I was ready to give my life or rather risk my life just for a little bit of sleep. When it gets like that, nobody gives a damn for his life. It was so tough, some guys would go to sleep even in the tensest and toughest time of fighting fighting.

"I guess you have heard of the self-blasters or human bombs. There are several kinds of them. The best known is the airplane self-blasters — with torpedoes or bombs tied to the

plane they dive into enemy ships. "I was chosen for this task against the Russians. But this is a different kind of human blastersthis is against enemy tanks. You tie a bomb on your back and hide in the road of the advancing tanks. As the tanks pass by, you run and throw yourself and bomb against the tanks, and boom —

that's the end. I was supposed to go out for this task, but the bomb which was tied to me was a dead bomb. There was some-thing wrong with the fuse, so out of the ten guys chosen I didn't go. It's a lucky thing I didn't go, either. When you are chosen for that task, everything that has happened in all of your life runs through your head in about five minutes. After that you five minutes. After that you can't eat nor sleep. That's why I don't want any part of war or be near one or even hear of one for the rest of my life."

Shig Iitomi was repatriated in December of 1949, reaching Otake-December of 1949, reaching Otake-machi in time for New Year's. It was his first New Year's with the family since departing the States, but it was only a partial reunion: his father, he learned, had been dead four years. Nor was there much to rejoice over otherwise. All the young men he had known before he joined the army had died in the war: almost

army had died in the war; almost every family in the locality re-ported members who had been killed, seared, or injured when the atom bomb fell on the city; food, clothing, and shelter were luxuries; there were neighbors who had quietly killed themselves to escape the daily struggle for food; in the city, no man could walk more than a few steps at night without being interrupted by some young girl offering the use of her body for the price of a pair of shoes (2,000 yen) which would begin disintegrating at the third or fourth wearing; taxes were so fabulous that the few who somehow met them were considered fools; and the day was rare that there was no news of some strike or mass demonstra-

some strike or mass demonstra-tion in the cities. To top it off, he could not find regular work for months. When he finally did, it was at a paper wholesaler's who could employ him only two weeks out of the month. On other days, from five in the morning to eleven or so at night and sometimes assisted by his mother and sister (whose regular job was at the town hall), he sowed, tended, and harvested, each in its season, the rice, maize, wheat, yams, potatoes, and cabbages of the small subsistence plot (for which, incidentally, the family was

(Continued on page 24)





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MR. & MRS. HERBERT HIROHATA & Lottane,	enough for me. The treatment		
GEORGE DOIBATAKE.	was OK. They fed us alright.	and the second	
MR. & MRS. YOSHIHARU MIZUTANI & Charles,	The clothing was also of Rus-		
Thermal, California	sian make."		Ferry-Morse
MR. & MRS. RAYMOND NAKAMURA, Roy & Allan,	In another letter, thanking his		
	friend for a food package, but	VEGETABLE SEEDS	Associated
MR. & MRS. TOSHIO SUGIMOTO & Family,	begging him not to abuse his budget, Shig explains, " After		
GEORGE K. SUGIMOTO,	all, I've lived on grass, cats, dogs,		Burpee
MR. & MRS. YEICHI KITAGAWA,	and have even eaten snakes in order		
MR. & MRS. GEORGE KITAGAWA,	to live. Yes sir—you can ask any		
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MUSASHI BROS.,	prising, who have even eaten	THE CHILD CHILDCHID	
KENCO TAKANO	human meat. That's no kidding,	and the second	
KENGO TAKANO,	either, and I also have gotten		
GEORGE & YOSHIKO SHIBATA. Allan, Gene, Betty & Kenneth,	human meat 2 or 3 inches with-	奥 频	E
TON & ATTON ALTER TO TI Land Ladia	in my mouth, but I just couldn't		
TOM & ALICE SAKAI, Tommy, Leland and Leslie,	get it any further into my mouth.	"Mr 1 .1.	
JAMES & TOSHIKO SAKAI,	But that's the way it is when it's a matter of life or death. Talk about	"May we take this opportun	ity to express our sincere
HENRY & ALICE SAKEMI and Stephen,	grass, I bet there isn't very many	appreciation for the many kind	nesses shown us by you
CHARLES & HISAKO SHIBATA and Carl	varieties of grass which I haven't		
INFE HIDOTO	eaten. And when you get back to	our good friends, this past year. I	Merry Amas and A Happy
JAMES HIROTO,	civilized life, you hear doctors talk-	New Year to All."	
HIDE & ANN NISHIMOTO and Kathy,	ing about vitamins and calories per	The second manufacture and a second	
MACK & MITZI NISHIMOTO, Carol, Cliff and Milton,	person per day! — A bunch of hooey."		FARMERS SUPPLY CO.
PAV a commence			
RAY & CHERRY ISHIMATSU and Gail,	" Boy! Those Chinese are a tough bunch. They used to say	Fred W. Timms, Sr.	Fred W. Timms Ir
JACK & TOMAKO IZU, Allen and Jimmy,	the Chinese were weak, but that's		and we aminio, Jr.
	all baloney A Chinese is		State of the second second second second
	sure stubborn, he'll never tell any-		

Saturday, December 22, 1951



BROWNSTONES and **GENTLE** LIVING

By MITSU YASUDA

YEW YORK aparment houses are phenomenal. Railroad flats, cold-water flats, studios, room-and-a-halfs, they have personalities all their own, irregardless of the rent.

People who live in apartment houses are a race apart. They are a people peculiarly indigenous to brownstones. They wage a continuous, and losing, war with the Super (superintendent), often a Super they have never seen. They swear they'll drown the kids upstairs come summer, neighbor kids they've never seen.

People who live in apartment

houses are a strong people who share frustrations, aspirations, ex-asperations, and inspirations, but once in a while, they get frighten-ed out of their wits.

To wit, by robberies.

Ruby Yamada lives with her husband on the upper 100 streets. The Yamadas live in a 5-room rail-road flat, (which means, of course, that the rooms load into that the rooms lead into one an-other, like a train). Ruby gets to her apartment by walking up four flights of stairs. At the head of the stairs to the left is her kitchen

One day Ruby got home a little early from her daily shopping. As usual, she let herself in by the kitchen door, and left her packages on the table. She then went past her bathroom, and into her baby's her bathroom, this also her babys bedroom. She took an hour put-ting the baby to sleep. After that, she walked through her own bed-room, and reached the front room. This living room also has a door leading out into the hall.

She sat down wearily, turned on some soft radio music, and start-ed to drift off. A short nap later, she was awakened suddenly by a funny noise in the kitchen. Ruby remembered instantly that there had been a wave of robberies in her district. She also remembered in-stantly that she had forgotten to lock the kitchen door when she

At a time like this, most people are more frightened than curious. Not Ruby. She got up and padded to the living room door. Slowly slowly she opened it, and peered down the hall. Sure enough, two men were bent darkly over the titcher door look. kitchen door lock. They were mak-

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ing clicking noises as they attempted to pick a lock not locked m the first place.

So what did Mrs. Yamada do? Softly, ever so softly, she crept through the rooms — through her bedroom, through the baby's room, bedroom, through the baby's room, past the bathroom, and into the kitchen. Click, scrape-scrape, ker-clip went the thieves. Ruby stood on the inside, thinking who knows? Finally she took a deep breath, reached for the knob, and CLACK-ed the lock. Simultaneously she yelled WA!!! and threw herself on the door.

It must have been tumultous outside with the thieves. And then in a flash Ruby remembered that she had not locked the living room door. Acting now on pure in-stinct, she tore through the rooms to the front door. Breathlessly, she clacked locked that one, and not a second too soon. Furious at their blunder, the thieves had raced Ruby to the front door, and were now jig-gling the door knob.

So then Ruby let go. "PoLEECE . . poLEECE!" she started to screech, and jolted awake, the baby joined in. The noise appar-ently undid the thieves. They went bolting down the stairs and out and away.

Robberies in that district stop-ped for a while after that. Tami Yamashita, though, saw a

robbery and was not able to do anything about it. This is the way it came about, and all on a calm, sunny, summer day.

sunny, summer day. Tami, who lives on 96th Street, was cooking early supper. Her kitchen, like most New York York kitchens, looks out into the courtyard. The time is mid-afternoon, say about 4 p.m. She was peeling potatoes when she sud-

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denly became conscious of activity. outside her window. She turned her head, and noticed a slim rope going up and down.

Her first thought was fire, and then figured there was too little commotion for fire. She then thought of an elopement, which she immediately dismissed. Oh, they must be trying to put up a clothes-line, Tami thought, when an object line, Tami thought, when an object caught her eye and jarred her in-nocent thinking. Tied to the rope was a little radio. Up it went, past her window, to the apartment above. When the radio was unloaded on the floor above, zing fell the rope downstairs again. In a

(Continued on page 19)



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(Continued from page 18) minute or two, up came a camera, suru-suru-suru, slowly and lovingly towed upstairs.

Tami was petrified, and amused, at the same time. She could easily have reached out and grabbed the bet window. Here, to all intents and no good purposes, was a bald bold robbery, so nervy that no-body would think it was a robbery. Granted that the courtyard was small. Surely not everybody would think it was a new way of moving upstairs.

Tami, however, could do nothing. She had no telephone. The theft She had no telephone. The theft was being accomplished, obviously by two teams. They would have lookouts posted in the hallways. At the first sight of returning tenants, they would collect madly upstairs, dash up to the roof, and from there, hop skip and hurdle over the rooftops to a predeter-mined escape hatch. Tami, if she ventured out, would never reach ventured out, would never reach downstairs.

And that's how she stood there, limp, while her neighbor's suits, another radio, a toaster, and a paper bag that jingled went up and off into the blue New York summer sky.

Less nervy bandits would prob-ably have chosen air shafts for such profitable fishing. Air shafts are spotted here and there for, logically, air. Windows open logically, air. Windows open into them, but the window across belonging to a neighbor, is never more than 10 feet or so away.

Len Kawata over on 106th Street, West Side, had a daily air shaft "show" he never missed. The man who took care of the furnace in Len's apartment was the man who lived across the air shaft. Mr. Korsky adores beer. Every day Mr. Korsky went through the same ritual. In the morning, he would go across the street to the "deli," (delicatessen), buy a half a dozen

bottles of "suds," and trot down to his basement and furnace. All day long he would stay there, nursing his beer, tending his furnace, completely in love with his day.

He never let on to his big and corpulent wife that he drank beer. He never took it upstairs to his apartment, not because she would become angry, but because if he did, he said, she would drink it all. And every night, the irate woman would berate him for being tight. This tender scene would take place in the little room directly across from Len's. Like clockwork, around 7-ish, Mrs. Kor-sky's voice would begin to rise to a crescendo. Len would then turn off the lights in his apartment, pull up a chair, and watch the gentle domestic scene.

One Saturday night, Len says, Mr. Korsky must have hit the jackpot in his numbers games. He must have been drinking boilermakers because "he was really tanked. He must have been. He was talking back. The windows, both mine and his, were open, and he was standing with his back to the was stand . . . Boy, was it fun!" Purple words flew for about 10 minutes, and suddenly Mrs. Korsky had had enough. She picked up a bottle of hair tonic and heaved. Mr. Korsky ducked. The bottle sailed out and right smack into Len's window. It missed Len by a hair, and crash! smashed against the wall behind him. Classic silence fol-lowed, then a furious closing of the Korsky window. And that cured

serves profound admiration. Her one room and a half means a room and a shower stall, rigged up in what was meant to be a closet. Twice the faucet stuck, and twice the room was flooded, but Ann grit-ted her teeth and suffered. But one evening, she was washing her hair, and as seems to be the penchant of all showers, the hot water went off.

Quiet, reserved Ann blew her gentle top. Her hair sopping and (Continued on page 23)



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HANG MY SHINGLE

By S. JOHN IWATSU

The borough of Bergenfield, N. J., is a suburb of New York City, facetiously called by its residents as the place where commuters sleep when they are not working in the city.

That may not be far from the whole truth among the commuters, but their wives and children remain at home to enjoy and thrive in the verdant environment. Following the general trend of living away from the congested city, I moved my family to a house at Bergenfield, my emotions mixed and strangely.

bers.

nave.

reminiscent of the time when the Nisei and Issei were evacuated from the West Coast. Then I joined the ever-growing rank of commuters to the city until 1949.

Realizing the futility of spend-ing precious hours on the public conveyances *(two and one-half hours, to be exact) and fighting with other strap-hangers, I sought to chear any employment or bet to change my employment or, better yet, open my own practice as an architect.

About this time a commission to be the architect for a new church building was offered to me. So, throwing discretion to the wind insofar as employment security was concerned, I agreed to design the church and to supervise its con-struction in between the interminable meetings of the building committees and sub-committees whose members were equally harrassed by the limitations of time and funds as well as by the generous requirements of the building program.

The Church of the Good Shepherd, Methodist, was founded only three years ago. Its membership reflects many social groups as well as thirteen denominations and faiths. The young parents are very active in church welfare work faiths. and are keenly aware of the need for an active church school.

As is so common in an architect's experience, I was required to offer maximum usable space within means without sacrificing the traditional forms of the church build-



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room, kitchen and utility rooms are in the basement. Because the educational building is projected in the near future, the kitchen was made small with a view toward expanding it when the classrooms are relocated.

spirit, because of the large amount

of work contributed by the mem-

form, thus reflecting the simplicity of the sanctuary. The brick cross accents the location of the chancel

and the out-door pulpit, the sac-

The usual imposing stairs at

The building exterior is simple in

The quick growth of the church-membership and the church school in the new building can be interpreted as due to the church.

The church membership and church school have grown largely. The membership has doubled and the church school has trebled. The growth of the latter shows the lack of such facilities in many commuristy; the row of windows, the nities of the nation.

And that is how architects are the entrance were located in the kept busy.









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MAKO DISCOVERS AMERICA

The Discerning Eye of Youth Looks at this Strange New World

By MAKO IWAMATSU With Illustrations by Taro Yashima

Editor's Note: Shortly before Pearl Harbor artist Taro Yo-shima (Jun Iwamatsu) and his wife fled Japan for America after years of persecution by the Japanese police. They left behind

their young son, Mako. All of World War II and ten years were to pass before the family was reunited in New York City, now the home of the Yashimas.

In this article young Mako tells of his readjustment from wartime Japan to America and of his reunion with his parents.

Dear K:

I haven't written even a single letter to an intimate guy like you. Forgive me.

I was separated from my parents for ten years before I came here. There was some sort of strange emotion in my mind while I was crossing the American continent—"how do I get along with my parents?" Though it was a silly thing to think, somehow I wanted to act like a kid being grown up toward by parents.

tion was very satisfactory as II I found the light in the darkness. But for a whole month I couldn't call my parents with a decent word and kept on calling them "Oi Oi." When I just started to think I when I just started to think I to law the sum of New York to Park Avenue, two-bit theater to Music Hall, Coney Island and so on. We ate filthy hot dogs on the street corner. We ate Chinese food should do something about it, my mother told me same thing.

pleased with that. My father run by the strength of money. showed me around the city when- The movies which enlarged

My new life with my family after meeting them at Penn Sta-tion was very satisfactory as if I had to go someplace for his busi-ness. He used to take me with in Chinatown.

mother told me same thing. I wanted to call my father "Oyaji" and mother "Okan," as you know these words are spoken in the mountain village where I was words have a characteristic of farmer's affection without any unfarmer's affection without any un-necessary meaning. They seemed pleased with that. My father thought this huge stone-city look-ed like a machine which is being run by the strength of money. The movies which enlarged my

Westerns in which I could see the continental scenaries and horses running wildly kept me busy for a while. But I got sick and tired of childishness of same old stories, such as a hero appears on a white horse as usual and gallops after

the outlaws. From this period my father started to take me to the foreign movies. So I had a chance to see the postwar Italian movies. They with me?

were piled up in the stores. As I had a hell of a lot of "Oh Henry" on the boat till I contented, I used to feel to vomit whenever I saw them. Also my parents told me to eat this and that, as a result I got indigestion.

It was two months after my arrival that I began to go to school which my mother found in down-town. School had special English classes for foreigners. I who once handed in a blank sheet of paper

tionships between teachers and stu-dents. Teachers more or less Eke

teacher, an old woman who never tried to understand students and were depiction of actual people's life with fresh realities and some-thing penetrate in my mind more clearly and deeply. Do you agree The food from all over the world in the new period to have an interest in advanced math.

Most of the students in my school were vicious New Yorkers and I couldn't find decent like-able friends. They were born and brought up in this huge city and they had no ambitions, moralities and philosophies. They were enjoying their lives with fights and subling merihans fights and smoking marihuana. I had nothing to do, with a terrible loneliness, feeling myself completely alone.

on an English end-term exam, as you know, felt desperately the necessity of English. I studied it hard for three months, being with the Chinese, Italian, Jewish and

eyesights gradually to the unknown world were interesting. But those Hollywood movies, complicated and exaggerated, make me dislike. I bust him up. Fortunately the rest of them disappeared in the crowds. When I was looking, with a bloody nose and a bruised cheek, friends. After a while I was able to un-derstand what they were saying, at the same time I faced a vexation. The more you begin to understand them, the more you would see the defects of some teachers and stu-

vacation to earn some money. As my parents aren't rich I couldn't spend much money on my own things. I also wanted to breathe the entirely different outer world's air, getting out of school atmosphere. That was five months after my ar-rival that I went to a Japanese employment agency and I made a comical episode.

The owner of this agency spoke in English to me who still wasn't use to it. You can imagine whether he spoke without any grammatical errors or not. Any-way, he told me, "I have a wash-ing-dishes job," and I thought he said, "I have a job in Washing-ton, D.C." and went home taking this job. Next day I was a dishwasher at a Chinese restaurant which wasn't so far from my house.

This job at a Chinese restaurant was mighty tough. I had to work (Continued on page 28)











The Happy Ending: Return to Hood River

By Arline Winchell Moore THE LADIES of the Japanese Methodist Church of Hood River recently held a bazaar at the Pine Grove Community Church, featuring a chow mein dinner. Approximately five hundred persons were served at the dinner, plus a number of home parties, where the refreshment problem was solved by picking up food from the bazaar. A pleasant air of friend-liness prevailed throughout the eve-ning. There was a ratio of about three Caucasian Americans to one Japanese American. No evidence of race grouping, as had been no-ticeable in former attempts at fra-ternization, was apparent here. In 1942, when the train left Hood River carrying the unhappy evac-uees to the gathering points for the WRA centers, one would have said that an affair s u ch as the above would forever after be an utter impossibility. Wild rumors of sabotage began where the refreshment problem was

Wild rumors of sabotage began to fly, and petitions were circulated for signatures to a pact which read, "I will do everything within the law to prevent the return of the Japanese to Hood River Valley." Extreme tensions gripped all of Hood River's citizens.

Hood River's citizens. When the names of the soldiers of Japanese descent were blotted from the honor roll, mounted on the East and North walls of Coun-ty Court House, December, 1944, something of a feeling of disaster hit this community. By that time many persons had heard from old friends and neighbors and sons serving overseas that h ad seen some of these boys work. They knew that lads bearing those names were loyally serving their names were loyally serving their country on both the Pacific and European fronts along with many others of their kind. Some definitely knew those boys had not been "relegated to a minor service on

"relegated to a minor service on the home front where they could be easily watched," (the reason given for the act). By February, 1945, when Min Asai, Ray Sato, and Sat Noji ac-cepted the challenge to come home, as a test, tensions were at a white heat. Perhaps the most calming influence in those troubled months was a group of local citizens or influence in those troubled months was a group of local citizens or-ganized, with the approval of WRA, to pour as much oil as possible on the troubled waters of public opinion. These people knew that many persons were confused and concerned over the apparent disre-gard of the constitutional rights of American citizens in the mass evacuation movement. Without public fanfare this group worked quietly and individually, pointing out that what happened to one group could happen to another. They publicized as much as feasible the army releases on Nisei soldiers.



A Christmas party by the Odell firemen calls for a bit of horseplay as Ray T. Yasui, member of the Odell force, tells Santa Claus (Adolph Fuchs) what he wants for Christmas.

the valley. Those who could not | their country. Most were anxious

ed. In a short time efforts were being made to secure some of this business. In the last months of 1945, the 2200 boys who had served from little Hood River County's 12,000 population began to drift home. Almost without exception the Almost without exception these boys knew of the great job the Nisei had done in the service of (Continued on page 31)



The Heritage: The Aged **A Home for the Golden Years** Fact, Fancy & Figures on a Down-to-Earth Subject: A Haven for the Aged Issei By JOHN Y. YOSHINO

THE SUBJECT of the problems

THE SUBJECT of the problems of the aged Issei and the need to establish some kind of a home to take care of them has been widely discussed in recent times. When we speak of a home for the aged Issei we are mindful of the fact that we have in our midst many kinds of aged people. Not all aged Issei are poor, sick and/or homeless. Some of the Issei are well able to live indeissei are well able to live inde-pendently in a home of their own because they have the means to do so either by being productive through employment or by using savings from prosperous days. Still other Issei are being helped by their children who can afford to give their parents a helping hand. These Issei may or may not live in the home of their children. Then there are a few whose only source of income is the general relief of income is the general relief check or the old age assistance grant. Having this, they are able to make ends meet at the subsistence level.

Then there is the variation of all the above mentioned categories. The poor but healthy; the chron-ically ill poor, etc. So, the pro-posed home is to give a good home to these aged Japanese who want to live in a communal set-up in their golden years.

ther golden years. This article is being written to sharpen our focus on the subject. How widespread is the problem of the homeless aged Issei? No one knows for sure because no survey has ever been taken. We can only guess from other social indicators, who as the Japanese language such as the Japanese language newspapers in the Japanese communities all over the United States.

We do know that each year more and more Issei are passing from our midst. In terms of the total population of the United States, statistics bear out the fact states, statistics bear out the fact that the number of aged people in this country is increasing at an alarmingly high rate. Thus the old age question has become a very old age question has become a very important issue for government, business and the public. The study of the problems of the aged is becoming scientific—referred to as geriatrics in medical circles. A re-cent statement by a Social Secu-rity Board representatives indi-cates that one hundred years ago 1 out of every 38 people in this country was over 65. Last year it was 1 out of 13, and predictions are that by the year 2000 the ratio will be 1 out of 8. It can be said that the Japanese in this country that the Japanese in this country are certainly not alone in facing this problem.

To secure the views of profes-sional people we sought the ad-vice of Miss Edith Prescott, public relations consultant of the Cook County Department of Welfare, who took the time to open up other very important sources of information for us. One such source was our contact with Jacob G. Gold,



grams, including medical, nursing and housekeeping services.

How would you visualize the

How would you visualize the home of the aged? Is it to be a row of cottages? Is it a four or five story brick building? One group would have it look like this: A building or group of build-ings where the well and the sick are in separate sections, but in-tegration of staff and program includes all in the social and recreational programs to the exrecreational programs to the extent they are able.

The location, in a desirable neighborhood, accessible to trans-portation, shopping and other community activities and close to a general hospital with which a working agreement for emergency and medical supervision can be made.

The construction is fire re-sistant and the size large enough to be (a) economical to build and (b) to provide for the need and (c) to allow for reasonable growth. Provision will be made for some of the staff to live in. The home may be on a one story level, but care should be exer-cised to be sure that distance be-tween facilities are rated to the capabilities of the residents or to their needs. The residential sections for the

healthy have single and double accommodations. There are clothes closet, bed, dresser, easy and straight chairs, writing table and lamp. Plastered and painted walls and ceilings and rubber tile floor and base. The bathrooms and toilet are central-

ly located. The infirmary area, for the person temporarily ill or who needs assistance for some or all of his daily routines including dressing and eating, is similar in area and furnishings to the well section. Additional equipment which is needed is that which is helpful for bedside food and nursing service, when required. The hospital division, for the

ments will be readily apparent. The Cost

The Cost One of the most important mat-ters is that of funds. How is such an undertaking to be finan-ced? Will there be enough funds available after construction or re-modelling for maintenance and a surplus for emergencies?

The financial structure necessary in the establishing of a home for the aged is a highly complicated matter. It involves a large amount of money for both the original investment capital and the original in-vestment capital and the operation-al funds later. There is no reason to believe that this could not be accomplished, for we have among the Japanese in the United States many who have made outstanding the Japanese in the United States many who have made outstanding successes in business and agricul-tural enterprises of wide scope. Added to these leaders are the many professional people in every community who have continuous-ly demonstrated able leadership.

For some definite ideas as to the costs involved and possible ways of financing such a huge under-taking, we called on Miss Edna Nicholson of the Central Service for the Chronically III, Institute of Medicine of Chicago. She said the staff of her agency would be very happy to help in any way possible for she is of the opinion that there are so few homes in the community at the present time. For some definite ideas as to the

time. Miss Nicholson reported that in regards to the cost of initial investment in similar ventures a recent survey revealed investments ranged from \$11,000 to \$20,000 per bed. These homes were established in multiples of 25 beds. In other words if a home for 100 beds were constructed, the initial outlay for land, building and furnishings would run in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000, the minimum figure being cited in this instance. The location of the home whether

it be in the city, suburb or in some rural setting would spell the differ-ence in land cost.

The Jewish group in Chicago, has gone into this type of construction quite extensively and their cost estimates were studied also. It is the opinion of one their leaders that initial costs could be brought down to a figure as low as \$6500 per bed with the size of the first unit at around 60 beds.

For those who are amazed at the cost standards cited, it should be mentioned that the other alternative is to purchase, lease or rent an old building and make the necessary alterations to suit the pur-pose of a home for the aged that will conform to all city and state laws regarding safety, health and sanitation.

Chicago Resettlers Committee purchased this year. If such a plan were to be carried out it would lower initial costs tremendously. Since the Resettlers Committee is functioning at the present time as an agency receiving some support from the Community Fund it would be comparatively easy to modify its bylaws and its administrative policy to add this sorely needed welfare service to its program. The home should be non-sectarian and open to any aged Issei who would qualify for admittance according to whatever applicant selection policy that may be established. Religious groups from the outside should be permitted to enter the home to minister to the spiritual need of the residents since participation in religious gatherings is one of the most important social functions in the life of the aged Issei. It would be well to mention that social workers frequently hear about certain community pressures levied against minority groups in that area of the urban community where the large influx of the minority groups have taxed heavily



Director of the Orthodox Jewish Home of Aged

Mr. Gold is from New York where he was a successful administrator and lawyer. He showed great interest in the Japanese problem of meeting the housing needs of the aged. He has had much experience in the planning, managing and financing of such programs, and has shared his experience with others interested in he way the problem was met and solved. When the National Confernce of Jewish Social Welfare was held in Atlantic City last year, Mr. Gold served as a discussion leader on this topic. Some very construc-tive ideas came out of this study group which are being presented in the next few paragraphs. It work for an ideal home for the

When people realize the probems of the aged and then translate these problems in terms of human dynamics, the results usually are programs and activities of a scope most every phase of community welfare activity is related to the problems of the aged: the family agency, public and private busing, public assistance pro-timal bureau, nursing and board-ing homes, and home care pro-

temporarily acute case, or the chronic sick person who requires active nursing and medical care are single, double or four bedrooms. There are clothes closet, bed, bedside table and chair for each person and a lavatory in each room.

Nursing facilities are com-plete, and there is also a clinical area with rooms for examinations, therapy, drugs, laboratory and other necessary medical purposes.

Recreational, storage, thera-peutic, social and spiritual areas and equipment and adequate personnel are also provided.

With all these facilities, the physical structure alone nevertheless will not make it a good home for the aged. It is the program carried on within those walls that is important. A Twentieth Century building might follow the standards long since found wanting in creative, geriatric care. When the attitude of the managementand activities of a scope the attitude of the management tommunity planning — as part of the total community program. Al-welfare of the residents, then the weight of the score will reflect this feeling

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am not sure whether I made them re-call the hard time they had on their arrivals or they wanted to treat me kindly since I came through the war's havoc in Japan. Anyway, I really felt the warm humanities in these Chinese's minds through this job. It's a funny thing, the de-velopment of my imitation on Chi-mese languages which was worth-while to let my Chinese friend an-swer me at school in Chinese. "Oh No! I don't understand Shanghai."

My second and third summer 1 worked at a summer resort hotel in Long Beach. This job wasn't easy but as I had advantages on Eng-lish and working experience I could accept it much easier. Most of the workers were young Nisei girls and workers were young Nisei girls and boys. It was a good chance for me to know them on whom we had misunderstanding in Japan. It was natural to misunderstand them since they were working under MacArthur, although sharing a life with them, my mind was brighten-ed. They aren't living comfortably as we thought. Their parents, Issei, have raised the children working on the farms and fac-tories. The children, Nisei who started to work at a very early tories. The children, Nisei who started to work at a very early age to save money for college helping the heavy loads off their parents. Watching them without proper treatments as Hakujins, I felt ashamed having misunderstood them. I hope you agree with me. At the beginning of February of second year I was transferred to a school, New Lincoln School, which is a very progressive private is a very progressive private school. I doubt whether I made school. I doubt whether I made that test or school interested in me, who brought up in the war havoc in Japan. This school has a very small amount of students so that teachers are much easier to concentrate, develop and educate each individual characteristically and messonally.

and personally. I am very pleased of being able to talk to teachers as my friends, brother and parents as teachers aren't nervous at all. Fortunatearen't nervous at all. Fortunate-ly I got a scholarship otherwise I would have to pay quite an amount for tuition. I began to concentrate on most of subjects and am able to go for sports. The school gives frequent par-ties that every student can de-velop his intimateship to others. I suppose you haven't had such school yet in Japan. But here again I am encounter-

But here again I am encountering with new problems. These stu-

(Continued from page 25) fourteen hours a day. But these Chinese people were very kind. I amnotsure whether I made them re-call the hard time they had on their

I'm playing soccer for the school and the coach gives us a pep talk before every game but their heads use hardly to accept it. Fortunate-ly we won first three games by luck but lost the fourth one be-cause of lack of cooperation. This is just an example; sometimes I feel disillusioned to be with them feel disillusioned to be with them. But I have to say this to avoid your misunderstanding that everyone of them aren't like this: some of them are rather conspicuous as an individual.

I think I summarized my life and impressions in America. It might sound too negative to you though I don't regret being in America at all. Right now 1 think that I have to keep every-thing I got in Japan and also 1 thing I got in sapan and also I have to get as much as possible in this country. In a year or so I'll be going to college and major in architecture with this policy.

in architecture with this policy. Don't you think the war in Korea is a bloody one? I might be in service in any day. This, too, is one of my problems which have been bothering me for quite a while. How could I kill our ex-classmate Kim and his friends. It's impossible. Disaster should not be repeated to anyone as it hap-pened to N's mother and sister who were burnt in the shelter. As I think of these things I become very nihilistic and can't stand it any nihilistic and can't stand it any longer and only the defects and in consistencies of this world become noticeable. I'll write to you again. Your friend Make





WELCOME HOUSE

Asian-American Tots Start Anew In Shelter of Pennsylvania Family By WILSON MAKABE

Lansdale, Pa. "Friends of ours are friends of our children," said Mrs. Henry B. Ruth as she stood in the living room of her large, comfortable B. Ruth as she stord in the from brone for her large, comfortable house, known also as "Welcome House." Her sincerity and friendliness were transmitted into the at-

mosphere of her home and the youngsters who crowded around.

Ten-year-old Patricia Ann shyly stood a few feet away, while husky four-year-old Scotty practically climbed over me. Pauline, 5,

earlier. Finally in came little Sandy (Sandra), so serious and yet un-afraid of strangers. It might have been any Ameri-can household—but with a differ-ence. Patricia Ann, Pauline and Scotty, as well as Barbara, 15, laest addition to the family, are of Chinese-Caucasian parentage, and young Sandy comes from Japanese-Caucasian stock. These children

husky lour a get alongside into. The second second

novelist who is internationally rec-ognized for her outstanding con-"Welcome House" itself is a child welfare organization offering foster home care for Asian-American children.

Having people of Oriental ex-traction in their home is no new experience for the Ruths.

In 1942, after the mass evacua-In 1942, after the mass evacua-tion of Japanese Americans from the West Coast, a number of Nisei came to Lansdale to attend the American Chick Sexing Company school, which was transferred from Los Angeles. The Nisei were faced with difficulty in finding a place to with difficulty in finding a place to stay.

"I never before considered opening my house to take in boarders," said Mrs. Ruth, "but when I heard about the troubles the Nisei were facing, I took them. I've had about fifty or more Nisei staying in my home since then and there wasn't a one whom I ever regretted hav-ing."

When asked if she ever encountered any personal embarrassment or unpleasant experiences as the result of housing Nisei, she said she had received a number of anonymous phone calls or threat-ening letters, including some which were prepared by printed words clipped from newspapers and mag-azines azines.

These, she felt, were sent by per. sons who were formerly close to her but who did not want to re-veal their identity. Such expe-riences were similar to those faced by others throughout the country who befriended the Nisei who ventured from the relocation centers. The Ruths recently remodeled their home to accommodate the new additions to their family. The bedrooms are spacious and cheer-ful. The children have a cozy playroom for their books and toys. The large, glistening kitchen would delight any medarm house wife delight any modern house wife. Even the beautifully decorated walls reflect the pleasant atmo-sphere of Welcome House, where musical talent overflows.

Actually the Ruth home is the second such house for part-Oriental children. The Welcome House board of directors, headed by Pearl Buck, owns a large stone farmhouse with fifteen acres of ground near Dublin, about fifteen miles from Lansdale. Here eight children of Oriental and Caucasian heritage live with their foster parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd R. Yoder.

Even though the Ruths own their home and both Mr. Ruth and Mr. Yoder, a high school teacher, work on outside jobs, neither they nor their wives receive any pay for their care of their foster children.

(Author's Note: Anyone interested in the work done by the Welcome House project may con-tact the board by writing to Wel-come House, Perkasie, R.D. No. 3, Pa. Although financial con-tributions and gifts are appre-ciated the board more than any ciated, the board more than anything else asks for friendship toward these children.)



The Ruth household likes to gather around the piano at Welcome House for an evening of song: Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Ruth in background, holding Anne and Scotty; seated, left to right: D. Henry, holding Sandra on his lap, Patsy and Patricia Ann. John, foreground, leans on the piano. Since the photo was taken, Barbara, 15, has joined this unusual

American family.

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A Home for the Golden Years

has come when the Japanese should be thinking more in terms of what they as individuals and groups can contribute to promote the good of the general welfare.

and welfare services in the com-munity, there are, actually very few sources of financial support for a new group to turn to.

In one of the publications of the Russel Sage Foundation are found the listing of close to 300 foundations endowed to give financial help to worthwhile causes. It is believed to worthwhile causes. It is believed that once the need for the Issei home is established and backed by sound operational policy governed by a responsible board, it is en-tirely possible that funds may be made available from one of the foundations.

For operational funds, help may be given by the community fund or chest of the area. For those aged Issei who qualify for public assistance, grants in proportion to their needs may be received. In this connection, according to Guy Foster, supervisor of the Institu-tional Service of the Cook County Department of Welfare, the Illinois Public Aid Commission is at the Public Aid Commission is at the present time paying as high as \$53.25 per recipient for subsistence

and lodging plus medical care ser-vice rendered.

The size of the staff for such a proposed home for the aged is de-termined by the number and kinds of residents it is to serve. Ac-cording to Miss Nicholson the typical ratio is 1 to 2. That means one staff member to every two residents.

dents. Where there are many residents with health problems, or who just get forgetful and wander off, it is obvious that such a group needs closer supervision. In that event the ratio can drop to 1 and 1. One staff member to one resident. In a small home with many residents a small home with many resident. In there is need for more sharing of responsibilities. A typical staff includes a registered nurse who lives in, an administrator and business manager, maintenance men to take care of the heating plant, and other equipment and personnel for housekeeping and food service. Other staff needs may be in the area of medical and nursing services, social service and occupational therapy.

The people who plan to establish a home for the aged spend a great deal of time studying the location for the home. And as it was previously mentioned there are many important reasons for this deliberation. Insofar as the Japanese are concerned, at least for many who are in the Middle West or the East, the West Coast and California in particular seems to be the place where they would like to either go

or return. Since the war with Japan there seems to have been a transfer-ence of the strong desire on the part of most Issei to go to Japan to the wishes of returning to California-their home. There is the argument that since most of the Japanese come from a rural environment of some kind, they may enjoy living out the re-mainder of their golden years in either a rural or suburban set-

K. KAMIYA

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LIFE UNDERWRITER

Season's Greetings . . .

Suite 207 Miyako Hotel

Frank Suzukida

ting Another argument is that the Issei city dweller has become so conditioned to hustle and bustle of the city that he would miss the rettle and year of the sei the rattle and roar of the rapid transit train and other char-acteristics of the city known only to an urbanite.

to an urbanite. Wherever the home may be lo-cated, as long as it is near good, fast transportation and easily ac-cessible to friends and relatives will be acceptable and adaptable, not-withstanding the statement of so-cial workers that a person of 70 or 80 cannot be expected to make a complete happy adjustmentin a new environment. We can all remember the assembly center and relocation camp life when we saw the Japa-nese people make the best of the bad situations encountered by spending the time at play, work and study. The aged Issei resi-dents of the home shall surely fad some measure of happiness, con-tentment and security in some measure of happiness, contentment and security in such a haven.



REpublic 7667



Return to Hood River

Japanese atraid to speak when they met on the streets. In 1947 and '48 the LDS Church co-operated with JACL in several joint affairs planned along the en-tertainments offered in a regular night club. These affairs were a ion taffairs planned along the en-point affairs planned along the en-tertainments offered in a regular inght club. These affairs were a night club. These affairs were a noticeable exchange of greeting among acquaintances of the two races. C 1047 Tare Assi were how the set is a sociated to membership in both leagues established here. Garrabrandt Brothers and JACL are sponsors for two Nisei teams in the Fraternal League and Hack-ett's Radio and Appliance and Ideal Grader & Equipment are sponsors for the two teams that play with the Commercial League. Baseball, soft ball and basket ball also played a part. For three years there were all Nisei teams which played the Couraction teams

Hood River; Sho Endow Jr., Chap-lan; and Harry Tamura, trustee. Taro Asai is a member of the AGA Board, a co-operative fruit-

among acquaintances of the two races. In June 6, 1947, Taro Asai was accepted to membership in the VFW and elected Chaplain at their next regular election. At this writing the Nisei membership of the Hood River Chapter VFW is composed of Mam Mojii, vice-rommander; Koe Nishimoto, ap-pointed to the Veterans Council of Lod River; Sho Endow Jr., Chap-

Sports have been another medium of integration since 1946. The Nisei wore assigned certain days on the alleys as soon as they asked regarding bowling regula-approximately 66% of the tonnage tions. They at once formed two

(Continued from page 26) Caucasian neighbors of a family of Japanese afraid to speak when they met on the streets. In 1947 and '48 the LDS Church in 1947 and '48 the LDS Church ion affairs planned along the en-joint affairs planned along the en-

ball also played a part. For three years there were all Nisei teams which played the Caucasian teams as well as other Nisei teams. Now, if these sports are indulged at all, it is in mixed teams.

The Oregon Lumber Company was the first firm of major im-portance to offer the Nisei employ-ment. Fred Kinoshita returned to a job he had held pre-war, in 1947. Y. Yumibi began work for them soon afterward.

Mrs. Eiko Morikado has been in charge of the Pine Grove School lunches for several years. She also works as clerk in the Pine Grove Grocery Store during the daytime hours she is not busy with the lunch program. Ruth Sumoge is regularly employed as a member of the Head Piver Heapital atoff of the Hood River Hospital staff of nurses. Joyce Kusachi served in Homer E. Ireland's dental offices during the past summer months. Jim Nishioka is employed with

the pre-war population of Japanese people returned to live in Hood River Valley. The Japanese decreased from a pre-war of over 500 to approximately 200, which is rather evenly distributed over the entire county.









In Helsinki next summer Konno's main competition is expected to come from Japan's Furuhashi and Jim Marshall of Yale, who will be swimming for Australia.

Konno started swimming at the age of nine. His first competition was with the Nuuanu YMCA at the age of 13. At McKinley High School in Honolulu he established three national high school freestyle records, of which two (22 yards at 2 min., 6.1 seconds and 440 yards at 4 min., 30.6 sec.) are also Am-




Saturday, December 22, 1951

PACIFIC CITIZEN

A Discussion:

to hasten the day

By MASAO W. SATOW

OFF AND ON for the past ten years there have been discussions on "integration" and "segregation" in terms of the Nisei. In some of this there has been confusion resulting from loose terminology and discussants attempting to defend pet points of view. While these interesting verbal exchanges have been taking place, Nisei have been quietly and normally integrating more fully into American life.

Just what is meant by "integration" must be defined at the outset. Integration in the general sense we use the term is the par-

the ultimate goal of a democracy. The extent to which such integration is possible and realized in our country is the measure of our democracy's strength.

Segregation, of course, is the opposite of integration. However, what people term "segregation" is in reality what we choose to call "congregation." This confusion in terms is understandable, for from outward manifestations, both seggregation and congregation appear one and the same unless the causal factors involved in each are examined. Segregation implies something involuntary upon the part of the individuals segregated. Ac-tually, segregation results from certain barriers and limitations imposed upon people which preclude their full participation in the life of their communities.

Congregation, on the other hand, denotes a voluntary action, a freedom of choice upon the part of individuals who come together as a group because of similar interests, backgrounds and associations.

In a democracy this freedom to choose one's own group and asso-ciations is fundamental. Yet during a war to preserve democracy, we had the ironic spectacle of one group of Americans trying to dictate to another group of Americans, i.e. the evacuees, who their associates must be and in what groups they could or could not participate, without any regard to freedom of choice or their interests and previous associations. Happily, not only did more sober heads see the fallacy of this posi-tion, but the very artificiality of played. Kenneth Kawami, 442nd veteran, appeared on stage. The not to be seen on the large numbers and "be sure to have non-Nisei at your socials" were simply against human beings

doing what comes naturally. ticipation of individuals in all of During the period of our reset-life upon the basis of their abilities tlement in the midwest and east, and interests without regard to race, color or creed. While this is our specific goal as Nisei, it is also mixing with individuals of other racial backgrounds.

How shocked they were when it was pointed out to them that if integration were merely mixing, then there was better and more integration going on in the taverns and on the streets of near north side Chicago than in the churches of the city.

The fundamental objective is not the integration of one group into another larger group, but the group work objective of integrating the personalities of individuals. Dur-ing prewar days when everyone was so concerned about the future of the Nisei, some of us felt that the basic job was to help Nisei acvelop themselves to their highest capacities, build in them character, train them in leadership and the ability to get along with other people. If we did a good job, then we need not worry about the future, whatever the circumstances they might encounter.

Page 33

Congregation and integration are not mutually exclusive, as some would have us think. In reality, congregation is the starting point of a process which leads to integra-tion. Congregation is essential to individuals of similar backgrounds and interests in acquiring a sense of security, some degrees of ac-ceptance, developing confidence, and as a training ground for par-

ticipation in other groups. Individuals are in varying de-

(Continued on page 36)



MASAO W. SATOW, National Director, JACL

HOLIDAY GREETINGS THE VARIETY STORE OROSI, CALIFORNIA A. William Jessup, Prop.	Holiday Greetings McGee's Groceries & Market Mcats, Vegetables & Groceries	Season's Greetings f	From Julare County	
Holiday Greetings Dougherty Grocery CUTLER, CALIFORNIA "Choice Meats"	OROSI, CALIFORNIA * Season's Greetings Orosi Shell Service Station TIM J. WEBB PALM and EL MONTE OROSI CALIFORNIA	Orosi Service Station Gas · Oil · Tires · Tubes · Batteries Lubrication ROY WESTBROOK, Prop. Phone 32R3	Edginton Blacksmith Shop	* Holiday Best Wishes Mr. & Mrs. Tom Tsuboi Lorraine. Robert. Donald



Omaha chapter officials were led by Cecil Ishii, president, second from right in back row

officers protographed with Monsignor Nicholas H. Wegner, director of Boys Town, are: front row, left to right: Alice Kaya, member at large; Em Nakadoi, 2nd vice-president; Msgr. Wegner; Lillian Ishii, recording secretary; Lily Okura, corresponding secre-

Back row: Jack Tamai, 1st vice-president; Bob Nakadoi, treasred; Cecil Ishii; and K. Patrick Okura, national vice-president.

Omaha Chapter Doubles Membership During 1951

By Lily A. Okura

THE YEAR started off with a bang for the Omaha JACL. Under the chairmanship of Em Nakadoi we had a membership drive, which ended in doubling of membership rolls over the year before.

An election was held with Kaz Ikebasu, chairman of the nominating committee, in charge. The following officers were elected: Cecil Ishii, president; Jack Tamai, 1st vice-president; Em Na-

ter.

adoi, 2nd vice-president; Lily A. Okura. corresponding secretary; Lillian Ishii, recording secretary; Robert Nakadoi, treasurer; and Alice Kaya, member-at-large.

On Feb. 24 the chapter held its annual installation dinner - dance with K. Patrick Okura as chairman. Approximately 125 persons attended the affair, which was held at the famous Father Flanagan's Boys Home. Mayor Glenn G. Cun-ningham gave greetings and Mon-signor Nicholas H. Wegner, director of Boys Town, spoke. Dancing followed with music furnished by the Boys Town orchestra.

In March the Omaha chapter played host to a wrestling team from Japan, entertaining them in the homes of members, at Father Flanagan's Boys Home, the YWCA, the YMCA and athletic organiza-

April was the month for the Mountain Plains district meeting. Lily Okura and Jack Tamai were

played. chapter contacted the local press

previous to the showing and ar-(Continued on page 36)

delegates from this area. Mrs. Okura was elected vice-president of

the Central district. On April 27th

the delegates reported to the chap-

On May 25 a square dance was held at the YWCA under chair-manship of Lily Okura. Approximately 75 persons attended. Miss Marietta Conklin was the caller. June was an exciting month with preparations for showing of "Go For Broke!" K. Patrick Okura was chairman, and June 7, opening night of the film, was designated as JACL Night. VIPs from Offutt Field Strategic Air Command at-tended, and the Offutt Field band







IT WAS SMALL-FRY TIME at the St. Louis JACL picnic with Ed Koyama, announcer, and Pauline Sakahira, picnic chairman, giving out prizes to the very young generation.

St. Louis JACL Ends Sixth Year with National Group

By GRACE OSHIMA

St. Louis, Mo. A RESUME of the sixth year of the St. Louis chapter, JACL shows that a variety of activities were held for its ninety Nisei members and four special members:

JANUARY: membership drive.

FEBRUARY: installation dinner-dance with Miss Mary Brooks, former WRA regional director, as guest speaker.

MARCH: farewell dinner for Henry Tani and his family. Tani was former vice-president and two-term president of the chapter.

APRIL: Japanese movie for the Issei. MAY: Preview of "Go For Broke!" in cooperation with Loews inc.; with veterans of the 442nd combat team, members of the press and community leaders as guests.

JUNE: Issei tea and Japanese film.

JULY: Traditional summertime event—community picnic. OCTOBER: Japanese film, ADC fund drive and JACL Lant-

ern Hallowe'en party. NOVEMBER: Japanese Diet members entertained in conjunc-with Social Planning Council of St. Louis.

Ed Koyama, president; Fusa Wakasa, vice-president; Skeets

Ogino, Dr. K. Kimura and Mary Emma.

ticipation was not neglected.



Salt Lake Auxiliary Group Supports Chapter Aims with Integrated Program

Women Take Over **Special Duties** For JACL Chapter

The good right arm of the Salt Lake JACL is its women's auxiliary, a three-year-old organiza-tion that has scored a notable rec-ord in its short history.

Success of the group might be credited largely to the fact the members have found the right balance in scheduling matters of civic and home welfare, education and pleasure, culture and fun.

and pleasure, culture and fun. Believing that all work makes Jill a dull girl, they alternate theater and dinner parties with ed-ucational talks on P-TA and schools, family welfare and hy-giene. They hold summer meetings out-of-doors, combining outings with business matters. When cool weather sets in, they schedule their meetings at their own homes with two hostesses assigned for with two hostesses assigned for each meeting.

A notable membership induce-ment is Blue Cross, which is avail-able to all members and their families.

A service organization, the auxiliary has tackled such problems as ADC fund drives, sup-port for FEPC, sponsorship of UN activities. The group co-sponsored the Utah FEP Com-mittee and raised \$300 toward its recent campaign in the legis-lature. Members took charge of lature. Members took charge of a "chow mein" booth at a UN Crusade for Children, providing the prettiest and most popular food booth of the entire event.

the JACL. During the National JACL convention in Salt Lake it sponsored a tea at the Governor's Mansion, provided hostesses for special social events and took charge of the convention banquet. It has sponsored two piano re-citals, one presenting Yoshiko Niiya and the other presenting children of members in musical



The Salt Lake JACL women's auxiliary includes the members above, left to right, back: Mrs. Chick Terashima, Mrs. Amy Doi, Mrs. Kiyo Oshiro, Mrs. Tama Kojima, Mrs. Shizue Sakai, Mrs. Grace Kasai, Mrs. Hatsuko Yoshimoto, Mrs. Maurea Terashima, Mrs. Miki Yano; front row: Mrs. Alice Kasai, Mrs. Mary Shiozaki, Mrs. Lessie Yamamoto, Mrs. Doris Matsuura and Mrs. Rae Fujimoto.

Not present when the picture was taken were Mrs. Helen Kurumada and Mrs. Kimi Tobari.—Photo by Ben Terashima.





Denver JACL Hits All-Time High As Chapter Signs 500 Persons

ized less than two months previous,

results were gratifying. It was felt that its success was due in

large measure to those individuals

who made great effort to reach the

most people by personal contact. A special showing of the movie "Go For Broke" was another fea-ture of the convention.

Roy Takeno was elected dis-

trict chairman for the new term.

Other officers chosen to assist

him are Sam Yonemoto, Albuquerque, New Mexico, So. Vice Chairman; Mrs. Lily Okura,

Omaha, Nebraska, Central Vice Chairman; Tom Koyama of Mon-

tana, No. Vice Chairman; Bessie

Shiyomura, Denver, secretary;

Harry Sakata, Denver, treasurer and Sue Maruyama, Denver, his-

Retiring officers were Patrick Okura, Omaha, chairman, Tom[®]Ko-yama, Montana, No. Vice Chair-

man; Roy Inouye, San Luis Valley, Central Vice Chairman; Chiye

1951 Activities Highlighted By Confab For Mountain Plains District Council

By MICHI ANDO

DENVER had an all-time high membership of 500 this year due to an intensive campaign begun late last year. Two individusls on the membership committee, Mami Katagiri and Atsuyo Ito. each signed up over one hundred members.

The year's activities was highlighted by the regional Mountain Plains convention held in April under the chairmanship of Tak Terasaki, chapter president. Because the area encompasses such wide territory, every chapter was not represented. However, approximately 100 delegates were paign to reach untapped sources

registered. A JACL-ADC benefit was held such as non-Japanese businessmen during the convention with Tosh with whom he had contact, Although the drive was organ-

Ando in charge. Approximately \$1700 was raised.

All the chapters in the area were All the chapters in the area were asked to solicit contributions. Those individuals who made dona-tions were given tickets for a drawing. Prizes offered included a \$150 Treasure Trove (Mixmaster, portable radio, nylon hosiery, light-er, toaster, etc.), a wristwatch, pen and pencil set, a dinner and a merchandise order.

The committee in charge of the benefit decided that rather than to ash every JACL member in Denver to buy a certain number of tickets, contacts would be made on a person-to-person basis. Results were quite remarkable.

By printing advertising on the backs of the tickets, the cost for them was covered.

Five tickets were clipped to-gether to form a book. These, together with literature prepared by the Mountain Plains office, were sent throughout the area.

The conference chairman under-ook an intensive one-man cam-

Nakamura, Kirby, Wyoming, historian.

In January the chapter partici-pated in the "March of Dimes" campaign by sponsoring a "bridge night" under the guidance of Taki Domoto, Jr. Over \$90 was raised. This was the second largest con-tribution to come from a bridge group to the campaign.

The local JACL aided the Issei n complying with the McCarran Internal Security Act which re-quired report of address cards to be personally filed before January

Because the JACL gave such splendid support to the Community Chest, the Red Cross asked for help in its drive. Mae Matsu-monji was appointed to take charge.

As is the custom each year the Denver JACL again spon-sored a Memorial Day service jointly with the Cathay Post 185. It was held at the Buddhist Church. Carol Tanaka served as chairman. Ove 150 persons paid respect to Colorado Nisei who died in the service of the country.

Rev. Masao Yamada, first Nisei chaplain, was a Denver visitor in June. He spoke before two gather. ings organized by the JACL chapter.

An urban redevelopment pro-gram for the City of Denver has been planned. It calls for clear-ance of so-called slum areas and rebuilding to meet certain stand-ards. Its importance to the Japanese community is underlined by the fact that 75% of the Japanese population in Denver dwell in these "slum areas" where actual con-demnation and demolition will take place when the program gets un-derway. Min Yasui and Tosh Ando, local attorneys and active JACLers, have been attending meetings concerning this program. Those claimants who filed evac-

uations claims through the help of the Denver JACL were again offered the assistance of the organiza-tion in filling the new compromise settlement bill. The chapter distributed translations for the new claims form and aided those who requested help at a meeting held in November.

The Denver JACL again held a fishing contest for the largest trout to be caught in a Colorado stream. Mike Kitano was contest chairman. Gene Covelli was awarded a trophy for placing first. The chapter also sponsored a Nisei basketball league with Dr. George Kubo in charge.

The inaugural ball on New Year's eve closed the year's activi-

ties. The Denver chapter received a great deal of assistance and support from the regional office and its representative, Min Yasui. Although Mr. Yasui was not a full-time JACL worker, he devoted much time to chapter activities.

Santa Barbara Notes Record

By MARY KANETOMO

For the Santa Barbara JACL, the year 1951 began with an installation dinner for new officers at the Swiss Chalet. The Rev. Sills was guest speaker.

Month by month, the chapter rec. ordered the following subsequent activities:

March: A membership drive, resulting in 59 members signed up; a financial drive for the ADC, with the chapter exceeding its original quota.

April: Service set up to aid the Issei in alien registration.

by B. Watanabe and A. Endo, cc-

June: Gifts given to eleven local Nisei graduates.

July: Annual Issei-Nisei picnic at West Beach.

August: Talk to members by Dr. Elmott on her recent trip to Japan as an adviser in education.

October: Pot luck dinner and general meeting with entertain-ment arranged by B. Watanabe and A. Endo, co-chairmen.

November: Community gather-ing to explain new evacuation ciaims compromise forms, with Saburo Kido as speaker.

April: Service set up to ald the Issei in alien registration. May: General meeting and pot luck dinner. Games were directed by B. Watanabe and A. Endo, cc-chairmen. December: Chapter participation in work of Council of Christmas Cheer through donations and vol-unteer work; general meeting for election of new officers.

Season's Greetings **MATSUMOTO COMPANY** Alvarado, California 1471 Smith Street **Telephone Alvarado 5-5977** "Specializing in a Full Line of Oriental Food Products" Season's Greetings from Sonoma County BEST WISHES Season's Greetings C. H. FURUYE Roy Eiichi Yamamoto Insurance - Notary Public 843 Milton St. SANTA ROSA, CALIFORNIA Merry Christmas and Joyous Holiday Greetings Happy New Year Mr. and Mrs. **GEORGE HAMAMOTO** Henry H. Shimizu Holiday Greetings . . NOEL . . . Mr. and Mrs. **IWAZO HAMAMOTO** James T. Miyano

"WISHING ALL

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POT LUCK SUPPERS ARE FEATURED IN SAN LUIS OBISPO

By Susy Kunihiro

San Luis Obispo, Calif. DURING THE PAST year the san Luis Obispo JACL held its meetings once every two months at members' homes. Many of them were potluck dinner affairs to encourage larger membership and to insure a good time for all attending.

A special project of the chapter has been the giving of farewell gifts to Nisei in the community

leaving for the armed services. The local ADC fund drive was a success with the chapter exceed-ing its quota. Both the committee in charge and the entire commu-nity gave wholehearted coopera-

The chapter's August meeting was in the form of a barbecue at Arroyo Grande County Park. The whole community was invited.

An evacuation claims clinic was sponsored by the group on Nov. 8. Attorney Saburo Kido of Los Angeles was invited to explain the new compromise settlement plan. Final event of 1951 will be an nstallation dinner-dance in Dember.

The chapter is proud to announce that from its small membership of 28 there were five representatives at the bi-annual district convention in Santa Ana.

PACIFIC CITIZEN

Pocatello JACL Pushes Building Fund, YEAR'S ACTIVITIES WITH INSTALLATION **Public Relations During Year Just Past**

In March we held our annual

local bowling tournament, and again our entries were mostly Cau-

casian. Both financially and as a

gesture of goodwill the tournament

June brought our annual picnic,

and young and old pitched in for the fun, which included prizes and games for everyone. We also finished hoeing our beets for the

sugar beet project started earlier. In July we held our annual out-

A MAJOR PROJECT of the Pocatello JACL is building of a new clubhouse. At present the chapter has its own building, but its facilities are not adequate for its needs. Ultimate aim of the club is to erect a gleaming new building of its own design that will be large enough for meetings and socials.

In 1950 the club started a sugar beet project under Masa Tsukamoto, chairman, as a start toward a building fund, and the JACL already has tucked away several thousand dollars. All members have cooperated fully in the show other chapters the work we

are doing.

a dance.

its entire run.

was a big success.

project, both in work and in donations, and the program has been a huge success.

Meanwhile, though the chapter plans to start its new building sometime in the future, the old building needed a paint job. George Sato was put in charge of a "paint up" committee and the present clubhouse was rejuvenated. Every-one turned out to help. The floor was sanded and the whole interior repainted. To add the finishing touch, the club voted to put Venetian blinds on all the windows. The results were indeed gratifying and everyone has been extremely pleased.

February started the ball of ac-tivities rolling for the Pocatello JACL. Our annual carnival was held to raise funds for our IDC quota. This is a one-day affair and does much to promote public radio and in the papers, the show relations for our group, since most played to capacity crowds during of the guests are Caucasians. This its entire run. year we held the first IDC meeting in conjunction with the carnival to presented with their stars at the

of the organized reserve in Idaho, presented the awards and gave the major address. The entire program was broadcast from the stage of the Orpheum Theater over Station KWIK.

Pocatello is proud of the war record of its Nisei. From the Pocatello chapter 64 persons entered the armed services in World War II. Out of that number seven were killed in action.

In October the JACL bowling league began its 33-week run. A three-man team league was formed and competition is keen. The first of November brought

The first of November brought the harvest of our sugar beets under the leadership of Ace Morimoto and Guy Yamashita, co-chairmen. The hard work put in during the year paid off. With the crop all out we can sit back and reflect upon a job well done. Each year and each new crop brings our dream of a club building a little closer.

Reedley, Calif.

The Reedley JACL started off its 1951 activities with an installation dinner dance at Belmont Inn in Fresno. Mas Sakamoto, new president, took over. JACL-ADC cer-tificates of merit were presented to Denroku Sasaki, Kuichi Yamada, Magozo Ibara and Ichizo Kitahara

Under sponsorship of the local chapter a successful Japanese community picnic was held in April. The Central California district

council held its quarterly meeting at the Arrowwood Cafe in Reedley.

Special July activity was a weiner bake and swimming party, held in conjunction with the local YBA.

A float was entered in the Reedley Fiesta and came through with a second prize.

In November the chapter started its 1952 membership drive, which was climaxed with a membership roundup social the following month. Thus, with a clean slate and a

feeling of work well done, the 1951 cabinet will relinquish their offices to their successors of 1952.



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Mr. and Mrs. Tad Hirota	DI. and Mat. A. 200 Sate	and Family	MR. & MRS. TAKY TASHIMA & Family, MR. & MRS. ROY M. KISHI & Family,
	*	*	MR. & MRS. KAZUO TAKAHASHI & JOAN,
Season's Greetings	Season's Greetings BERT'S BARBER SHOP BERT YAMANE 817 Franklin St.	SEASON'S BEST WISHES Mr. and Mrs.	MR. & MRS. HUGO KAJI & Jeanette,
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	OAKEAND, CALIFORNIA	*	MR. & MRS. KEN HAMAGUCHI & Sandra,
SEASON'S GREETINGS	Holiday Greetings	Joyous Noel Dr. and Mrs.	MR. & MRS. ICHIRO MINABE & Family,
Mr. & Mrs. S. Daniel Date	DANE'S BARBER SHOP DANE KATO, PROP. 1979 Ashby Ave.	Charles M. Ishizu 715 - 27th Street	REV. & MRS. MASAJI GOTO and Alpha,
The second	BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA	OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA	WALT MORIMOTO,
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Holiday Greetings

WATSONVILLE JACL

CHAPTER

BILL FUKUBA, President - LOUIS WAKI, 1st V. P. MIN HAMADA, 2nd V. P. JEAN ODA, 3rd V. P. JUNE SUGIDONO, Corres. Sec. - LOIS KIMOTO, Rec. Sec. **KENZO YOSHIDA**, Official Delegate JACK YOSHINO, Alternate - BOB MANABE Treas. **BILL MINE, Reporter & Youth Activities** DR. F. ITO & TOM TAO, Co-Chairmen Membership Drive

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Saturday, December 22, 1951

Placer County:

JACL Audit Written On the Credit Side

By ROY T. YOSHIDA

Placer County, Calif. UDITING of an organization's value to the community it A serves is the same as an audit of any firm's book-it must show a credit balance to be considered a success. A thorough check-up of the varied undertakings by Placer

County JACL chapter for 1951 shows a very favorable balance. Thumbing through the chapter's ledger of activities, we find

many creditable performances that proved once again that JACL is a "must" wherever people of Japanese ancestry reside.

The achievements hereafter list-

the achievements necesiter list-ed are the fruits of efforts expend-ed by our leaders, to wit: Frank Hironaka, chapter president, and Hironaka, chapter president, and the five district vice-presidents-Koichi Uyeno, Loomis; George Hirakawa, Penryn; Kelvin Mitani, Newcastle; Harry Okusako, Au-buri; and Masaru Morishige, Lincoln

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Annual membership drive was held in January with Kelvin Mitani as chairman, By knocking on the door of every potenti-al member and giving with a good spiel for joining, the chapter was able to sign up 270 mem-bers-a new high for Placer JACL.

The big county-wide community picnic, which attracts visitors from

picnic, which attracts visitors from all over Northern California, was held on May 13. With Koichi Uyeno and his speci-al events committee handling the general arrangements expertly and efficiently, some 2000 people enjoyed a very funful day at the IACL recreation park. With sever-al concessions in operation, the picnic had a carnival-like atmos-phere which went well with the older groups. der groups

The big hit of the day was the molorful picnic queen contest with

During the summer recess the tapter sponsored two baseball teams. The "varsity" played in the fast Placer-Nevada league, being (Continued on page 42)

Season's Greetings from . . .

the first Nisei entry to be accepted in the loop's long history.

in the loop's long history. Playing heads-up and hard-driv-ing type of game in a highly sportsmanlike manner, the team immediately became the circuit's best drawing card. Crowd-pleasing performances by such diamond stalwarts as George Goto, one of league's leading hurlers, Bob Kozaiku, James Yokota, Norman Matsuoka and the Hayashida brothers enabled the team to make many friends for the chapter. many friends for the chapter.

The big event of the year was the annual goodwill dinner held on Tuesday night, Nov. 27, at the Loomis Legion Memorial hall with Koichi Uyeno as general chairman. This annual event is sponsored by the chapter as part of its public relations work.

Mike Masaoka, national legislative director, was the guest speaker at this year's 11th annual dinner, which had a near capacity crowd of some 250 chapter members and guests in attendance.

Showing great pleasure at the turnout, Masaoka stated that the affair was "the largest and most successful goodwill dinner ever sponsored by any chapter in the whole United States." The chapter is also sponsoring a

hree lovely lassies vy..... hree lovely lassies vy.... Sakaye Tenma, Placer YBA entry, won the title in a close race with Kaye Horikawa (Placer youth cers are Cosma Sakamoto, presi-dent; Hiroshi Takemoto, vice-presi-dent; Hiroshi Takemoto, vice-presi-dent; and Tom Yego, treasurer. As another public service feature the chapter, in conjunction with the Placer Evacuation Claims commit-

Extending the season's

HEARTIEST GREETINGS

to Everyone

Dr. and Mrs. Randolph M. Sakada

MILWAUKEE CHAPTER JACL

Santa Clara County Group Has **Program of Community Projects**

THE UNITED CITIZENS LEAGUE of Santa Clara County for the veterans' wives and special had a year of activities, both civic and social, which involved guests for the opening night June 27th. many hours spent by the loyal chapter members.

The New Year's Eve dance at the Peter Burnett Jr. high school gym was the outstanding social activity in the area. The new year was ushered in with a large crowd of cheerful people with noisemakers, confetti and laughter. Bob Kent and his popular orchestra supplied the music for the year's opening program.

The first business agenda for the year was to aid the Issei to fill in their Alien Registration forms. Mrs. Ruth Hashimoto head-ed the committee, which worked day and a good part of the night for a week.

The new cabinet was installed in a program held at Dinah's Shack Palo Alto with Professor Claude Settles of San Jose State College officiating. Professor Settles, a long time supporter of JACL, in-stalled the new officers as follows: President: Shig Masunaga, San Jose.

First vice-president: Sachiye Endo, San Jose. Second vice-president: Muts Furiya, Mt. View.

Secretary: Mrs. Kei Ishikawa, San Jose. Historian: Mrs. Fujiko Okamoto,

San Jose.

Treasurer: Henry Hamasaki, Los Altos.

Reporter: Phil Matsumura, San Jose.

February saw some 125 dele-gates converging to San Jose for the Western Nevada-Northern California JACL district council meeting at the De Anza Hotel with the local chapter as the hosts for the day. During the luncheon, certificates were presented to vari-

tions. Later in the month, a get-acquainted social was held at the First Congregational church stu-dent center with a diversified program of dancing, card games, table tennis, movie and refreshments to welcome the new members and the old.

During May, the UCL joined hands with all the Japanese churches in San Jose to sponsor the annual inter-denominational memorial services at the Oak Hill ceme-tery on Memorial Day. During the evening the Cemetery Council spon-sored a benefit movie, the funds from which are used to pay for the perpetual care of the Japanese section of the cemetary.

A barbecue at Wieland Gardens was held in June with about 75 members and friends attending, A delicious barbecue with an unlimited supply of free beer made this affair one that has had many re-quests to make it an annual affair.

The annual UCL benefit •Japanese movie was held on the eve-nings of July 3rd and 4th at the Buddhist gym with Sachiye Endo in charge. Due to the excellent community response, our treasury benefitted materially.

for the day. During the luncheon, certificates were presented to vari-ous Issei and Nisei of this county in recognition of their past loyal support of the league and its pro-gram. In March the chapter solicitated the area by mail for ADC-KKD (Anti-Discrimination Committee and Kikka-ken-Kisei Domei) dona. (Anti-Discrimination Committee ans of the 442nd Regiment Combat and Kikka-ken-Kisei Domei) dona. team, and the UCL paid for tickets

Corsages donated by Mayfair Nursery were presented to the Gold Star mothers and the veter-ans' wives at the opening cere-monies. William Arii of Cupertino and Jack Kawamoto of Palo Alto, two of the most decorated veterans of the 442nd in this area, were interviewed by master of ceremonies Norman Paul of Station KSJO. Mayor Clark Bradley of San Jose presented President Shig Masunaga

of UCL a proclamation declaring June 27th as 442nd day in San Jose. In September Akeriro-kai honor-

ing all those over the age of 70 in our community was held. A pro-gram of entertainment and refreshments was prepared by chair-Treshments was prepared by chair-man Sachi Endo and her commit-tee. The third biennial pioneer's nite was held in the Buddhist gym with about 85 guests present. The local Hanayagi - Kai presented the entertainment with an array of vocal talent, odori and short skits. Words of welcome were extended to the guests by Chairman Endo. Those in charge of various ar-rangements were:

Wayne and Betty Kanemoto, in-vitations; Kel. Ishikawa, Phil Matsumura and Joyce Furiya, table settings and arrangements.

Mrs. K. Endo, Mrs. H. Tanase, Mrs. M. Nakanishi, Mrs. Shig Masunaga, Mrs. Eiichi Sakauye, Mrs. Robert Okamoto and Mrs. Henry Kiyomura, refreshments.

Mrs. Leroy Takaichi, hiki-mono. Shig Masunaga, Akira Shimogu-chi, Henry Hamasaki and Tom Mitsuyoshi, custodial committee.

As, the year closes, we look back at the many inter-racial and intercultural meetings that have been attended by our executive board, the discussions and dinners and speeches we have taken part in, and we feel that the UCL has taken another step forward in bettering community relations.

TULARE CHAPTER **BACKS PREMIERE OF NISEI FILM**

By TAKASHI ISHIZUE

Tulare County, Calif. THE TULARE County JACL embraces a large area covering the towns of Dinuba, Lindsay, Orosi and Visalia and their surrounding areas.

In 1951 the chapter's major activities included sponsorship of two openings for "Go For Broke!" a barbecue outing and an evacuation claims clinic.

The "Go For Broke!" openings were held at the Visalia Theater in Visalia and the State Theater in Dinuba. Excellent cooperation was given by the management of both theaters and impressive opening ceremonies were held for this film honoring men of the 442nd combat team.

The barbecue was held Aug. 31



Season's Greetings from the

GEORGE MINAMI HAMAKO NISHIDA KAZU OKADA

TOICHI DOMOTO GIICHI YOSHIOKA TAK SHIBA TOM HATAKEDA

Host: Midwest District Council Meeting 1952 MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN	"GREETINGS	The barbecue was held Aug. 3 at Mooney's Grove. All district cooperated in the handling of ar rangements, and a large turnou
	from the	rangements, and a large turnou made for a highly successful out ing. Evacuees were assisted in filling
"Wishing Everyone		out new compromise claims form
A MERRY CHRISTMAS	SAN LUIS VALLEY	November. Stenographic aid wa given all requesting it. Numerou claims are now being worked or
and A HAPPY NEW YEAR"	CHAPTER OF JACL	in this manner.
DITT S DET DITTS T S C T	"The Roof Garden of America"	Sincere greetings for the HOLIDAY SEASON
PHILADELPHIA JACL	COLORADO	to all our friends
		Etsu and Mike
		Masaoka
Wishing All	SEASON'S GREETINGS from	
A MERRY CHRISTMAS	The Land of Enchantment	······································
A HAPPY NEW YEAR	Ine Lana of Chchantment	Warmest Greetings to all our JACL-ers and supporters
* *		Mas and Chiz
SANTA BARBARA JACL	ALBUQUERQUE JACL CHAPTER	Satow
CALIFORNIA	NEW MEXICO	*
		SALT LAKE CITY

Saturday, December 22, 1951

Murray JACL Initiates Novel Features

By TONI USHIO

Murray, Utah EACH YEAR the Mount Olympus JACL officers and members strive to make the coming year bigger and better than any pre-ceding year. Activities and meetings are planned with care to provide mutual benefit and enjoyment for all.

During the year 1951 the chapter was under the guidance of Mits Hoki, president; Lily Matsumori, 1st vice-president; Utao Waki, 2nd vice-president; Fumi Harada, cor-responding secretary; Kathy Tamura, recording secretary; and brought out for its initial appear- by guest speakers.

Greetings from -

naga, social chairmen.

Meetings during the year were varied and included many novel and educational presentations. Mem-bers of the chapter were divided into four groups and four of the yearly meetings were turned over to these groups after completion of business matters.

Unusual ideas were put into play, including use of a "night club" theme with floor show, entertain-

Dorothy Mukai and Kiyoshi Mitsu- ance. Chapter members in the armed forces and out-of-state were sent copies to keep them informed on hometown affairs. Lily Matsumori was editor of this lively sheet.

During the year the social chair-During the year the social chair-men and board members planned a succession of interesting activities, including the January ice-skating party, a "Spring Tempo" dance held at Memory Grove in May, a progressive outing, a dinner meet-ing at Rose Garden Inn, beach par-ties howling sweepers and a Triing skits and talent reviews. In January the Mount Olympus Circulator, chapter newspaper, was



*



"Up front" at the Placer County chapter's 11th annual good-will dinner on Nov. 27 were (left to right): Tom Yego, loast-master; Frank Hironaka, president; A. B. Broyer, county district attorney; State Senator Harold Johnson; Mike Masaoka, ADC legis-lative director; and Francis Lindsay, assemblyman. Koichi Uyeno was chairman. —Photo by George Makabe.

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Season's Best Wishes Holiday Greetings ERNY'S DRUG STORE

WESTERN HOTEL MONARCH Prescription Pharmacy 2-3286 1409 Kern Street 1431 Tulare St. Phone 4-4292 REFRIGERATION Tel. 2-3286 1409 Kern S FRESNO, CALIFORNIA FRESNO, CALIFORNIA KEEK SAIKI 1558 North 9th St. Fresno 6-2393 Takeo Sekiya Mr. & Mrs. Erny Yamaguchi Placer County Audit * * Season's Greetings GREETINGS Holiday Greetings Seichi, Fusa, Donald, (Continued from page 41) under the new compromise settle-new 1952 cabinet will be swom in SERVICE CLEANERS JOE'S CAFE Bruce & Ellen Grace t. Fresno. Calif. Phone 3-5875 935 E. Street FRESNO, CALIF. Phone 6-3309 1025 F St. at an installation ceremony. All in all Placer JACL had a ment plan. Mikami In the social field, the chapter In the social field, the chapter co-sponsored the annual graduation dance with Placer YBA and Loo-mis MYF, at which time the Nisei graduates of various schools in the county were honored. The chapter put on a successful orchestra dance as part of the gala picnic program at the Loomis Legion Memorial hall, with Frank Fujita, social chairman, in charge. Toshi Koda George Koda Kazuma Takemoto * * * Holiday Greetings Mr. and Mrs. Fred Season's Greetings Holiday Greetings HOME DRUG STORE SUMIO KUBO, D.D.S. Yoshikawa Y. Ozawa 204 Mason Bldg. 6-4471 1147 F Street FRESNO, CALIFORNIA FRESNO, CALIFORNIA 1952 with a new set of officers to Fujita, social chairman, in charge. * * 11 Plans are now being made for the annual Year-end social, tenta-tively set for Saturday night, Dec. 29, at the Loomis Legion Memorial * GREETINGS Holiday Greetings Season's Best Wishes MARUKO CYCLERY **JOHN & FRANCES** MR. JOHN KUBOTA YANASE 1153 F St. Fresno, Calif. Season's Greetings Phone 4-4845 MITZI'S * * BEST WISHES SCHOOL OF TAILORING and COSTUME DESIGNING GREETINGS Season's Greetings 1144 F Street Fresno, California DR. FUSAJI INADA SAKURA ZUSHI Phone 2-3892 WEST FRESNO AND FAMILY FLORAL 1519 Kern St. Phone 2-6810 FRESNO, CALIFORNIA *1 SEASON'S GREETINGS Mr. & Mrs. Todd Sugai PAY LESS MARKET SEASON'S GREETINGS * GREETINGS Season's Greetings FRESNO FISH 1103 E St. AKI COMPANY Horibe Barber Shop FRESNO, CALIFORNIA 919 F St. Phone 3-7415 Hardware & Sporting Goods 1421 Kern Street FRESNO, CALIFORNIA FRESNO, CALIFORNIA Phone 2-2772 George Sakai, Prop. 1537 Kern St. Fresno Min and Tom Saito Phone 3-6403 George Horibe Satoshi & Yas Kuwamoto * Greetings * HOLIDAY WISHES **ASSOCIATED INSURANCE SERVICE** MERRY CHRISTMAS NISEI RECREATION "Greetings from George, Sumi, Diane Hugo, May Cheryl & 1419 Kern St. FRESNO, CALIFORNIA 9351/2 F Street Phone 3-9814 and Arlene Suda FRESNO, CALIFORNIA Bob Yoshikawa Phone 6-1164 Kirk Kazato' Tom Shirakawa Mike Iwatsuba * * * BEST WISHES HOLIDAY GREETINGS SEASON'S BEST WISHES "Happy Holiday Greetings" TANAKA **Tom Sakamoto** Dr. & Mrs. RESTAURANT and Family SAKAMOTO & OGAWA Henry Kazato 935 F St. FRESNO, CALIFORNIA Ernest Wayne & Janice Ann

Season's Greetings-



Mr. & Mrs. Frank Tanaka

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Holds Confab By Eiko Narita

THE WASHINGTON, D. C. I Chapter had a varied and successful program. The program included lectures, movies, socials, a variety show, picnic and was climaxed with a Christmas-New Year installation dinner and ball.

ner and Dall. The highlight of the year was the Eastern District Council Con-vention held at cherry blossom time in April. Some 120 delegates and members, including National President Randolph Sakada and National Director Mas Satow en-joyed the scenic beauty of Wash-ington. Congressman Chet Holi-field addressed the convention din-mer on civil liberties, stating that here a duressed the convention difference on civil liberties, stating that he was in favor of equality in im-migration and naturalization for our parents.

our parents. Besides the business and the election of E.D.C. officers, the delegates saw the 1950 National Convention movies, with running commentary supplied by National Vice President Tom Hayashi and Mike Masaoka. One of the high points of the Convention was the first Bastern preview showing of "Go for Broke," which was shown in the lush private studio of Eric Johnston. Johnston.

Dr. George Furukawa and Mr. Jun Hino, co-chairmen, handled the

Convention most capably. One of the most successful meet-ings of the year was the talent and variety show. Not only were the members and their friends enter-tained by local talent and im-

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Mrs. Frank Kimura Yoshiko Sakai

色

Northern Wyoming JACL

By TOM MORIOKA

The Northern Wyoming JACL instituted a novel project this year to help Nisei servicemen keep in touch with the JACL. All GI's are given paid-up memberships in the organization. The plan was instituted in April and the chapter hopes to make for closer JACL-GI relationships.

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lems, caring for the aged Issei, par-ticularly the unmarried men.

An election meeting on Nov. 17

Dr. James Takao, president; Joe Sugawara, 1st vice-president; Mrs. Lorraine Tokimoto, 2nd vice-presi-dent; Sally Okura, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Shiz Yee, recording secretary; and Roy Sugimoto, treasurer.

Army

Ruzzy Maeyama

2258 Pacific Ave.

ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA

NOC MONDONO DO NOC

"GREETINGS"

Saturday, December 22, 1951



Milwaukee Notes Participation In City Activities

Milwaukee, Wisc. The Milwaukee chapter recorded a notable list of activities during 1951, including numerous events in which they participated with other civic groups.

Activities included:

Activities included: Participation in the International Institute's annual dinner; JACL Valentine party at the Institute social room; attendance at the In-ternational Relations Club dinner at the Knickerbocker Hotel; JACL dance at the International Insti-tute; a paper drive, started in May and still continuing; annual food and games bazaar at the YWCA in May; first annual picnic in June and games bazaar at the YWCA in May; first annual picnic in June at Jackson Park; second annual picnic at Kletsch Park; attendance at the Foreign Students' Dinner at Schlitz Brown Bottle; ADC fund drive in September; October social; and the Holiday Folk Fair. A Christmas party will be the final event of the year for the chapter.

chapter.

Season's Greetings Alameda, Calif.

Season's Greetings YOSH'S BARBER SHOP 2310-A Buena Vista Ave. ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA * GREETINGS **Buddhist Temple** of Alameda Rev. S. Naito 2325 Pacific Ave. ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA * Season's Greetings . . . Dr. Roland S. Kadonaga OPTOMETRIST 2311 East 14th St. OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA ★ BEST WISHES Buena Vista **Methodist Church** 2311 Buena Vista Ave. ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA * GREETINGS HARUO IMURA Life and General Insurance 2225 Pacific Ave. ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA

Page 44

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Community Program Pushed by JACL Chapter in Detroit

By DORIS FUJIOKA

ways. It provided activities for the Japanese Americans but also participated in many civic functions.

1951 officers were installed in February at a dinner dance at the Hotel Fort Shelby. Main speaker was George Schermer. director of the Mayor's Internacial Committee, who said in his

director of the Mayor's Interracial Committee, who said in his talk "Pathways to Integration," that organization of minority proups was an important step to-ward complete integration. Installed were Sutemi Mura-yama, president; Wallace Kagawa, ist vice-president; Ben Ouchi, 2nd vice-president; Aiko Nakatani, re-cording secretary; Agnes Asa-cording secretary; Agnes Asa-reording secretary; Agnes Asa-reording secretary; Agnes Asa-tawa, corresponding secretary; istus Fujioka, treasurer; Rosalia Miyaya, historian; and Lloyd Joichi and Sud Kimoto, delegates. President Murayama's ability and leadership were inspiring to all and it was with much regret that

an open forum and a closing buf-WITH A FEELING OF PRIDE and accomplishment, the Motor City chapter of the JACL closes another successful and eventful year. During 1951 the Detroit JACL served the community in many rays. It provided activities for the Japanese Americans but also informality. The buffet supper, to which families and children were invited, was a novel idea in conven-tion history. Special entertainment was provided for the children and the food was cooked and donated by women in the local chapter.

international folk arts program at Belle Isle. Toyo Carey, Agnes Asakawa, Janice Kodani, Cath-erine Ishioka, Toshiko Horiuchi, Nobié Nanjo, Rae Okamoto and Carrie Yoshida were the dancers, directed by Locis Outlier and directed by Janice Ouchi and Mrs. K. Horiuchi. Victor Fuji-moto, Shig Itami, John Miya-gawa and Tom Hashimoto demonstrated judo.

monstrated judo. The chapter cooperated in the Detroit premiere of "Go For Broke." During United Nations Week in October, the JACL co-operated in an international din-ner at the International Institute. Local girls acted as waitresses. Late in November the group helped in presenting the International Institute's 21st Old World Market. The Japanese booth sold many Oriental items.

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Saturday, December 22, 1951



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MR. & MRS. GEORGE K. NISHITA and Family.

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MR. & MRS. RICHARD T. NISHIMOTO, MR. & MRS. S. K. NISHITA and Family,

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PACIFIC CITIZEN



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JOHN TAKESHIGE PETE K. HIRONAKA

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New York Chapter Initiates Novel Program for Funds

Iseri, two Nisei dancers in "The King and I".

cific Citizen.

MR. & MRS. BOB OTA,

AMY HAYASHI,

GEORGE OGINO,

Portland, Oregon

Portland, Oregon

SHIG SAKAMOTO,

SHIG TADA,

TEX MORIYASU,

HARRY ITAYA,

By MARY KASAHARA

1951 turned out to be a very eventful year for the New York JACL. The year was inaugurated in January with candlelight cabinet installation held at the McMasters Hotel and was climaxed on November 17th with a fund-raising carnival.

The following cabinet members were officially installed at dinner: President, Frank Okazaki; Vice President, Mitsu Yasuda; Recording Secretary, Masako Yamasaki; Treasurer, Sachi Tanaka; Corresponding Secretary, Sumi Hiramoto; Program

Director, Gerald Kubo; Financial Director, Loren Kitazono; Member-ship Director, Eddie Miyamasu; Publicity, Chiz Ikeda; Historian Mary Kasahara.

A vigorous membership drive under the leadership of Eddie Miyamasu was the first major project attempted by the new cabi-net. A goal of 200 members was set by the membership committee. It was a difficult task but with a persevering committee, the mempersevering committee, the mem-bership again exceeded the 200 mark.

A pledge committee was formed by Loren Kitazono, the financial director, to raise funds for the local chapter. Loren devised a pledge system whereby members and friends were asked to contribute \$1.00 a month for a period of one year. Under this ingenious plan, the pledger would be given twelve envelopes with which to send in his monthly contribution. The mail response was quite encouraging and the funds are just beginning

to come in. Responsible for many of the chapter's activities was the pro-gram committee headed by Gerald Kubo. Subcommittees were established as follows:

Cultural committee, Tomio Enochty, chairman; technology, Tosh Hirata; athletic; recreation, Kris Inaba; homemaking, May Hi-rata; "Copy Club," Mitsu Yasuda; legislative, Tom Hayashi; and com-munity wolfare givic service git munity welfare, civic service, citi-zenship and member welfare. Each sub-committee was to be

responsible for its own program of activities. The most outstanding performance was the cultural committee which sponsored a series of concert and theater parties as well as several forums, one of which was the "Iconographic Symposium" which featured Mac Oike, a New York artist and sculptor, and Morton Straus, prominent prize-winning photographer whose photographs adorn many, many exhibits. This affair drew a good crowd.

Tom Hayashi's legislative group tom Hayash's legislative group which has been working closely with the ADC all year sponsored a service meeting in October at which Tom explained the workings of the new evacuation claims law to large groups of Issei and Nisei; Rev. Alfred Akamatsu acted as inter-neter for the Issei preter for the Issei. One of the most active commit-

tees was the educational committee whose chairman, Woodrow Asai, was ably assisted by his wife, Hi-sayo. This committee put on the following meetings: 1. Security Depends on Démoc-

racy Civil Defense Night. 2. Speech of the Rev. Masao

taking charge of their own booths and concessions. The carnival at-tracted close to a thousand locals and out-of-towners. The credit for this grand success goes to Mitsu Yasuda, the Vice-President and Chairman, and her hard-working committee. With over seventeen booths from basketball throw, rou-lette, bingo to sushi, the response lette, bingo to sushi, the response was one of total success.

The New York Chapter wishes to close with greetings to everyone across the nation and thanks to the many friends who have helped and supported the Chapter.



- Yamada, former Chaplain of the 442nd.
- 4. Dr. George Nagamatsu presented his film on Japan taken on his trip last year.
- A tea given in honor of Yu-5. riko Amemiya and Michiko

Washington JACL Is Host to EDC

(Continued from page 43) respect to identification of school

children. The Washington, D. C. chapter enjoyed a successful year in 1951 under the leadership of Don Komai, president, with the able assistance of his cabinet: Mrs. Claire Minami, 1st vice-president; Toro Hirose, 2nd vice-president; Ethel Fuku-2nd vice-president; Ethel r uku-yama, recording secretary; Eiko Narita, corresponding secretary; Ben Nakao, treasurer; and Hal Horiuchi, board delegate. Also capably assisting were members of the executive cmmittee, Mrs. Chizuko Kobayashi, social chair-man and Akira Nose editor of the man, and Akira Nose, editor of the

D. C. New Notes. The 1952 cabinet was installed at the Christmas-New Year dinner ball, and consists of the following:

Rikio Kumagai, president Tosh Enokida, 1st vice-president Ben Nakao, 2nd vice-president Kathleen Iseri, recording secretary Mieko Kosobayashi, correspond-

ing secretary Yone Matsuo, treasurer

MILTON & MOLLY MAEDA, SHIZUKO OCHIAI, HANJI AKIYAMA. DR. & MRS. TED TSUBOI, Clifford and Roberta,

MR. & MRS. ARTHUR IWASAKI and Family,

FRANK C. HIRAHARA. I. OYAMA and Family, MR. & MRS. YOSHIO J. INOUYE, John, Agnes and Robert,

GEORGE & MARY SHIDO.

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an 28 Class Mallan Mallan

MUSIC IS THEIR WAY OF LIFE

(Ed. Note: Aiko Tashiro, author of this article, is well known in her own right as a musician. She has played in recitals and concerts in the United States and Japan, including a series of concerts in the onteen States and Japan, including a series of appearances on the Japan Broadcasting network, and has taught piano in Tokyo and New York City where she now resides. A native of Seattle, Wash., she is Mrs. Shig Hiratsuka in private life.)

By AIKO TASHIRO HIRATSUKA

COUPLE OF DECADES AGO it would have been dificult to A write .. a fair-sized article about Nisei musicians. Now the problem is how to narrow down even an arbitrary selection.

We know that there are many musicians who should be mentioned here, but of necessity we can name only the following. In our choice we have tried to cover a cross-section of the United States. Also, we have tried to ferret out people of diverse musical skills as well as solo talent, which is, of course, the more publicized.

In alphabetical order, therefore, here are a number of artists who typify the whole group of Nisei musicians:

Kei Imai, teacher of piano and organ in Kernersville, No. Caro-lina, was first regarded as some-thing of a "novelty" in the small town of Kernersville in the tobacco-producing Piedmont region of North Carolina.

Today it's said that most mothers want their children to study with Miss Imai, and her waiting list is long. She and her husband, James Nelson, are on the faculty of Kernersville High School.

Miss Imai was evacuated to Poston during the war with the rest of her family (her father is the Rev. K. Imai, longtime Methodist min-ister in Dinuba, Calif.) and went



from there to junior college and then to a four-year college (High Point) in North Carolina. While at High Point she met her husband and married him while still a student. She has a B.S. in music with a major in piano and organ.

The Nelsons are parents of a four-year-old daughter, Viki.

Tomi Kanazawa, lyric soprano, may well become this generation's most noted interpreter of the Madame Butterfly role.

Her singing of the Puccini heroine's role in San Francisco's Opera House only a year ago brought comment from Marjory M. Fisher, S.F. News critic, that "no finer portrayal of Madame Butterfly has ever been given in our Opera House than that given by Tomiko Kanazawa." In Seattle the Times critic said, "I have never heard an interpretation of the familiar 'One Fine Day' projected familiar 'One Fine Day' projected with the emotional eloquence that she gives it." Few young artists have elicited more downright rapture from the critics than Miss Kanazawa, whose press notices have been lavish with praise. Of recent years she has been touring the continent with notable

success, performing in Norway, Finland and Stockholm. Concerts last year in France and Palestine were cancelled as a result of her husband's illness, but she is expect-ed to make her Palestine engagements this year.

Her other operatic appearances as Mimi in "La Boheme" have elicited as much favorable com-

ment. Miss Kanazawa is, in private life, Mrs. Leo Mueller. A native of

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TOMI KANAZAWA-Miyatake Photo.

when she was named the outstanding young musical artist in Southern California in a competition sponsored by a local musical federation.

She is the first singer to sing the role of Cho-Cho-San in "Ma-dame Butterfly" in a television production of the opera which the NBC Opera Theater produced in 1950. The production, televised by the NBC network, was viewed by more than a million people. She also has appeared in the role with opera companies in New Orleans,

Cincinnati and other cities. In Nov., 1951, Miss Kanazawa returned to the United States from her triumphal Scandinavian tour.

artist, is a musical prodigy who started piano lessons at Juilliard School of Music when she was seven and was a perennial honor student, winning the Harry Rosen-berg Memorial, Frank Damrosch scholarship and Morris Loeb prizes. made her debut with the Chautaqua Festival orchestra under Frances Autori, after which she



Her most recent concert appearance was Dec. 5, when she played the Mozart A-Major Concerto with orchestra in New Britain, Conn. For the past two seasons she has played concerts in England, France and Italy.

Miss Miki is married to Andrew McKinley, violinist, singer and head of the Bronx House Music School in New York. He was in the orig-inal cast of Menotti's "The Consul," making a tremendous hit with his legerdemain as well as his singing.

time to preparing and continuing her concert career. She and her

husband have separate studios in the same building, where she puts in five hours of practice a day. She disbelieves what many people say—that she should make her New York debut now. She believes an ill-timed debut can hamper a young artist. She prefers to study more, gain concert experience abroad and within the United States and only then try New York's Town Hall. Next year Mr. and Mrs. Andrew McKinley hope to make a joint concert tour.

Helen Nakamura, symphony or-chestra violinist of Denver, is one of the few Japanese Americans in the large symphonic orchestras in this country. She is a graduate of the University of Denver.

James Shigeta is the Nisei lad who hit the big time only a few months after winning the Ted Mack

national amateur contest in 1950. Singing professionally as Guy Brion, he has been heard at the Mocambo, Chicago's Palmer House and the fabulous Flamingo in Las Vegas and on the Edgar Bergen, Bing Crosby and Hedda Hopper shows.

James is a mere youngster of 22, but a strapping, good-looking five-feet 11.

The only musical training he has had was that given him by Richard Vine of the University of Hawaii, where Shigeta studied for three years as an English major. His college life was interrupted in 1950 when he won the Amateur Hour contest.

We happened to be at Madison We happened to be at Madison Square Garden the night Shigeta appeared. It was the "big night." Noisy bobby-soxers stamped, clap-ped and yelled when the personable young man from Hawaii—leis and all—appeared. There was a by-now familiar reference to the 442nd, as Ted Mack asked: "You have a brother who was in the famous 442nd. don't you?" famous 442nd, don't you?" "YESSIR!" The applause was

deafening.

But it was on the merits of his singing that he won the grand prize.

Shigeta's career, which began that night, was sensational but brief: in September, 1951, he enter-ed the Marine Corps.

But he has won another honor, McKinley is emphatic that his wife do not teach but devote her he has been chosen for Officers'

(Continued on page 52)





The Heritage: Art

Space Composition in Two Dimensions

By Jobo Nakamura

THE APPEARANCE of abstract collages with an oriental touch in the bay area galleries caused a flurry of interest in the quiet, young man named Nobuo Kitagaki.

To seek Nobuo Kitagaki, you would have to find him outside of the usual Nisei world. A man of sensitivity and an insatiable love for life and people, Kitagaki chooses to live in what is probably the most interesting and fascinating part of San Francisco — the North Beach. His friends for the most part consist of bums, critics and dilettantes in the arts, bartenders, rebels against the Main Street conventions, "hopheads," and the neighborhood intelligensia.

and the neighborhood intelligensia. You may walk into a tiny little cafe like "Little Pisa," its walls literally covered with fresh paintings of the local artists and its floor sprinkled with sawdust. Here, in the corner, you may find Kitagaki conversing quietly with an artist friend while nursing a glass of good Italian wine.

Then he is eager to invite you over to his bachelor's apartment in a wooden building overlooking Telegraph .Hill, immediately off the garlic-scented streets of Little Italy where the world's best spaghetti is cooked. His window looks out onto the tiny crooked streets lined with cobblestones and the picturesque little wooden houses rendering the scene with Bohemian charm. The life of Nobuo Kitagaki is not the stereotyped existence of a struggling young artist living in a garret feeding on canned sardines and crackers. His civil service job as a transcriber with the Social Welfare Department of the state keeps him financially stable. His apartment is not luxurious but is furnished with contemporary American furniture, some home-made with an Oriental feeling. The use of shoji, or sliding doors, is a feature. Kitagaki first excited the imag-

Kitagaki first excited the imagination of art lovers with a collage picture "Death Descends on Hiroshima" at the annual watercolor show of the S.F. Art Association at the Museum of Art in Nov., 1948, although his collages have been exhibited in Chicago by the Midwest Artists League in 1947 and at the Exhibition Momentum, 1948, a|n d drew much attention there. After a modest one-man show in Berkeley at the Conden Library

After a modest one-man show in Berkeley at the Garden Library Gallery in July, 1950, the Lucian Labaudt Gallery in San Francisco took note of the interesting manner in which Kitagaki "manages to infuse non-objective art with an illusive Oriental objectiveness" and invited him to show his work to a wider and more critical audience.

wider and more critical audience. Critic Alfred Frankenstein who is invariably reserved in his comments about the work of any new artist may have betrayed his restraint by his overtone of enthusiasm for the work of the young Japanese, American. "These works are of the puristic,

geometric variety," he wrote, "trembling at the point of balance between the diagram and the composition, but always enough on the side of composition to justify their existence on works of art. . . . Kitagaki has plenty of ingenuity . . . he uses just enough ingenuity to give each design an individual character, but no more."

A collage, as Kitagaki would put it, is a "re-creation of moods some are architectural and some are just optical illusions." To an untrained pair of eyes, collages seem at first to be purely abstract designs of colors and shapes, but the more you look at them the more they seem to tell a story. It is like reading the simple lines of haiku, Japanese poems, in which the meaning becomes stronger the longer you look at them. Kitagaki, however, denies that he tries objectively to convey a message or attemnt to achieve "could media"

Nowever, denies that he trees objectively to convey a message or attempt to achieve "social reality." Although water color is h is chief medium, Kitagaki employs colored paper to a great extent and in some instances he is compelled to use pieces of string, tobacco wrappers, twigs, leaves, wire, or strips of cane seating pasted on to his drawings to set a proper mood. "I want to be a constructive abstractionist . . . with an Oriental touch," says Kitagaki. This space control, the unscientific use of perspective, sensitive lines, and the use of delicate colors in his pictures are all reminiscent of Japanese paintings.

While most young artists dream of New York and Paris, Kitagaki earnestly hopes to travel some day soon to Japan and live in Kyoto, the seat of Japanese art. He is interested in the Kabuki theater and reads whatever he can get hold of concerning the subject in Eng-

lish. He feels that the art field is a fertile one for young Nisei with talent in the arts. It is in this field that the Nisei can capitalize on their American influence and their Japanese background. The public appreciates the tradition of delicate Japanese art work. He cited that the French artists have long acknowledged a debt to the Japanese painters from whom many of the early French impressionists have drawn inspiration. Nobuo Kitagaki was born and bred in Oakland, California, and was an active Sunday School teach-

Nobuo Kitagaki was born and bred in Oakland, California, and was an active Sunday School teacher (he tells you this with a certain irony in his voice) at the Buddhist Church before the evacuation. His parents are living in Oakland. Kitagaki was at Fort Snelling during the war, and at that time, he won as a first prize award the gold medal in the Seventh Service Command's Army Art Contest for his Indian gouache and ink rendering, "Design f or Ballet" which was put on display at the National Art Gallery, Washington, D.C. It didn't take the army long to discover his usefulness in the art field and Army brass soon transferred him to the Special Service branch to do art work in the post theater and the art galleries.

After the war, Kitagaki won entrance to Cooper-Union, an art school which requires no tuition but a rigorous examination to get in. In other words, he was one of the few chosen from 900 applicants to study at that art institution. It was at the Chicago Institute of Design in 1947-49 that he became powerfully influenced by Moholy-Nagy and while he was studying under the Great One, he dropped his conventional water color style to take up collages and other abstract drawings. (Continued on page 55)

Holiday Greetings

from PLACER COUNTY JACL PENRYN, CALIFORNIA **1951 OFFICERS** President Frank Hironaka Vice Presidents: Loomis District Koichi Uyeno George Hirakawa Penryn District Newcastle District Kelvin Mitani Harry Okusako Auburn District -- Masaru Morishige Lincoln District Recording Secretary - - - - Natsuye Osaki Ellen Kubo Roy T. Yoshida - Frank Fujita Athletic Director Hugo Nishimoto WILL MEET YOU AT THE 1952 NATIONAL CONVENTION IN SAN FRANCISCO



Page 51

PACKERS and SHIPPERS OF DECIDUOUS FRUITS





aturday, December 22, 1951

PACIFIC CITIZEN





James Shigeta, popular singer from Honolulu, is known as "Guy Brion" to those who have heard his rich baritone voice in the Mocambo in Hollywood, Palmer House in Chicago or the Flamingo in Las Vegas.

Flamingo in Las vegas. In 1950 he won the Ted Mack Amateur Hour Contest. Appearing at Madison Square Garden, the lei-covered Shigeta boomed out with Cole Porter's "Night and Day," and won the 1950 national Amateur Hour championship. His success in the next few months was little short of sensational. He teamed up with Hawaiian-born singer Charles Davis, took the stage name of Guy Brion, and began a career which was halted only in deference to Uncle Sam. Late in September of 1951 he was inducted into the Marine Corps.



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urday, December 22, 1951

HE DREAMS UP NEW GADGETS

(Continued from page 54) Japanese in St. Louis; therefore, is many activities are planned to relude the Nisei, Issei, Sansei, and hnese and Hawaiian young peoe as well.

community activities Other which claim his interest and suport are the Campus YM/YWCA bard of Managers at Washington our of the second secon masters' hapter.

When he isn't teaching, design-ing, or dreaming up new gadgets, Joe is busy lecturing and lobby-ing for the Nisei cause and for better community relations. He has made many speeches in the has made many speeches in the past year, covering such varied au-diences as youth groups, adult groups, professional groups, church groups, service clubs, veterans groups, college groups, and high chool students.

A "Veterans' Trio" consisting of himself, a Jewish ex-G.I., and one of Catholic faith regularly tours the city's high schools during Brotherhood Week, talk-ing to the students about the importance of getting along with others. Joe is known as the anchor man of the trio.

Virgil Border, executive director f the St. Louis office of the Naional Conference of Christians and Jews, says, "Joe is more than just s speaker in our group. He has the knack of putting himself over in youth groups where, we believe, it is most important to begin to foster better understanding and to reduce prejudices. We consider him a consultant in this field.

"On panels, he inspires the members and has a very leveling kind of influence which helps to minimize emotional outbursts. He maintains good poise, and rebuffs, which are numerous at times, are handled in a dignified, sensible manner.

"We consider Joe an outstanding citizen and we are proud of his work in promoting better understanding and harmony within all groups of the community."

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Season's Greetings



Space Composition in Two Dimensions

(Continued from page 51) Kitagaki's work is neat and precise. He seeks for the logical cleanliness and full vision, devoid of loosely trailing connotative as-sociation while collage is traditionally a non-objective form.

Eleanor Jewett of the Chicago Tribune described Kitagaki's work as carrying the delicate sensitivity of his teacher, Moholy-Nagi, and "the combination of Oriental back-

C. O. C. O. C. O. C. O.

Season's Greetings

Florence

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ground, rich in intelligent details, with imaginative doodling."

Such has been the response wherever his pictures have been exhibited. With rapid acknowledg-ment of his contribution to modern art, local galleries (not already mentioned previously) which have mentioned previously) which have presented his collages in the last year (1950-51) are Henri Lenoir's Vesuvio, San Francisco; Siminoff's Decorative Art Show at Hotel Claremont, Berkeley; Oakland Art Gallery; Decorative Art Depart-ment at the University of Califor-nia, Berkeley; Temple Sinai's "Arts in Action" exhibition, San Francisco, and the Termon Baker presentation, Monterey. This is in-dicative of the up-and-coming pop-ularity of this imaginative young man who works with colored paper and string. Season's Greetings Ray E. Hoey & Son **REAL ESTATE &** INSURANCE and string. 101 N. Broadway In January, 1952, Nobuo Kita-SANTA MARIA, CALIF. Ph: 5-1589 Ray E. Hoey - Chas. E. Hoey

gaki will present a one-man show of three-dimensional experimenta-tion in collage at the Berkeley Garden Library where his work first gained recognition in the summer of 1950.

Season's Greetings

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Paul Kurokawa

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GUADALUPE, CALIFORNIA

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ONE WORLD IN SEATTLE

Words and Pictures by Elmer Ogawa

SEATTLE'S MAYOR made a proclamation during Seafair Week, in which he named our old neighborhood Seattle's "International Center." The title reflects the conditions to which this community has become adjusted.

As in many a "Little Tokyo," the war years brought an infiltration of many peoples. In the confusion and congestion, the former internees had to seek readjustment. That readjustment is characterized by two major developments.

First, the birth of a new community feeling in which six (including Indians) ethnic groups cooperate in the civic, cultural, economic, social and political life of the community. As the result is praiseworthy, so is the significant work of the Jackson Street Community Council under the able leadership of Executive Secretary Ruth Manca. In liaison, and in the development of a cooperative unity, the Council probably is one of the most distinctive organizations in the nation.

The second phase of the readjustment may perhaps be described as integration, though it is true that the tofu factory, the confectioner, and the sukiyaki house relocated in or near the eld premises.

Significant are the changes in employment and housing, and the new vista is bright indeed. From the industrial shops to the most specialized professional offices in the city, Nisei merit has been proved and accepted. To the Nisei it has brought a feeling of well being and security. In the matter of housing, resignation to existence in a slum-like "Little Tokyo" is becoming a thing of the past. The apparent theme in the quest for new and better housing is, "Design for Living" and the standard is high as evidenced by recent purchases. Beacon Hill is the point of highest concentration. An apparent reflection on this trend is that a Caucasian-owned neighborhood supermarket now features a special section of imported Japanese groceries, dried fish and all.

Right, top to bottom: Royalty from the Seafair annual celebration visits the international center and gets lessons in the use of chopsticks. While Prime Minister Larry Dugan looks on, Dan Sarusal coaches Seafair Queen Shirley Flowers and Mrs. K. Okiyama lends a hand to His Royal Highness King Neptune, William O. McKay.

The International Branch of the Seattle First National Bank is well named, when one scans its customers and employees. Nisei girls on the staff: Mae Natori, rear, pro-manager; Bernadette Sasaki, Bernadette Horiuchi, Grace Kasahara and Amy Takano at phone.

The diversified racial groups in Seattle's interracial community find common ground in their love for art. Here, in a critique at the home of George Tsutakawa, University of Washington art instructor, artists Kay Chong, James Washington and John Matsudaira appraise a work, "Shopping Center," by K. Nomura. Nisei veterans receive canvassing assignments

for a Community Chest drive from Ruth Manca, executive secretary.

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PREMIERE AT THE MIYAKO

By Mary Oyama

(Editor's Note: The Nisei Experimental Group, known more familiarily as NEG to its enthusiastic supporters, recently presented its premiere performance of "The Plums Can Wait," a study of Nisei-Issei life, at Los An-geles' Miyako Hotel. The production inspired the following playlet by Mary Oyama.)

Time: 5 A.B. (After Bomb)

Characters: You, Me, Everybody Setting: Little Tokyo, Los Angeles: Scene 1: Kitchen, Scene 2, Conference Room, Miyako Hotel, Scene 3, Yellow Cab.

TELEPHONE VOICE (Could be Director Okubo): If the minimum 38 first nighters don't show up, we'll cancel the Saturday, Sunday performances,

Narrator's voice: Hardly "oke," for that gloomy pronouncement set an uneasy prelude to the evening's debut, so unsettling that supper was dismissed in favor of a hastily bolted banana. And soon you found yourself lightheadedly climbing the stairs of Little Tokyo's "finest," a modest place but good enough. Easily accessible, centrally located.

KAZIE (could be someone you know, nervously ascending first flight, eyeing simple sign with pointing arrow "EXPERIMENTAL GROUP UP-STAIRS," another "QUIET PLEASE," a third in Japanese calligraphy; she thinks, turning up second hight): Must be a translation of the first two, may-be Okubo's work. So much to do, so much to worry about. (In mounting trepidation) Have my worries, too. What if Marlon Brando comes, as my Israel-ian guest promised—oh Lord!

(Turning into dingy-dark corridor) How keep him incognito to the cast? Pass him off as Eurasian —Joe Yoshimoto? One fourth Japanese? Will he suffer the inquisition of a high-school-calibre thea-trical? (turns into another hall) The kids should have been warned to utmost perfection of performance, their morale rallied against any such dire act of God, and worse yet: what if NOBODY comes?

(Closes eyes in dread of opening Conference Room door, fearing rows of empty seats. Shoves way in.) A full-capacity house, thank God! (aloud)

RESERVATIONS CLERK: Did you say some-

Narrator: Master of Ceremonies Okubo, under a canopy of six orange-cellophaned lights, clad in impressive formal montsuki (familycrested attire of a Japanese gentleman) stood beside a small console-type table. Raising a closed fan in his hand, he signalled baton-like for silence. Grouped around in concentric circles, the Nisei and non-Nisei audience focused eyes upon him.

KAZIE (seats self beside Ben-Amotz, a youthful Alan Ladd or Jeff Chandler): Glad you came. BEN-AMOTZ (researcher in cinematography sent by Israelian government): Marlon couldn't come —overtime at the studio. But I brought Ronnie here. (Introduces pleasant collegian-type girl).

here. (Introduces pleasant collegian-type girl). KAZIE (nods, thinking "Thank God!" but aloud): I'm SO sorry (to self): For their sakes, hope the play turns out okay. (Clutches purse anxiously as lights dim, Okubo-san clacking sharply upon two oblong blocks of wood, traditional props of the classical Japanese stage. Darkness muffles room.)

Narrator: From somewhere out of the darkness "backstage," if such there is to central

staging, there trailed forth the plaintive notes of a Japanese flute, the voice of which sounds like music coming over the snow of a black and lonely night. Eerily, gently, a melancholy

lay in minor key tremuloed through the hush Sights and sounds were resurrected, dream. memories which you thought you had buried long ago in the forgotten limbo of childhood: samurai tales and flashing swords, flickering pine-torches smoking in the night. Chanted ballads of vengeance and gory beheadings in the 'snow. When and where had you lived these days before?

As your Japanese "heritage" stirred in un. easy response, you marveled as the play unfolded. Not bad, you thought, not bad at all.

The Play Within a Play Unfolded

Lights open upon a Northern California bunk-Lights open upon a Northern California bunk-house of an evening early in June, presenting a tale of conflict between two Nisei brothers on a farm. Tom, the idealist-dreamer, and George, the conscientious filial, quarrel over the crisis of im-pending eviction, which to one is a means of escape and to the other a dangerous threat to their dubious security.

At the climax of the quarrel, the usually self-contained, stoic widow-mother breaks down in an contained, store widow-incorrer breaks down in an emotional collapse, which forces an immediate de-cision. Two possible solutions to their problem are presented by two different casts, one directed by Nisei Hiro Okubo and another cast by Ted Samuels. Both present interesting studies in comparative treatment timing paging mode treatment, timing, pacing, mood.

With lines bi-lingually spoken by both inter-racial casts, in Japanese by the Issei mother, Mrs. Wada, and in English by the boss, Mr. White, and the Nisei American brothers, a certain authenticity marks the two performances. It is a novel experience to witness a play written by and about Nisei, enacted by Nisei and non-Nisei actors-like seeing oneself on the screen. Thought-provoking, too.

At the conclusion of the play, calls for "Author, Author," brought forth an embarrassed Kashiwagi to take modest bows.

Narrator: After the finale, there was much to discuss during the social hour which followed.

BEN-AMOTZ: The Japanese flute was wonder-ful, but the story a bit weak-lacking in dramatic values.

RONNIE: Yes, but within the slight framework of the one-act play that it is, with attendant restric-tions, wasn't the presentation very good? Con-sidering the cast was non-professional, didn't they do well? They are student-beginners, aren't they? KAZIE: (between tea-sips and munching on rice conclusion). They are "theory of the states"

cookies): They're all beginners, playwrights, actors, everybody. In fact, this was Kashiwagi's first play, and we need more playwrights to furnish us with working material. We could stand more novelists, too, as the Nisei still have no first magnitude writer. Everything is just beginning. Give us time and we will produce more creative artists. Remember our Issei parents have only been here since the turn of the century, the Nisei only since World War One, and people never knew we existed until World War Two. If World War Three doesn't mess things up. we might evolve some sort of cultural synthesis as our contribution to American culture. (Stops suddently, thinking, what stuffy things am I saying?)

BEN-AMOTZ (to Kazie): By the way, what's (Continued on page 61)

And the second second second



Pound for Pound "The Best Athlete in the Country" By Elton Foreman

Naming any one man as the greatest in the country at any particular line of endeavor is a pretty risky business, and when you make it something as nebulous as "Pound for pound the best athlete in the nation," you are really asking for truoble. But Fresno State College athletic fans are willing to take that risk in claiming that honor for their great little football and baseball star, Satoshi "Fibber" Hirayama.

The five foot, four inch, 137 pound Fibber has just concluded his third and final varsity season for the Fresno State College Bulldogs, and it places him with the all-time great small backs in the history of football. Statistics, including his average of better than five yards per carry for his three years of play, tell only a small part of the story of his value to the Bulldog cause.

Used at either left or right halfback in the tricky Split-T formation, Fibber ran from either position, sometimes on alternate plays, without a mistake. An unusually quick starter, he was as apt vo bolt through the middle of the line on a quick opening play as he was to skirt the end and give the opposing inebackers fits with his ducking, cutting, and change of pace. When tacklers ganged up on him at the line of scrimmage, he could pass over their heads with disconcerting effectiveness, and had one 61 yard touchdown pass play to his credit this season. But not all of his gains were of the spectacular type. More than once, when two or three yards were needed at a crucial point it was Fibber who do ve through for those small but important gains.

An example of Fibber's play, one of many such, occurred in this year's game with Santa Barbara College. He broke through for about 20 yards, was cornered by two tacklers, lateraled to left half Herman Hamm and took both tacklers out with one clean block. Only the fact that Hamm touched a chalk line en route to the goal nullified a certain touchdown.

In intercollegiate baseball, per-HOLIDAY GOOD WISHES MORINO BROS. 1806 Sutter St. WEst 1-3774

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of Fibber's effectiveness. In 1950, as a sophomore, he took the California Collegiate Athletic Association batting championship with an average of .406 and was named on the all-CCAA team. During the campaign he caught, played third base, second base, and shortstop as well as in the outfield. Bulldog coach Pete Beiden's dilemna was simply that he didn't know where he could use Fibber best—he was invaluable wherever he played.

Through the 1951 campaign, while Fresno State was winning 36 out of 40 games and winning recognition as one of the nation's top college nines, the name of Hirayama appeared in the batting order for every game.

halk line en route to the goal nulliied a certain touchdown. In intercollegiate baseball, per-

46 runs, hit 10 doubles, one triple and one homer, drew 40 bases on balls, stole 36 bases, including several thefts of home plate, and was credited with 35 runs batted in. He again won all-CCAA recognition, and topped the conference in runs scored, doubles, and stolen bases. His 1.000 fielding average speaks for itself.

Rival coaches, sports writers, and professional scouts agreed that he could have been a sensation in the Class C California League, in which the St. Louis Cardinals own the Fresno club, but with one more year of college baseball eligibility, Fibber is paying no heed to professional offers yet.

One of the most popular men on the Fresno State campus, Fibber is a good student, active in campus affairs, and extremely modest about his athletic accomplishments. His popularity is attested by the fact that FSC students this year elected him "Campus King," an honorary title in which his main official function is to escort one of the young lady candidates for the title of Campus Queen up to the coronation throne at the annual Queen's Ball.

A P.E. major at the college, Fibber has not yet decided whether to go into professional baseball upon graduation, to enter the





Saturday, December 22, 1951



(Continued from page 58)

your relation to this group? Are you a player,

KAZIE: No! Just a sort of patroness or unlot of moral support.

BEN-AMOTZ: We have to leave now, but I'll be sure to tell Marlon all about this. Goodnight.

AL MIYADI (23-year-old ex-editor of Cross-roads): Just one more sob from the mother and I would've bust down crying!

MAS KOJIMA: (Phi Beta Kappa union organ-izer): And did you hear that brother George charjuer): And did you hear that brother George char-acter—the funny Anglicized way he pronounced the words "Dai Butsu" (Great Buddha) like "Dye-boots_ obh." Even I, with my lousy Japanese, could have done better, I think.

KASHIWABARA (Cal Tech grad engineer): Naughty-naughty. Did you hear Tom call his brother a sonofabee right in front of his Mom?

OKUBO (patiently to guest who has suggested something about a Madame Butterfly play):-Japa-nese mistress of the first American ambassador to Japan. You know who Townsend Harris was?

Japan. You know who rownsend Harris was? GRACIE (Nisei staff member of local Negro weekly, winking as she refills Kazie's teacup): Plenty of Madame Butterflies now. Ask the occupation. SOMEBODY ELSE: Modern Butterflies die no more of broken hearts. Nosiree. Now she gets her man like the Canadian Mounted Police, and GI Joes gets her passage-entry to America by act of Congess, no less. KASHIWAGI (passing Kazie more cookies):

KAZIE (taking some): Thanks. Your play was KAZIE (taking some): Thanks. Your play was okay. Your unofficial encourager would have been very proud of his protegee tonight. Too bad he couldn't have been present. Better write him all about the premiere. He'd want to know . . . (to self) or would he? Would the status of Nisei cul-tural evolution matter very much to a serviceman concerned with the life and death business of war? The Korean war obtruding like Banquo's ghost. (to Kashiwagi in lowered voice) This war is no picnic. is no picnic.

KASHIWAGI (nods, his mobile face changing to an expression of gravity): Ken's son is in the war,

^{koo.} KAZIE (as if to self, reminded of own Boy Scout age son): Hope the boy returns safely. NARATOR: "Our planes sprayed the fleeing enemy with flaming napalm." KAZIE (to self, annoyed, disturbed): What if the situation had been reversed? More planes, more Bapalm, more men. More tea to exorcise the ghost. GOMPERS SAIJO (young artist): Hey, where in hell's the tea?

TEEN-AGED UNDERSTUDY (thrusting head forth from rear kitchenette, hen emerging to col-lect empty teacups): No more tea. Scram, you . everybody's going home. Narrator: The crowd was exiting into the

hall, but you hovered around in exhilarated curiosity as the MC began to dismiss the cast with admonitions to hurry home for needed sleep and rest for the morrow's performance. Only the old faithful standbys remained to gather props under a sprinkling of post-mortem advice. Leading man "Tom" relaxes on the prop cot, arms covering his weary eyes.

OKUBO: Frank, in your last speech you should have kept your voice under control. (Folds up chairs.

FRANK (sliding off cot): Yeah, I know. Nobody was more surprised when my voice cracked like that. (Stacks folded chairs into corner.) * OKUBO (doffing montsuki robes, once more becoming Hiro Okubo, mundane employee of Grand Central Market, Third and Broadway.) How do you fold these robes? (Rolls robes a-la-scroll, in a man-ner which would have made orthodox Issei shudder, jams roll under arm and moves to door): Thirty-eight people before intermission. More came later, more than 40.

KAZIE: "Approximately 50 enthusiastic devotees of little theater witnessed the performance. . ."

OKhBO: Why didn't the Ano Mainichi News send someone to cover tonight? We didn't get enough publicity. Sent all the papers plenty of pics and handout stuff."

KAZIE: Ano staff-cultureless philistines. Their absence doesn't mean a darn. But on second thought, Kono Mainichi representative didn't come either. Maybe busy-give them two more days of grace.

FRANK (suddenly remembering he is treasurer as well as leading man and prop-boy): Oh, we forgot to count the money.

OKUBO: How much in the hat?

FRANK (counting and stacking): Enough to cover sembei, tea, incidental expenses.

NARRATOR: Tea. "Our planes sprayed the fleeing enemy. . . ."

KAZIE (to self): The draft can surely wait until NEG can afford more tea.

OKUBO (yawns): God, I'm tired. (Sigh.) Call a cab for me. Got to tip the janitor. Everything back in place? Oke. (Switches off light as Frank disappears down hall.)

KAZIE (recovering, glances back at vacant Con-ference Room): Not a bad place, just the right size. Did NEG get it for free?

OKUBO (following through door): Rent three dollars. (Looks to see if Frank is gone, lowers voice) Thank God, tomorrow's payday. I sunk \$59 into this. Don't tell anybody, can't worry the cast with financial worries. We need a----

KAZIE: An angel. Aren't there any well-off, artminded Issei who'll give us money? A press-agent, too. It's embarrassing for the playwright-actor to toot his own horn. You need a hostess-receptionist, to catch supporters' names, addresses, phone-num-bers. A book for same. Haven't you even got a tablet? Pick one up at the dime-store for you. Need a technical crew, too. More men.

Narrator: More time. So down the stairs, into the lobby, out to the street corner. Frank was gone but the cab he called, waiting. In the cab you offered to pay your share of the ride, remembering the flatness of Okubo's pocketbook, not wanting to seem a cadger of rides. But he waved you away.

OKUBO (protesting): Think, THINK of a true Japanese gentleman's haji (shame.) Don't be so crude and unladylike as to mention money. Say no more about it! (Tired smile creases plumpish, kindly face, wavering into an outright yawn.)

KAZIE: On second thought, if Brando had come tonight, it wouldn't have been so catastrophic. Have a feeling he would have been artist enough to recognize that we had something here. (to self) Someday an international theater with an interracial cast in a world at peace. Time enough and the whole world for a stage. . . .

NARRATOR: If the Ghost were properly exorcised.

VOICES: Goodnight, goodnight.

(Author's note: Marlon Brando was interested. According to subsequent reports from NEG he attended their celebration party. The Ghost is still around.)

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THE FOREIGN TRADE GA

By ROKU SUGAHARA

HARDY NISEI SURVIVORS of the foreign trade game, from Manhattan to Li'l Tokyo, are casting anxious eyes at 1952.

1952 is going to be the big year.

With the Japanese Peace Treaty now historic fact, the feeling is current that Japan's trade with this country will reach full bloom come the first of next year. The barriers are down, the obstacles cleared, and it's clear sailing ahead.

At least that is the hope of the foreign trader. Add to this situation, Japan's desperate need for dollar credits and her realization that she must export to survive.

Of course it is not quite as easy and simple as that. It is not like turning on a faucet and find-ing a steady stream of profitable items to import into this country. There's the little matter of raw materials, competitive pricing, customs duties, and accurate specifications

accurate specifications. Today, Japan finds herself in a peculiar situa-tion. No longer is she able to flood merchandise into any sector of the world. In the first place, she does not have the productive capacity and in the more important phase, her prices are no longer competitive. With rising labor costs in Japan, coupled with the towering raw materials prices, the Japanese items find much competi-tion from the European countries. High freight rates, increasing tariff duties, and consumer resistance to Japanese goods are other factors which hamper Japan's long road back to economic recovery.

Japan today exports about \$70,000,000 worth of goods a month. Most of this merchandise, about \$25,000,000 each month, is coming into this coun-The New York and eastern seaports handle close to \$20,000,000 or 80% of the total Japanese

There has been a radical change, however, in There has been a radical change, however, in the present foreign trade scene as compared with the pre-war trading. Whereas as much as 75% of the total business with Japan was handled by the super-Kaishas (companies) before Pearl Harbor, this traffic now has been diverted to various and sundry import-export houses. At the present time there are some 60 Kaisha representatives here in New York handling the affairs of 28 of the larger post-war Japanese cor-porations. Their volume of business is only a mere 10% of what their predecessors handled before the

10% of what their predecessors handled before the

The Nisei foreign trader has also entered into this new picture. There are close to 30 Nisei firms who are still doing business here. My guess is that they handle about 5% of the total Japanese import volume in this city, or do about \$1,000,000 worth of business a month.

The Nisei importer in New York is a new phenomenon. Most of these hopefuls emigrated from the West Coast. In the last five years about 125 companies were started in these parts. About 95 of them have folded their tents and quietly gone out of existence. Most of these casualties dropped a large honkroll and were these to the west wait large bankroll and went back to the west coast with a realization that it is not so easy to operate a profitable venture in this highly competitive area.

profitable venture in this highly competitive area. What were the main reasons for their failures? Well, there are a combination of factors. For the most part I would say the difficulty has been the inability to get delivery of goods from Japan. A huge amount of samples were always obtainable but large import orders were unfilled. There was also the difficulty of obtaining uniform quality in the material imported. Deliveries were often slow. In other cases the import order did not measure

up to the samples. Financing, or the lack of it, often proved a downfall. It takes large sums of money to conduct an import operation, especially when Japan demanded 100% of the purchase price before the material was loaded on a ship. The handicap of a shifting and ambiguous price policy in Japan also hurt the Nisei trader. He found price quotations on the same item were all over the lot.

lot. There were other lessons that the Nise in-porter in New York had to learn. He soon found out that he could not cover the entire range of customers for his importations. He had to decide to operate through a broker, a jobber, or a wholesaler. He found out that "con-mections" were important and that the "ight" customer was hard to find. He also realized that Manhattanites were hard, shrewd, cagey, and de-ceptive operators. He had to learn the lesson of "cutting in" people on the deal and the importance of "greasing" the right palms. He found out that New York was a city where some one could "al-ways get it cheaper" and where some one could always "get a higher price."

always "get a higher price. Overhead costs were mounting, so were the transportation costs, the cable and telephone er-penses. The Nisei trader was caught in between and Me soon was eased out of the picture. Today the hardy 30 Nisei firms form the hard core of importers who handle this \$1,000.

000 worth of trade with Japan per month. Some of their business may be taken away when the Kaishas re-establish themselves, but the feeling current among them is that they can hold their own.

There has been a decided shift in the type of imports coming in from Japan to this country.

imports coming in from Japan to this county. During the 1930s the main export item out of Japan was raw silk. Close to 30% of the total valuations of Japanese exports was in silk. Now, in the 1950s, raw silk is just a minor item. The silk importers here are doing just 10% of their pre-war business. It seems that nylon and rayon have taken over the market during the war years. Today we find that scrap metals and semifnish-ed metals lead the list of imports from Japan. Porcelainware, sewing machine heads, chemicals, frozen tuna fish, finished textiles, toys, and novel-ties are also important items coming from Japan. Binoculars, cigarette lighters, cameras, and cannel goods are other importations coming into this com-try in sizable quantities. try in sizable quantities.

try in sizable quantities. What are the prospects for the dominance of the Japanese Kaishas in this post-war era? Not so good. That is my guess. Gone are the billion-dollar Japanese corporate bodies like Mätsui, Mitsubishi, NYK, OSK, and others. Their post-war facsimiles are only mild copies of the original. They do not have the finances and the facilities to compete on a word-wide basis as a decade ago. They do not have the personnel and talented leadership. Of this much we can be certain. Japan, like England, must export to surviva. Despite many obstacles she must somehow recap-ture the markets she lost during the war year.

ture the markets she lost during the war years. The volume of business between Japan and the

United States, must, of necessity, increase. It is also logical to assume that several of the larger Japanese companies will establish branch offices in this country.

Not for a good many years, however, will the Kaisha return to its pre-war eminence and power. In the meantime, the Nisei foreign trader can reap the benefits of these changing times. He, too, when firmly established, will be hard to dislodge.



saturday, December 22, 1951

PACIFIC CITIZEN

Short Story:

. 11 ... AS A HATTER"

By YURII KYOGOKU

"WHO CAN it be so late?" Mother said as she went to answer the door.

Oh, good evening, Mrs. Numata. Won't you me in?" I heard her saying when I went into the front room.

"I know it's awfully late but I was passing by your house and saw the light so I thought I muld come to thank you for being so kind to the children while I was away," said Mrs. Numata as she came in and seated herself in the armchair.

"It was nothing at all," Mother said. "I wish | could have done more."

Noticing me, Mrs. Numata said, "Oh, hello, Kiyo. Here," and suddenly tearing off a bunch of daisies from her hat and handing them to me, "aren't they pretty? Better put them in some water before they wilt."

When I returned to the room, holding the class of water with the daisies in it, carefully, heard her saying:

"... it was the rains first of all which spoiled the lettuce crop. All the lettuce rotted and got slimy. And then wind started to blow day after day; the house got dusty and gritty. Everywhere I walked the sand crunched under my shoes and the baby was blown away. Some nights I could hear him crying for me in the wind but he wouldn't be there when I went outside to find him. Whenever the wind blew. | couldn't rest and so I went to the hospital. It was calm there with green lawns everywhere. I used to sit in the sun with my eyes closed. It was peaceful and quiet; the wind stopped blowing."

She was silent for a while: then seeing a photograph of my older sister in her wedding dress on the mantel, she began again: "Oh, what a beautiful bride all in white.

When I was married, I didn't even change my dress. I got off at San Francisco with a picture of my husband and he had my picture; it was the first time I ever 'saw him. We got into an automobile and went to some kind of building and were married. Numata is kind, he doesn't say anything, but I think he wants a beautiful bride all in white. Maybe my daughter can have a white dress when she marries. She's only ten yet; she doesn't know anything, the hardships and troubles of being a wife. Work, work, work all day and late at night and then the wind comes and takes away your baby. You, too, Kiyo, you don't understand, but wait till you grow older, then you will see "if I'm not right."

Mother came in just then with some tea and a candy bowl filled with red peppermint bullets. I hadn't even known she had left the room. "Won't you have some tea?" she asked Mrs. Numata.

"Thank you. Tea was one thing I missed at the hospital. They made me drink milk. The smell used to make me sick: I had to throw it away before the nurse came, down the

The doorbell interrupted her; it was Mr. Numata come to take her home.

"Goodbye," Mrs. Numata said popping a peppermint bullet into her mouth so the words came out indistinctly, "Thank you for the tea."

Mr. Numata stayed behind to whisper to Mother, "Thanks for calling me up. I was getting worried about her. Good night."

After they left, the house seemed suddenly very quiet and I felt so sad tears came to my eyes. "Why did you act that way, Mother? As if you didn't want to listen to her and wanted her to go home? Why?";

Mother came over and stood beside me and gently stroked my hair. She didn't say anything. I looked at the daisies coming apart in the glass; the water had turned into a muddy green-

ish-yellow.





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Saturday, December 22, 1951

His Parish The World: "FATHER JOE"

Story and Pictures by Vincent T. Tajiri

THE BOYISH-LOOKING young man in the stiffly-starched | this would be extremely difficult, inclerical collar paused for a moment to draw softly on his as much as his work has mostly been in the realm of the intangible, heavy briar pipe; then, leaning forward, he continued in that softspoken deliberate manner of his, with each word seemingly analysed before being permitted to be uttered, "My life has been centered on three things: one, religion; two, education; and three, years before one can judge the resocial welfare."

The young man expounded for a brief moment on these three

things and then, apparently em-barrassed to have spoken of him-self, smiled and awaited the interromp merrily through the meadows of heaven, Father Joe's religion is on an intellectual, practical, work-able level. With an intense be-lief in the potentialities of the human race, his sermons are de-vised to assist his congregation and the community in battarise the viewer's next question.

The young man was Rev. Jo-seph Kitagawa, whom the Nisei call "Father Joe." In the three fields of his interest, he has con-tributed much to the Japanese in the United States.

the community in bettering them-selves by the acknowledgement of social responsibilities; and to fur-As a minister of the Episco-palian faith, Father Joe typifies a new concept in religion. As con-trasted against the melodramatic, ther develop their latent skills by education. trasted against the melodramatic, gesticulating ministers, (so preva-lent in the pre-Pearl Harbor era), who were out to save souls, pack the pews and send their congrega-tion back to their meager homes to be content with the sparseness of their lives in the hope that in the after-life their souls would

the immeasurable and the unspec-tacular. Father Joe himself modestly believes that it will be ten sult of his influence on those who came under his guidance.

Much of Father Kitagawa's work, particularly that in the so-cial welfare field, has been of a confidential, personal nature; therefore we are limited, in this article, to discuss only those known, publishable facts about the man.

Born in Osaka, Japan, the second son, fourth child of Chiyokichi Kitagawa, an Episcopalian min-ister who served many years as a missionary in Formosa, young Joichi, in his boyhood, dreamed of becoming a fireman.

The Fire Department lost an-The Fife Department lost an-other aspirant when Joichi Kita-gawa, following his graduation from Rikkyo university with a Bachelor of Arts degree, entered the Central Theological college in Tokyo where he later graduated with a Licensia in Theology. While making plans to attend school in Australia as an exchange student. Australia as an exchange student, Rev. Kitagawa entered church work, concentrating much of his time on the youths in whom he had always been so deeply interested.

Father Joe was never to con-Father Joe was never to con-summate his plans of an educa-tion in Australia. In February, 1941, he was called by Bishop Hus-ton of Seattle to assist his brother, Rev. Daisuke Kitagawa, at the St. Peter's church in Seattle and the St. Paul's church in Kent. In September of the same year, still in the nursuit of further educain the pursuit of further educa-tion, he enrolled at the Church Divinity School of the Pacific at Berk. eley, California.

Again, his search for further education was interrupted; this time by something which oc-curred on a misty Sunday morning in December at a naval base in Hawaii. The attack on Pearl Harbor had a great influence in charting the direction of Father Joe's later career.

Due to the recentness of his arrival into the United States, Father



Father Joe and the Rev. Littlefield, rector of the Church of the Redeemer, chat with some of the younger church members after services.

Joe was sent, along with approx-imately 1,000 other Japanese, to the Santa Fe Detention camp in New Mexico. Here he was elected to the post of executive secretary of the camp, a position that brought him microscopically close to the Japanese in the United States_their purplems feers and States-their problems, fears and States—their problems, lears and frustrations. It was, at best, an unenviable job. One of its main requisites was to act as an inter-mediary between the camp author-ities and the internees, and this marked him as an easy target for

1942 with a sudden realization of his potentialities, confident of his mission in life, Father Joe immediately began working for the people.

In Minidoka his activities were (Continued on page 70)



A student drops in on Father Joe at his Swift Hall, University of Chicago, office. Father Joe teaches a course in the history of religion at the university.





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POINT OF VIEW

Beekman:

I could hardly keep from trem-bling, or keep my voice under con-trol. But I told Setsuko I was

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more I became preoccupied with

Naomi.

George Okamoto

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chinen: HRISTMAS REUNION

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ing ier,

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(Continued from page 68)

stinctively shook the envelope of some pictures fell to the floor. wickly she picked them up, then ared at the picture of a pretty awaian girl. She caught her wallan gin. reath. It was a familiar face. old it be? She quickly opened only old photo-album. Yes, er son's old photo-album. re was a picture of the same a picture he had sent just be-leaving Hawaii for Korea. was the girl her son had

red. She looked at the other pictures. here was one of a tiny baby boy, ad one of the girl and the baby by together. Who is this baby of? Why does she send me his itures? I am not interested. She membered the strange relief she ad felt when her son had said that

and felt when her son had said that
and felt when her son had said that
a was leaving for Korea. There
as why fighting then, and she
ad hoped that he would forget the
and he meant to explain things
when he returned from Korea. That
is why he left your name as his
only next of kin.
"I have a son, dear mother,
Yoshio's son Takeo, and I know
that glance at the boy in the pictures
the heart. Those eyes seemed to
as she brought the picture nearer.
les, they were her son's eyes!
here was no mistake. She would
here vor forget those smiling eyes.
fren before she dared ask here
if why a baby boy should have
hose eyes — her son's eyes — her
hole body shook with the realiza.

tion that he was her grandson. She uttered a low moan and hurriedly opened the other letters by the same hand. There were more nictures most of them of the more pictures-most of them of the little boy. Each image was a re-incarnation of her son. She care-fully sorted out the letters. I must know what is in them, she cried softly. I must let the Nisei girl softly. I must let the Nisei girl read them to me. She started to pick up the letters she wanted when she was stopped short by a paper written in Japanese. It was written only a month ago. With a quiet sob, she read the letter. "Dear Mother," it said. "I am writing this through a friend as my last attempt to gain your friend-

last attempt to gain your friend-ship. Ever since Yoshio's death, I have written many letters to you, but there has been no answer. If our marriage comes as a surprise to you, I hope you will understand that he did not wish to hurt you. And he meant to explain things when he returned from Kome. That

her husband make a complete ass

laugh. It depends on how you look at things. Thinking Naomi's attentions had been inspired by,

let's say altruistic motives, I had become obsessed by her. Now I

discovered her attentions had been

Masa picked up the cards and glumly began to shuffle them. "And after that you gave up seeing her?" "Absolutely." Konge's fuctor fuctor with in

"Absolutely." Kenzo's face flushed with in-dignation; his sympathies, too, de-pend on how he looks at things. In harsh accusation he jabbed a stub-by index finger at the new mem-ber. "You told us the story had a happy ending!"

Holiday Greetings

from the **Nagashima Family**

Mr. and Mrs. K. Nagashima

"But in one respect I had the last

of himself.

wrong.

said to herself. I shall cash out bonds and send the money to this Hawaiian girl—my—my daughter-in-law. I shall ask her and her son—my son's son—my own grand-son—to spend Christmas with me. I shall ask the Nisei girl to help me. She placed the letters in her apartpurse and hurried out of her apartment. She locked the door, then ment. She locked the door, then carefully placed the key under the mat. It is a habit, she thought, which I should break. But . . . there is no need to break it now. A smile lighted her face. My son 911 Blaine Street -his son will be coming home soon. I'll have to tell him and my daughter where I keep the key. Best Wishes Always Charles S. Warren Agent New York Life Ins. Co. CALDWELL, IDAHO The second s GREETINGS Caldwell Ice & **Cold Storage** 613 Arthur St. Phone 9-8181 We have for the service of this community: (1) Reliable cold storage for Meats, Fruits and Vegetables A2) Crystal clear ice—made from artesian water Aberdeen & Lion's Utah Coals - "Hot coals for cold weather" and we take a real pleasure

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> J. Kelly ¥





SEASON'S GREETINGS

Page 69

Point of View

(Continued from page 67) ind. I don't doubt she loved the gy. They're happily married to-day. But obviously she had felt resentment toward me. Maybe it hurther pride that I had married. Maybe she felt she was killing two birds with one stone: getting a hushand and humiliating me at the ame time

inspired by something far less lovely. And as I stood there mak-ing small talk and wishing them "She told me she had wanted etsuko and me to come so she happiness, realizing my error and could announce her engagement to us first, her dearest friends. Of the shoddiness and pettiness of the thing she had done, desire for her absolutely left me. My eyes were opened. I realized how adolescent ourse Setsuko had suspected something was up. And her warning had been motivated less by jealousy han by a prejudice against having

Season's Best Wishes from MR. and MRS. Charles Kataoka Hardin, Montana Mrs. Chie Kataoka & FAMILY Rosebud, Montana Season's Greetings from the Nayematsu Family Mr. and Mrs. Y. Nayematsu Mr. & Mrs.



Page 70

PACIFIC CITIZEN

Saturday, December 22, 1



The Story of Father Joe

(Continued from page 65) innumerable. He was vicar of the camp's Episcopal church, president of the Federated Christian church-es, member of the community government, and he served on the so-cial welfare and educational com-mittees. He also made periodic trips outside the camp to visit and aid the unfortunate by-products of the tremendous strain of the evacuation-those in the hospitals and mental institutions.

Probably, his greatest service was unofficial and a voluntary one —that of counsellor for all who needed assistance.

Following his entry as a resident of Minidoka, Father Joe's small room in the bachelor's quarters gradually became the most popular meeting place in camp. Here the young and the old came, singly, and in large groups. It became the place for serious discussions and deep thinking.

It is difficult for one who has never had the unfortunate experience of being imprisoned by one's own country on the grounds one sown country on the grounds of ancestry, to attempt to imagine the heat and the intensity of the arguments which must have raged nightly in that small room. There was always an insurmoun-table amount of decisions that had to be made: the loyalty ques-tion so simply asked in neat tion, so simply asked in neat print on the questionnaires and so loaded with implications, was one; the cleavage in allegiances which threatened family ties, must have been another; the doubts regarding the advisability of volunteering for the 442nd of volunteering for the 442nd Combat Team, was still another. The problems were endless, and each had its own peculiarly per-sonal twist which made them all the more difficult. Father Joe's greatest service in his role as a mediator at these dis-cussions was that he never made

cussions was that he never made the decisions for those who sought his counsel. Rather, with unerring foresight, and with his great ability to weigh a situation both pro and con, he assisted the individual in making his own decisions. This eliminated the possibility of others

Phone 2-6683



Morton Grodzins, author of "Americans Betrayed" and direc-tor of the University of Chicago Press, drops in on the Kitagawas to discuss a chapter in his new book.

becoming entirely depedent upon him. Another of Father Joe's impor-tant contributions, this specifically for the youths, was the work he did independent of the Student Re-location Council while a member of that group. As an individual in-terested in the welfare of those who, because of losses sustained by the evacuation or for other reasons to which the evacuation contribto which the evacuation contrib-uted, were unable to continue their schooling, he wrote letters to about 500 colleges in the United States,

tion Council assisted directly, were able to secure an education which they, under prevailing circum (Continued on page 71)



JADE CAFE Greetings American Eagle Cafe Phone 6331 245 25th St. STEAKS & CHICKEN DINNERS ORIENTAL DISHES Phone 2-0413 George Ryujin, Prop. 260 25th St. OGDEN, UTAH Phone 2-8302 Ogden, Utah Tom Kinomoto and Y. Kinomoto, Prop. * Season's Greetings . . . * Wishing Everyone Season's Best Wishes **Utah Noodle Parlor** A Merry Xmas and A Happy New Year KAY'S FOOD MARKET 2430 Grant Ave. Phone 6002 OGDEN, UTAH Kay INOUYE, Prop. 241 25th St. Phone 2-1695 Y. Nakaishi and Kay's Noodle S. Matsumura, Prop. OGDEN, UTAH Parlor * ¥ Season's Best Wishes SEASON'S GREETINGS 2437 Kiesel Ave. Tel. 9121 R. K. Motor Service ALEXANDER HOTEL General Auto Repairing Dial 2:3672 225 24th St. OGDEN, UTAH HELEN OKI ESTRADA, Prop. A46 Grant Ave. Phone 2-4841 OGDEN, UTAH 2446 Grant Ave. Phone OGDEN, UTAH Season's Greetings . HOLIDAY GREETINGS SEASON'S GREETINGS ECONOMY CLEANERS to our many friends and LOUIE'S CAFE customers and our sincere 2422 Grant Ave. Louie Sing, Proprietor SHIZ and MUSH TOMINAGA 236 24th St. Ogden, Utah appreciation for their patronage. * Nisei Jewelry Co. Holiday Best Wishes Season's Best Wishes LINDQUIST and SONS Charm Beauty Salon 223 25th St. Ogden, Utah MR. & MRS. JOE YAMANI and ELAINE 2424 Grant Ave. Phone 2-4838 OGDEN, UTAH FUNERAL DIRECTORS 3408 Washington Blvd. Phone 667 OGDEN, UTAH Telephone 6732

day, December 22, 1951

e Story of Father Joe

(Continued from page 70) would not have been able

the ending of the war in 1945, the War Relocation herity set about the task of ing the centers. During this ad, Father Joe was constantly ged by many who required asand by many who required as-mee in finding a new place to 1 not a few of whom we re 1 welfare cases. Again, Father mote scores of letters to enlist aid of those in the various multies to which these people going to help them in the re-

Minidoka was permanently red on October 28, 1945 and ther Joe returned to the city to he had first come as a ing minister from Japan, some r and a-half years previous.



The wealth of knowledge and ex-perience obtained from the evac-uation immediately guided him to his new work in Seattle.

Despite his principles against or-ganizations which tend to encourage segregation; but, in order to meet the imminent danger of de-linquency, he helped organize the United Nisei Recreation committee. United Nisei Recreation committee. Then, moving rapidly in the other direction, he organized, with the assistance of the Seattle Council of Social Agencies, the Jackson Street Citizens committee and the Inter-Cultural Workshop for high school youths of all mationalities youths of all nationalities.

Father Joe arrived in Chicago in the fall of 1946, when the population of those of Japanese ancesPACIFIC CITIZEN

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Season's Greetings

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Phone 66





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