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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH,

Price: Seven Cents

prof. Shuichi Kusaka, Noted princeton Physicist, Drowns in **New Jersey Vacation Tragedy**

31-Year Old Authority on Cosmic Physics Won American Citizenship Through Army Service; Worked Under Dr. Einstein at University

PRINCETON, N. J.-Professor Shuichi Kusaka, 31, internaionally known theoretical physicist, was drowned at Beach Haven.

pr. Kusaka, assistant professor in Princeton university's epartment of Physics, was born in Japan but was educated in Canada and in the United States. He was one of the few Japanese nationals on whom American citizenship was conferred during World War II through service in the United States army.

According to witnesses at Beach laven, Prof. Kusaka was attemptng to swim to a sandbar when he as drowned. Artificial respiration ailed to revive him.

Funeral services were held in the arquand transept of the Princem University chapel on Sept. 3. rof. Kusaka was unmarried. He survived by his parents and a ster in Japan and another sister, K. Iwata of Salmon Arm,

Prof. Kusaka was a member of he faculty of Smith college, Northampton, Mass., before he volunered and was inducted into the mited States army during the war. hile at Smith he was the center an "incident" when some townsole of Northhampton protested presence on the faculty and home in which he was staying as stoned. Smith college officials, owever, supported his right to

Born in Japan, Shuichi Kusaka as brought to British Columbia hile an infant by his parents, Dr. nd Mrs. Kusaka. He attended ratheona public school and Briumia high school, graduating tom the latter with a scholarship proceed to the University of ish Columbia.

During his four years at UBC, established a brilliant scholastic ecord in his study of mathematics and physics. Upon his graduation 1937, he won the Governor-Gental's gold medal for leading the attre graduating class at the uni-

Accepting a scholarship from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Dr. Kusaka entered postgraduate work there and completed his Master of Science degree in 1938. From there he proceeded to the University of California where he engaged in research in theoretical physics under Dr. R. J. Oppenheimer who later directed the Los Alamos laboratories in the development of the atomic bomb. Receiving his Ph. D. from California in 1942, Dr. Kusaka went to the Institute of Advanced Study at Princeton university where he worked under Dr. Albert Einstein.

Upon leaving the Institute, he joined the faculty of Smith college. He joined the United States army early in 1945 and served in a technical capacity at the Aberdeen Proving grounds in Maryland. Upon his discharge in July, 1946, he accepted a position in the Department of Physics at Princeton.

Dr. Kusaka was considered at

Princeton to be an outstanding authority on the interpretation of transformations produced by high energy particles and on cosmic physics in general.

In addition to his professional

work, Dr. Kusaka was an active tennis player and golfer.

He had returned to Canada to visit Nisei friends in Toronto and Montreal twice in the past two

Recently Dr. Kusaka edited and revised a new edition of the book, "Einstein—His Life and Times."

Putline Procedure to Obtain Permit for Trading in Japan

Expect Third Quota Of Businessmen to Leave in October

WASHINGTON-Because of nuerous requests from Nisei and businessmen for permits to sit Japan to negotiate for the ming of private trade with ese firms, the Washington fice of JACL-ADC this week ised a statement outlining proce-

res for obtaining clearance.
The JACL-ADC statement deared:
"According to directions issued the Department of Commerce the State Department, busimen who wish to visit Japan ould comply with the following

structions:
"1. Obtain from the nearest reonal Commerce Department ofte five copies of the application m to visit Japan.

2. File these copies in the remerce. Do not send them to

3. These copies will be forwardby the regional office to the epartment of Commerce in Wash-gon with comments approving or sapproving the firms applying for missions, based on capitalizaon, pre-war business with Japan other factors.

4. After approval by the Comerce Department, the application be forwarded to the State Dethent which will in turn for-ard the papers to SCAP (Su-eme Command Allied Powers)

Japan for final approval.

5. When the Commerce Departent in Washington gives its ap-oval, the regional office will be diffed and they will notify the plicant. At this time the appliat will be instructed to make his

own arrangements for transportation and will be told to make an application with the State Department for a military permit.

"6. If the applicant is a citizen and has a valid passport, he will be instructed to send the passport to the State Department along with the request for a military permit. If the citizen has no passport he must request one from the passport division of the State Depart-

"7. If the applicant is an alien he will be instructed to apply for an exit permit from the visa division of the State Department. At the same time he will be instructed to ask the State Department to apply for a military permit, stating that the Commerce department already has approved his firm.

"8. When SCAP approval is se-

cured, the State Department will then request the issuance of a military permit to the alien applicant. Prior to this, all required forms must be filed and an exit permit granted.

"9. After the exit permit and military permit are granted the alien applicant must apply for his own reentry permit at the nearest Immigration department regional

"10. All applicants must comply with the requirements regarding innoculation.

"11. Allow approximately one month for processing all necessary requirements. All permits must be

secured before departure.
"12. Upon arrival in Japan the applicant must report to the military government."

The JACL-ADC office stated

the Commerce Department is that lowed a 21-day stay, beginning from the day they enter the countries to sapan with the second quota for American from the day they enter the countries to sapan with the second lower second properties. that the latest information from businessmen going to Japan al- try.

Renunciations of Citizenship **Under Duress Held Invalid**

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1947

Supreme Court To Hear Oyama Case Oct. 21

WASHINGTON—The United States Supreme court has set Oct. 21 as the date for hearing arguments in the Oyama case which challenges the constitu-tionality of California's Alien Land law, denying Japanese and other "aliens ineligible to citizenship" the right to own or lease agricultural property.

The National JACL is filing "friend of court" brief in the Oyama case.

Nisei Veteran **Gets National VFW** Position

Masaoka Appointed To Americanism Group At Cleveland Meet

CLEVELAND-Appointment of Mike Masaoka, national legislative director of the JACL Anti-Discrimination Committee, to the Committee on Americanism, Education, and Training of the national en-campment of Veterans of Foreign Wars was annouced this week by National VFW Commander Louis

According to reports from the Cleveland convention, the Americanism committee will consider the resolution of the Utah state encampment urging naturalization privileges for Japanese aliens who are residents in the United States.

Masaoka is the only Nisei on the committee and one of the two Nisei attending the national encamp-

He and Mas Horiuchi, office manager of the national JACL headquarters, are official Utah state delegates to the five-day conclave. Both are members of the VFW Atomic Post in Salt Lake City.

More than 7,000 representatives of VFW posts over the United States attended the Cleveland conference which ended on Tuesday, September 9.

Included on the Americanism committee, which is headed by Percy Friedlander of Louisville, Kentucky, are representatives from 22 states — Arkansas, California, Delaware, District of Columbia, Georgia, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Hamp-shire, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Texas, Utah, Wyoming. Also included on the committee are representatives from the Philippine Islands and Puerto Rico.

Idaho Falls JACL Members Give \$2500 For New Hospital

IDAHO FALLS, Idaho — Sud Morishita, president of the Idaho Falls chapter of the Japanese American Citizens League, and Eli Kobayashi, chairman of the JA-CL's campaign committee, reported on Sept. 7 they had turned over \$2500 in cash and pledges to sis-ters of the Idaho Falls Sacred Heart hospital.

The sum will go into a fund to construct a new \$1,000,000 Catholic hospital in Idaho Falls. Ground for the institution already has been

The \$2500 was raised among 103 members of the Idaho Falls JACL.

ready has been filled. This group will arrive in Japan between Sept.

16 and Sept. 30.
Scheduled dates for the third quota have not yet been set but probably will be in October. Business visitors to Japan will be al-

Federal Judge Restores Full **Rights to Four Petitioners** In Los Angeles Test Case

LOS ANGELES-In a decision of far-reaching significance to American citizens of Japanese ancestry, Judge Charles C. Cavanah, visiting Federal District court judge from Idaho, held on Sept. 5 that renunciations of American citizenship by persons of Japanese ancestry while confined in relocation centers under circumstances of fear, duress, undue influence and coercion were

In a test case sponsored by the National office of the American Civil Liberties Union, Judge Cavanah ruled that American citizenship of the petitioners, Albert Yuichi Inouye, Miye Mae Murakami, Tsutako Sumi and Mutsu Shimizu should be restored.

Judge Cavanah further held that all renunciations of American citizenship while the renunciant was under the age of 21 were invalid and of no effect and that such persons still retained their citizenship because no minor person has the right to renounce his civil rights.

The suit named Tom C. Clark, attorney general of the United States, and Albert Del Guercio, former district director of the Los Angeles Immigration and Naturalization Service, as defendants and called on the court to cancel and declare null and void the renunciations of citizenship made by the plaintiffs while at the Tule Lake segregation center.

Counsel for the plaintiffs pointed out that Albert Yuichi Inouye was only 17 years of age when he signed his application for renunciation. He was later transferred from Tule Lake to the Santa Fe detention center for enemy aliens and then was released. He immediately volunteered for the U. S. army and was sent to the military intelligence school at Monterey, Calif., where he is now in ser-

Judge Cavanah found that Inouye had yielded to parental compulsion and was not acting of his own free will and that the renunciation was not valid since no one residing in the United States could validly renounce citizenship while under 21 years of age.

The other plaintiffs all are married women, born in the United States, who have children, all American citizens. They were residents of the Tule Lake center at the time of their renunciation.

them to renounce their citizenship for their own safety and welfare while confined at Tule Lake.

"Freedom of will is essential in the exercise of an act which is urged to be binding and the right of citizenship, being an important civil one, can only be waived as the result of free and intelligent choice," Judge Cavanah declared in his opinion.

"The mere fact that some of the plaintiffs have stated that they knew the results of their renunciations does not remove the primary force and effect of duress, coercion and undue influence that caused them to renounce," he added. "Their renunciations are declared to be null and void and cancelled and they are restored to their rights of citizenship."

While the attorneys for the plaintiffs stated that each case depended upon the individual conditions under which citizenship was renounced, the ACLU declared that Judge Cavanah's decision affects some 6000 persons who renounced their citizenship at Tule Lake as well as those who carried out the renunciation procedures in other wartime relocation centers.

Affidavits in support of the plaintiffs' contentions that citizenship was renounced under duress were filed by Louis M. Noyes, pro-ject attorney at Tule Lake; Robert H. Ross, interpreter at Tule Lake; Harry L. Black, assistant Tule Lake project director; Dr. Marvin K. Opler, social analyst; Abe Fortas, former undersecretary of Interior; Dr. John Alden, San Francisco psychiatrist; and Dr. Fritz Kunkel, Los Angeles psychologist.

It was not learned whether the Department of Justice would appeal from the Federal District court decision of Judge Cavanah but a spokesman for the American Civil Liberties Union stated that they were prepared to carry the case to the United States Supreme court, if necessary.

Counsel for the ACLU pointed out that in each instance these Attorneys A. L. Wirin, Fred Okplaintiffs were subjected to fears, rand and Frank Chuman. The govthreat and gang pressures of pro-Japanese elements which compelled Walker.

Federal Judge Orders Release Of 330 Tule Lake Renunciants

Judge Goodman Directs Government to Provide Free Transportation

SAN FRANCISCO — Federal Judge Louis E. Goodman took another step on Sept. 8 in his battle to prevent the deportation of 330 American-born persons of Japanese ancestry who renounced their citizenship while in detention at the Tule Lake segregation center during the war.

He issued an order that the renunciants, who were being held at Crystal City, Tex., and Bridgeton, N. J., be released in the custody of their attorney, Wayne M. Collins, representing the American Civil Liberties Union of Northern California.

The release was ordered pending the Government's appeal from Judge Goodman's ruling of last month granting writs of habeas corpus to the renunciants.

Judge Goodman, in granting the

ernment had produced no evidence proving that the renunciants were dual citizens, as claimed in the deportation suits, or that they held allegiance to the Japanese em-

In his order of Sept. 8, Judge Goodman directed the Government to provide transportation for the renunciants to San Francisco or Los Angeles, or wherever their homes are.

The 330 persons were part of a larger group who assertedly re-nounced their citizenship at Tule Lake during the war. Subsequently, one thousand of the renunciants filed suit in Federal District court in San Francisco on the contention that the renunciation procedures were invalid and that the renunciations were carried out under

duress. The suits are still pending. Following Judge Goodman's order releasing the 330 persons from Federal custody, the case now goes to the Circuit Court of Appeals and habeas corpus writs, said the Gov- may reach the Supreme Court.

Prepare Restrictive Covenant Test Cases for Supreme Court

NEW YORK-Approximately 50 lawyers and 10 sociologists held an all-day planning conference here this week to prepare strategy for presenting two restrictive covenant cases to the U.S. Supreme Court.

The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People with the cooperation of many national groups, is carrying the cases. Other organizations present were: American Jewish Committee, American Jewish Congress, National Bar Association,

Congress of Industrial Organiza-tions, The Protestant Council of the City of New York, Anti-Defamation League of the B'nai B'rith, American Civil Liberties Union, and National Lawyers Guild, all of whom will probably submit amicus curiae briefs. (The National JACL leasie avreeted to file a brief in also is expected to file a brief in

The cases, arising in St. Louis, Mo., and Detroit, Mich., are scheduled to be heard by the Supreme court early in November. The St. Louis case, Shelley v. Kraemer, concerns a Negro who bought a home and moved into it, not knowing that a covenant prevented his purchasing, occupying, or using the property. An injunction compelling him to move and release his title to the property was upheld by all courts through the Missouri State Supreme court.

The Detroit case, McGhee v. Sipes, involves another Negro who also purchased property, but who was barred from moving into his new home because of a covenant restricting use or occupancy, but not ownership, by anyone "except those of the Caucasian race."

Other cases that have been referred to the U. S. Supreme court but have not yet been certified for abserver in Columbus.

hearing include one in Columbus, Ohio, where a Negro pastor cannot move into his parish because of a covenant, and two in Washington,

It is estimated that 250-300 cases are in progress throughout the country, several of which involve others besides Negroes. Los Angeles alone has more than 150 pending involving Chinese, Filipinos, Japanese, American Indians, Mexicans, Koreans and Negroes. Two of these may be referred to the Supreme court soon, one involving a Chinese and another a Korean.

A restrictive covenant is a private agreement signed by owners of property in an area agreeing not to sell and/or rent to certain people. When these are members of a certain race, creed or color, the covenants are discrim-

The result is the creation of ghettoes in most of our cities. Survey shows that 80 per cent of the residential area of Chicago not now occupied by Negroes is pro-hibited to them. Detroit now has 125,000 Negroes as compared with 43,000 in 1910 and they occupy the same housing area. In Columbus the Negro population has almost doubled what it was 16 years ago, yet they are confined to the same amount of living space. In New York as in some other cities, in additional statements of the same and the same amount of living space. dition to restrictive covenants, the Mortgage Conference, whose members are 37 of the leading banks and insurance companies, refuses to grant mortgage loans on property where "Negroes and Spanishspeaking people" live.

However, the constitutionality of the covenants cannot be tested without a case in court and this can happen only if a Negro, or other restricted person, tries to buy or rent a home in an area covered by a covenant and is enjoined by court order from doing so by one of the singers to the covenant or his successor. If the prospective tenant or landholder does not accept the court injunction, he then has a case to fight. No covenant can be removed without the agreement of all, or in some instances 75 per cent, of the original signers their successors. Ownership changes, but the covenants "run with the land," and are as effective as when they were first signed.

The same restrictions imposed by state or city ordinances have been declared unconstitutional by the Supreme court. That court refused to rule on previous restric-tive covenant cases appealed from the District of Columbia. Thus far 16 state supreme courts, in addition to the District of Columbia, have upheld restrictive covenants, and only the U.S. Supreme court can overrule them.

Some covenants are against Negroes specifically; others refer to non-Caucasians or to other minority groups. The "modern" version is the "non-Caucasian" cording to some authorities is becoming more prevalent, which ently in our urban centers.

Officer Found **Guilty of Taking**

Lieut. Kono Sentenced To Year at Hard Labor, Dismissal from Service

Tokyo Bribes

TOKYO-Second Lieut. Clifford Kono, Waipahu, Hawaii, was sentenced to one year at hard labor and dismissal from the service after he was convicted by a general court martial for accepting more than 130,000 yen in bribes from Japanese motion picture companies and "cohabiting with a Japanese woman," the United Press reported this week.

Kono, a civil information and education liaison officer with Japanese motion picture companies, was found guilty of accepting entertainment from three Japanese movie companies, and demanding and receiving 126,000 yen from Shochiku film company officials.

Evidence presented at the court martial showed that Kono had spent 80,000 yen for a house in Tokyo.

Restraining Order Dismissed in L. A. **Housing Case**

LOS ANGELES—A restraining order to keep Edgar L. Lee, Chinese American, from living in his home in a racially restricted area was dismissed Sept. 3 by Superor Court Judge Frank G. Swain, who also refused to issue a preliminary injunction against Lee.

Judge Swain stated that he refused to issue the injunction because Lee and his wife, Alice Stuart Lee, had already moved into their home when the suit was filed. The suit was filed on Aug. 28, and the Lees moved in on Aug. 27.

The restraining order had been issued by Superior Court Judge Henry M. Willis.

The Lees were represented by A. L. Wirin and Fred Okrand.

Ordway Resident Faces Charge in Pedestrian Death

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo. -Toshiro D. Mugishima, Ordway, Colo., will face a charge of reckless driving as the result of an ac cident in which Melville G. Dahlberg, Castle Rock, was struck and

A coroner's jury on Sept. 5 held that the injuries berg died were inflicted without felonious intent.

Highway Patrolman B. F. Murray then stated that he would bring the reckless driving charges against the driver.

means more direct effect on all

Oriental peoples.

The first restrictive covenant case ever taken into the courts involved a Chinese person in California. Recently a case was decided favorably by a Canadian court concerning a Jew.

While Nisei have not experienced restrictions to any great extent thus far in the east or the middle west, the fact that covenants are being rewritten to include all "non Caucasians" may mean a new and tremendous problem in Chicago where to date they have been able to spread into areas prohibited to Negroes. We know there are re-strictions against Orientals on the west coast.

When the Detroit and St. Louis restrictive covenant cases go to the Supreme court, they will mean more than the right of a certain Negro to live on a certain piece of property. They will mean greater freedom for 20 million members of minority groups and more in this country many of whom may not see the effect of the cases on themselves. but who will inevitably ben-efit if they want to live perman-

Alien Property Office Outlines Way for Recovery of Deposits

WASHINGTON-Procedure for recovery of yen deposits in Japanese banks was outlined by the Office of Alien Property this week, it was reported by the Washington office of the JACL Anti-Discrimination Committee nation Committee.

In answer to ADC requests for information on deposits made in Japanese banks in Japan, Donald Sham, secretary of the Office of Alien Property, said that claims might be filed with OAP under certain circumstances.

If deposits were made in the Postal Savings bank of Japan or in any bank guaranteed by or partly owned by the Japanese government, Sham reported, a debt claim might be filed with the OAP against Japanese government assets taken over by the United States government. States government.

If a deposit was made, however, in a Japanese bank not owned or guaranteed by the Japanese government, a depositor should write directly to the bank in Japan for licity.

All persons interested in exhibit-

The Office of Alien Property instance, Sham pointed out, since there would be no assets in the United States toward which the OAP could lodge the claim.

In regard to recovering interest which accrued during the war years on Japanese government bonds or bonds of private concerns in Japan, Sham announced that claims on these could also be filed with the OAP.

"If in doubt, file a claim," he advised, "and the Office of Alien Property will either allow or disallow the claim."

Deadline for these claims has been extended indefinitely, accord-ing to the Federal Register of August 28, but OAP officials requested early filing to facilitate the handling of the claims.

Form APC-1C, Notice of Claim for payment of Debt, should be sent to the Office of Alien Property, Justice Department, Washington 25, D. C., the Washington ADC office reported.

YOUNG ITALY GIRL GOES TO HAWAII TO MARRY NISEI

HONOLULU — An 18-year old Italian girl arrived in Honolulu recently to wed her Nisei GI sweetheart.

She is Maria Caterina Prato of Mondovi, Plazza, Italy.

The GI is Morichika Yamada of Honolulu, a former member of the

442nd Combat Team. James A. O'Brien, assistant di-rector of the Territorial Council on Veterans Affairs, was appointed Miss Prato's guardian by Circuit Judge A. M. Cristy. The appointment gives Mr. O'Brien the authority to consent to the marriage of the girl, a minor, to the 442nd vet-

George Minato Resigns Presidency Of Seattle JACL

SEATTLE - Resignation George Minato as president of the Seattle chapter of the JACL was accepted "with regret" by the chapter's executive board last week.

Minato's resignation was "for business reasons.

Vice Presidents Joe Hirabayashi and Toru Sakahara will carry on the chapter's program.

Eiji Tanabe Will Make Tour of **Pacific Southwest**

LOS ANGELES — Eiji Tanabe, ADC representative for the Pacific southwest area, will make a tour of Arizona and southern California beginning Sept. 14.

He will discuss the results of the

JACL national staff meeting in Salt Lake City with chapter representatives.

His itinerary has been announc-His itinerary has been announced as follows: Sept. 14, Santa Maria valley; Sept. 16, Orange county; Sept. 18, Long Beach and Gardena; Sept. 19, San Fernando valley; Sept. 26, Coachella valley; Sept. 27, San Diego; Sept. 29, Arizona; and Oct. 3, Venice Calif.

Tanabe announced that a Pacific southwest district council meeting has tentatively been called for Nov.

San Jose Group Will Exhibit in County Fair

SAN JOSE, Calif.—The United Citizens League (JACL) of Santa Clara county will sponsor an agricultural and horticultural exhibit Sept. 15 to 21 at the county fair.

Paul Zaima, industrial artist, will design the booth. Mrs. Zaima will paint a mural of a valley scene as background for the fruits and vegetables to be displayed.
Other committee members under

Chairman Phil Matsumura will be George Tsukagawa, Fred Yone-George Tsukagawa, Fred Yone-moto and Mas Oku, horticultural display; Tom Sughishita, Eiichi Sakauye, Tatsuo H. Yamada and Archie Ushijima, produce display; Kiyo Nishiura, carpentry; C. T. Takeda, S. Onishi and S. Kogura, Issei; Mrs. Mary Jio, women's di-vision chairman; and K. Mineta and Mrs. Ruth Hashimoto, pub-licity

ing under the individual plate display group are asked to contact Matsumura at the league office for entry blanks. Cold storage facili-ties are provided for entrants, Matsumura said.

More Stranded Nisei Return To U. S. Homes

73 Persons Arrive In San Francisco On Gen. Gordon

SAN FRANCISCO -Seventythree more war-stranded Nisei re-turned to the United States last week on the General W. H. Gordon from Japan.

The following were aboard the ship when it docked on Sept. 8: **CALIFORNIA**

Yoneko Morino, 24, and Seiko Takeshita, 23, San Francisco; Yoshinori Tsuno, 20, Berkeley; Hideko, 18, and Masaru Takatani, 15, Martinez, Mrs. Fumiko Grayce Kato, 31, and Tetsuo Kato, 2,

Stockton. Stockton.

Hisahide, 19, and Riu Matsukuma, 20, San Jose; Kimiye Tanimoto, 25, Lodi; Mrs. Shizuko Yamate, 41, Kinji Yamate, 12, Fresno; Kiyoko Dorothy, 17, and Hiroko May Nagai, 19, Sanger; Yutaka Ono, 17, Selma.

Hana Miyasaki, 19, Emiko Morioka, 22, Yoko Nagano, 20, Ira, 19

ioka, 22, Yoko Nagano, 20, Ira, 19, and Frank Ota, 16, Kouji Hata, 21, and Sadako Watanabe, 22, Lee Taro Yokota, 23, Yayoi Taguchi, 18, Hideo Nakayama, 21, Fusaye Morimoto, 34, Kayoko, 8, and Koji Morimoto, 3, Shizue Serisawa, 23, Michiyo, 22, and Masato Yosh-

ihara 17, Los Angeles.
Miharu Furuta, 24, Kimiye Taguchi, 21, Pasadena; Michio Yamamoto, 19, Santa Ana; Ritsuo, 14, and Yonejiro Ito, 20, Gardena. WASHINGTON

Yasu Morinaga, 26, Seattle. COLORADO Shoji Winslow Nakagawa, 20, Lillian Noda, 24, Michiko Fushima, 22, Denver.

MISSOURI Florence Sumie Nitta, St. Louis. ILLINOIS

George Noboru, 22, Thomas Satoru, 18, James Akira, 20, and Merry Meiko Ozawa, 24, Chicago. **OTHERS**

Katsumi, 17, and Tamiko Arimura, 20, Masako Go, 25, Takashi Miyasaki, 21, Noboru Terasaka, 22, Miyasaki, 21, Noboru Terasaka, 22, Mary Jane Uraguchi, 23, Thomas Wada, 20, Nobuzo Watanabe, 19, Sadako Yamamoto, 32, Taziko Furuhashi 20, Ichiye Hamada, 28, Noriko Maxine Hirano, 26, Ben, 19, and Saburo Ifune, 16, Kiyoko Karakane, 22, Mrs. Yuri Matsukuma, 33, Yuriko Matsukuma, 11, Kazuko Miyasaki, 19, Tomiye Nakano, 21, Hoshiko Nonoguchi, 18, Chieko Sugita, 19, Yayeko Tashima, 23, Mrs. gita, 19, Yayeko Tashima, 23, Mrs. Mitsuye Yokoyama, 31, Frank Kenkichi Yokoyama, 11, Alice, 24, and Mary Yonekura, 28.

Oxnard Raises Large Sum for Defense Fund

LOS ANGELES-Residents in the Oxnard area contributed the sum of \$1521 for the Legal Defense Fund recently in a check sent to the Los Angeles ADC office by Akira Kubibara by Akira Kuhihara.

T. W. Tanaka's POST SCRIPT

Saga of the Courier . . .

CHICAGO, Ill.—We are trying to persuade Earle Yusa to write a piece for us on the Woes of the Wayward, or Nisei Delinquents in the Piece City. the Big City.

More than anyone else aroun here at the moment, Yusa seem to have his fingers on the source of such information. Perhaps by

For nearly a solid year he ha been poking a newly acquired nose for-news into most of the nooh and crannies where resettlers car be found.

He did this in line of duty and editor-publisher of the weekly all English Chicago Nisei Courier. About the Nisei problem children

of the big city, he found out plent
—and wrote practically nothing.

He was too busy collecting bills to keep the Courier on its wobbly financial feet.

Ain't No Business . . .

Now that the Courier is suppending publication, ironically enough, he may have a little more time to sit down at a typewriter.

He says he is through with news. paper publishing for the time being. It was a lot of fun, and it has its headaches.

He feels that maybe as a partime hobby of some newspaper. crazy guy with printer's ink in his veins, the Courier might just persist and go on and on.

But as a bread-and-butter proposition for a married man with three growing youngsters, is simply was no go.

Yusa has three children.

When the wolf that haunts every embryo news publishing ven-ture began to sniff at his shirital recently, Yusa decided to sell out, circulation, advertising account and good will.

So once again, for the second time in two years, it's "30," finis, for a Nisei newspaper in Chiago.

Bachelordom's Triumph ...

The Courier's exit leaves the bilingual, weekly Chicago Shimp again the sole local dispenser of Japanese American wit, wisdom, and gossip in the Windy City.

It also proves that in this great day of free enterprise, a married, family man hasn't got the whisper of a chance against a single man when it comes to each of them trying to save the world by publishin a Japanese American newspaper.

The Chicago Shimpo's erudit publisher-editor, Ryoichi Fujii, i still, to our knowledge, a bachelot

So is his peripatetic sidekick and crony, Masamori Kojima, English editor and composer of pungent prose.

While the Courier, with a family man at the helm, has dimmed in lights, and pulled down the curtain the Chicago Shimpo looks like its

Who's Next, Please? Yusa's Courier dropped in its tracks for a number of reasons, but lack of effort apparently was

not one of them. Before it became the Courier, it was the Chicago Nisei News, a monthly compendium of chitches slanted chiefly toward the gentlemen of the Nisei sporting world. The News didn't last long, though it had been launched with a subsidy from the American Jewist sidy from the American Jewish Congress and blossomed periodical

ly with noble editorials. Yusa took it over and got some pro and semipro part-time help. The Courier began to look like a newspaper.

To build circulation, he spor sored Chicago's first (and perhasilast) Nisei Festival. It was a milicarbon copy of Los Angeles Litte Tokyo's prewar whopperoos.

There was a queen contest and a coronation ball; pretty pictures the papers, and baby contests.

But the whole shebang didn't in the Converse that the financial

the Courier out of its financia morass. Circulation stayed on plateau. So Yusa, a married man with a wife and three children, has tossed in the sponge to devote his time to the more practical pursuit of beating the wolf over the head.

Anyone want to publish a Nissi newspaper in Chicago?

— (Published by arrangement with the Colorado Times.)

lisei Stranded A Japan File to Regain Rights

Claim U. S. Citizenship Taken Away by Action Of Interior Ministry

TOKYO - Ten American-born ersons of Japanese ancestry have stituted a suit in Tokyo district our against the Japanese Minisy of the Interior and the census rgistrar for the return of their laited States citizenship.

Inited States citizenship.
The suit, filed by Sumiko and yorko Arima and eight others, are described by a Japanese official as being "without precedent the annals of Japanese courts."
All ten plaintiffs were born in the Justiced States and were in he United States and were in lapan at the time of the outbreak fwar in Dec., 1941. Their charge that the Minister of the Interior ored Japanese citizenship upon hem and that they were allowed

"We were given no alternative in be issue," the plaintiffs charged. Our United States citizenship was alen from us and the Minister of le Interior had us registered as

pinion of officials in the Japae Ministry of Justice is that if percion and compulsion can be moved the plaintiffs will win their

eabrook Farms Issei Organize to Support Naturalization Drive

SEABROOK FARMS, N. J. ident aliens of Japanese ancesry at Seabrook Farms have organ-"to support the legislative ngram to win naturalization ights," Vernon Ichisaka, president the Seabrook Farms chapter, rerted this week.

The new group is called "The sociation to Win Naturalization

A committee has been organizto conduct a financial campaign raise funds for the legislative

mgram.

F. Sasaki was chosen as chairm of the new group. Other offices include Fred Omatsu, vice-hairman; Y. Amamoto, treasurer; and T. Gorai, assistant treasurer. The fund collected will be eararked for the national legisla-re program of the JACL Anti-extrimination Committee.

Bruins Schedule econd Reunion

LOS ANGELES-The second anual Bruin alumni, reunion will be eld Nov. 1 after the UCLA home-

eld Nov. 1 after the UCLA homeoming game with UC.
The following committee chairmen are at work on reunion plans: like Miyamoto, locale; Akira Izuna, tickets; Tek Sakurai and Joelakamura, finance; Kiyoshi Kaawa, selection of speaker and laster of ceremonies; Mrs. Kotolamo and Tut Yata, reception; Irs. Tosh Miyamoto, invitation; Irs. Frances Kitagawa, table decrations; Mrs. Fumi Ishida, name lags; and Mrs. Mabel Ota, publication.

Tosh Ihara will lead a social our after the reunion dinner. Mrs. larjorie Shinno will be in charge la bridge tournament.

All former UCLA students, their ives, husbands and friends are vited to join the evening's festiv-

Nisei Veteran Brings Canadian Bride Home to California City



FRANK KAWAGOE and his Canadian bride, the former Edith Nishikawa of Kamloops, B. C.

LOS ANGELES-Mrs. Edith H. of wives of races ineligible to citi-Kawagoe, first Japanese Canadian war bride to enter the United States, was at her new home at K-462 Truman Boyd Manor, Long People This year by Congressman McDonough of Los Angeles. Beach, this week, happily awaiting the birth of her first child.

The young Canadian, who married GI Frank M. Kawagoe on June 26, 1946 in Kamloops, British Columbia, can now look back without fear upon the many months during which she fought for the right to join her American husband in the United States. United States.

Denied the right of entry to the country because of her racial origin, Mrs. Kawagoe was finally admitted under the GI brides act in five campa amendment which permits entry 2 in France.

zenship.

Mrs. Kawagoe was born in Tokyo November 5, 1924. Her father, Usaburo Nishikawa, 67, was a captain in the Boer war and became a naturalized Canadian citizen. He is a retired business man and has been a Canadian resident for the past fifty years.

Frank Kawagoe is presently attending school and training to become a mechanic handling diesel motors. A brother, Dave, former sergeant with the 442nd combat team, has five citations and served in five campaigns—3 in Italy and

Howser Will Not Ask for New Alien Land Law Appropriations

SAN FRANCISCO - Attorney General Fred N. Howser declared Bestseller Author here last week that he will not ask for any more appropriations from the state legislatures to investigate and prosecute persons of Japanese ancsetry for alleged violation of the California Alien Land

Howser's statement was made on Sept. 4 in an interview with Joe Grant Masaoka, Northern California director of the JACL Anti-Discrimination Committee, and Edward Howden, director of the San Francisco, Council for Civic Unity.

Howser personally directed the fight in the state legislature at the last session for the passage of a \$60,000 special appropriation to en-

The state attorney general now holds that escheat proceedings under the Alien Land law are a matter for individual county district

Tours Mainland

Lawrence Nakatsuka, staff writer for the Honolulu Star Bulletin, passed through Salt Lake City this week on a ten weeks trip which will take him through the eastern United States and Canada.

National JACL Officers Will Attend Midwest Workshop

CHICAGO-National officers as ell as representatives from most strict councils will be present at ACL's midwest district leadership orkshop which will be held in Chigo for three days, October 10-11th, according to a communication teived in Chicago from Mari Sa sawa, temporary chairman, who now visiting on the west coast. The communication revealed that

ke Masaoka and other national ACL officials are enthusiastic bout the proposed workshop and an to be on hand. They are also iging other district councils to an to send representatives. The Friday night opening meet-

g at 8 o'clock and social mixer ferward will be held at Hull onse while the Saturday and Sun-loss while the Saturday and Sun-loss will be held at the lotel YMCA, said Eiko Yoshi-ashi, co-chairman of the program

All delegates to the workshop are urged to be on hand for the Fri-day night opening session at which time purpose and procedure will be explained and all national and local officers wil be introduced.

Registration of delegates will start at noon on Friday at the JACL office, 189 W. Madison, and continue until the office closes. Delegates may also register at Hull House beginning at 7 o'clock on Friday. On Saturday morning, registration will begin at 9 a. m. at the Hotel YMCA where the sessions will take place.

A preliminary program of the three-day sessions will be mailed out this week to all chapters in the midwest district. Miss Yoshihashi will announce next week the names of resource people who will be available for the several panels which will make up the Saturday and Sunday sessions.

To be Speaker At JACL Meeting

CHICAGO—Willard Motley, Chicago writer and author of the nation's best seller, "Knock On Any Door," will be the guest speaker as the JACL resumes its monthly meetings Friday, Sept. 26. His subject has not been announced. The meeting will be held in the Woodrow Wilson room, the International Relations Center, 84 E. Randolph. at 8 o'clock in the evening.

The speaker is Chicago born and raised. After a period of wandering across the country during which time he did just about every kind of menial job, Motley settled down to write the book that had been taking shape in his mind for several years. The actual writing took approximately nine years, during which time he lived with and came to know at first hand the West Madison street element with which he has characterized his now famous novel, "Knock On Any

Motley came in for a new round of applause recently when in collaboration with another Chicago author, Nelson Algren, he wrote the script "Date With Gabriel" for WBBM's Report Uncensored, a weekly radio program dealing with juvenile delinquency.

The Sept. 16 LOOK Magazine is carrying an 11-page spread on "Knock On Any Door." His next book, which should be ready by April, will be "Of Night, Perchance of Death."

Priority on the business agenda of the first meeting of the fall will be plans for the annual inaugural ball, which will be held this year in the Crystal ballroom of Hotel Sherman, Saturday, Nov. 22.

Washington JACL To Hear Talk By Roger Baldwin

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Roger Baldwin, director of the American Civil Liberties Union, will speak to the Washington JACL Friday, Sept. 26, at 7:30 p. m., at the Mt. Vernon Place Methodist church, 9th and Massachusetts avenue, N. W. He will talk on his recent trip to

Japan and Korea. Harold Horiuchi, president, will preside. Entertainment is being arranged by Sada Onouye.

VFW National Encampment "Approves in Spirit" Proposal Of Citizenship for Issei

Mike Masaoka Presents Utah Resolution to VFW Committee; California Delegate Opposes Move As Circumventing State's Alien Land Law

CLEVELAND, O .- The 48th national encampment of the Veterans of Foreign Wars this week endorsed the action of its Americanism committee which "approved in spirit" the resolution of the Utah State delegation which urged the granting of naturalization priviliges to resident aliens of Japanese ancestry.

The encampment's action referred the matter of outright VFW endorsement of naturalization for resident Japanese aliens to the National VFW Legislative Service in Washington for

Appearing before the American-ism committee, Mike M. Masaoka, a member of the Utah delegation, urged support of the resolution which had been passed unanimously by the Utah department of the VFW. Opposition developed in the committee from California representatives who objected on the grounds that the resolution sought to eliminate the California Alien Land law and to circumvent other state laws restricting aliens of Japanese descent on grounds of ancestry. Another objection heard against the resolution was that the privilege of naturalization should be confined only to Japanese parents of Nisei war veterans.

It was noted that the National VFW had sponsored a bill in the 80th Congress to permit naturalization privileges for Japanese alien parents of Nisei GIs killed in World War II. The bill, which passed the House of Representatives, was amended on the floor to include parents of Nisei wounded in action.

The Americanism committee's action aproving the principle of the Utah resolution was considered a victory for the Utah department whose commander, Glen Thompson, expressed himself in support of the naturalization resolutions as a measure of recognition for the "significant contributions" made by many alien Japanese residents to

America during the war.
During the convention Mas Horiuchi of Salt Lake City, another member of the delegation, in-terviewed Louis S. Starr of Portland, Ore., retiring national com-mander, regarding VFW policies concerning veterans of Japanese

ancestry.

The national encampment adopted a resolution reaffirming the principle of non-discrimination in the organization on the basis of race, color or creed and directed Ray Brannaman of Denver, the in-coming national commander, to investigate alleged discrimination against minority group veterans in

Horiuchi recalled that one of the instances of recent VFW discrimination on a local post level was the refusal of the Spokane, Wash., VFW post to admit Japanese American veterans to membership.

Nisei Nurse Reports On New Techniques Of Polio Control

OGDEN, Utah - Eiko Kimura, registered nurse at St. Benedict's hospital, gave a report on infantile paralysis control on Sept. 5 at the hospital.

Miss Kimura recently returned after taking a six weeks' course in infantile paralysis work at the Knickerbocker institute in New

Yugoslavs Free U. S. Soldier In Border Affair

Hoshino Among Six **Americans Detained** For Crossing Frontier

TRIESTE—T/5 Keiji Hoshino of Honolulu, T. H., a member of the 88th Division, was one of six American soldiers released on Sept. 4 by Yugoslavs after being detained for more than a week in the Yugo-slav- occupied zone of Venezia Guila.

Hoshino and two other enlisted men were detained after their truck made a wrong turn from the British-American zone. They were halted at a Yugoslav outpost.

Two officers and an enlisted interpreter sent to negotiate their release said they were forced to cross the boundary line and were held for six days.

The soldiers were released after the U.S. Army on Sept. 5 filed an official protest through diplomatic channels against the "illegal detention."

The protest was drafted by the headquarters of Major Gen. Bryant E. Moore of the 88th division.

Hoshino is one of a number of Japanese American soldiers from Hawaii and the mainland U.S. who have been serving with the 88th division.

Nisei Student Dies of Swimming Accident Injuries

SAN FRANCISCO Tadao Inomata, 26, died on Sept. 1 at San Francisco hospital from injuries received while he was swimming in the ocean last month. Inomata injured his spinal column in the accident at Ocean beach pear Cliff house.

near Cliff house.

He was a pre-medical student at the University of San Francisco and had served as an instructor in the Navy language school at Boulder and had been in the OWI at Denver and in a special State department service in San Francisco during the war.

Ogden JACL President To Attend Workshop

OGDEN, Utah Tsutomu Ochi, president of the Ogden JACL, will be one of two delegates from the intermountain district council at the JACL midwest workshop scheduled for early October in Chicago.

Ochi's appointment was made by Shigeki Ushio, IDC chairman.

Paintings by Disabled Nisei Veterans Included in Exhibit

LOS ANGELES - Three paint-, arm and the use of his legs while ings by two wounded Nisei veterans at Birmingham Veterans Administration hospital in Van Nuys will be included in the nationwide and overseas art show which went on tour this week.

The traveling exhibition will dis-play rehabilitation work accomplished by disabled veterans who are now undergoing treatment.

The two Nisei whose paintings are included in the exhibition are Kakuo Terao, who made news recently when he found he could not purchase a home in the San Fernando valley near the Birmingham hospital because of restrictive housing covenants, and Yoshio

Nakamura. Terao, 30-year old veteran of the 442nd Combat Team, lost his left attle.

fighting in France. His painting is called "Sunset."

Nakamura, a native of Los Angeles, was seriously wounded while a member of the 442nd Combat Team in Europe, seeing action in the North Apennines, the Po Valley and the Rhineland campaigns. His two paintings are "Mists" and "Ocatilla."

Nakamura said he had never painted until after he was seriously wounded in Italy. He declared that he will enter UCLA to take courses in social work when he is dismissed from the Veterans Administration hospital.

The traveling exhibition will be shown first in Carmel, Calif., and will then be sent to San Francisco, Santa Barbara, Portland and Se-



Japanese American Citizens League National Headquarters: 413-15 Beason Build-

ing, 25 East Second South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.

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LARRY TAJIRI __

... EDITOR

EDITORIALS: Shuichi Kusaka

Shuichi Kusaka, at the age of 31, already had made for himself an important place in American science and was on the threshold of an outstanding career in his particular

field of theoretical physics.

Born in Japan, he was brought to Canada while still an infant by his immigrant parents. He studied in Vancouver schools and entered the United States after his graduation from the University of British Columbia to attend the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He received his Ph. D. at the University of Califernia, working under Robert Oppenheimer, who later was to head the atom-bomb project at Los Alamos. He went on to Princeton after the outbreak of war to work at the Institute for Advanced Study under Albert Einstein. In 1944 he went to Smith college to teach physics and encountered some of the unreasoning prejudice which is the consequence of war when some of the townspeople of Northhampton objected to his presence at the school.

An alien ineligible to citizenship under the present naturalization law, he had volunteered for the United States army on several occasions but was refused each time because he was an "enemy alien." Finally, in 1945 War Department regulations regarding Japanese aliens were revised and he was one of a handful of such aliens who were permitted to enlist as an army private. American citizenship was conferred on him as a result of his mili-

Upon his discharge from the army he was offered and accepted the position of assistant professor in the Department of Physics at Princeton. There he quickly gained an international reputation as a theoretical physicist.

Shuichi Kusaka's progress, like the careers of Hideyo Noguchi, Jokichi Takamine and others, was living proof that there are no race or color lines in science. He was a pioneer in the frontier of the Atomic Age. His untimely death by drowning on a Labor Day vacation is a tragic loss, not only to his relatives and his friends but to the world at

Veterans Groups

Before World War II the Veterans of Foreign Wars and some local west coast units of Disabled American Veterans were participants in the campaign of prejudice promoted by racist groups against persons of Japanese ancestry in the United States. In recent weeks, however, the national conventions of these organizations have shown the impact of Nisei war veterans upon their attitude toward Japanese Americans and other minority group veterans.

At the national encampment of the VFW in Cleveland last week a resolution sponsored by the Utah department to place the national VFW on record in support of citizenship for resident Japanese aliens was "approved in spirit," an action which was considered a moral victory for the proponents of the resolution. It may be recalled that the VFW in previous years has been opposed strongly to any change in the naturalization and immigration laws. However, legislative representatives of the VFW sponsored a bill in the 80th Congress which would have granted citizenship rights to parents of Japanese American GIs killed in action. The bill passed the House after being amended to include the alien parents of any soldier killed or wounded.

Symbolic of the changed attitude of the VFW on matters involving Japanese Americans is the appointment last week of Mike M. Masaoka to the organization's Americanism committee. It was this committee which, in 1942, issued a "yellow paper" on Japanese

Americans and which sought restrictions on Americans of Japanese ancestry.

The change in the VFW can be attributed directly to the well-publicized record of Nisei GIs and the fact that World War II veterans are taking an active role in the organization's leadership. Most of the old guard who were responsible for the VFW's participation in the racist campaign against persons of Japanese ancestry in the years before World War II no longer are in positions where they can make or determine policy. The opposition of a California representative in the Americanism committee to the passage of the Utah resolution indicates the presence of some of the old guard but the vote on the resolution proved that they were in the minority.

The Disabled American Veterans repudiated racist distinctions among their membership at their recent national convention at Las Vegas by electing Herbert Yamamoto, wounded veteran of the 100th Battalion and the 442nd Combat Team, as alternate commander of its 12th District and alternate na-

tional committeeman.

Before the war the VFW, DAV, the American Legion and other veterans organizations could be counted among the members of the opposition to free and equal rights for persons of Japanese ancestry in the United States. As a result of the record made by Japanese Americans in the army, however, most of these groups, together with the vigorously progressive American Veterans Committee, the Amvets and other World War II organizations, can be depended upon to oppose any anti-democratic actions restricting Nisei veterans and their families.

The Renunciants

A decision by Federal Court Judge Charles C. Cavanah on Sept. 5 that renunciations of American citizenship under fear, duress and coercion are invalid marks the turning point in the lives of several thousand young Americans who did, in 1945, renounce what most persons have always felt to be an invaluable privilege—their citizenship in these United States.

To those persons who never lived in the government's desert-bound war relocation centers, the idea of abandoning one's American citizenship is abhorrent indeed.

But in the months since those hysterialaden days of the war, we have come closer to understanding the motives that led some Nisei to volunteer for the United States army and that led, on the other hand, some to apply for renunciation.

The most valuable work on this subject, of course, is "The Spoilage," product of Dorothy S. Thomas, Richard Nishimoto and other members of the University of California Resettlement Study.

The renunciants, the "spoilage," were described this way by Thomas and Nishimoto:

"Their parents had lost their hard-won foothold in the economic structure of America. They, themselves, had been deprived of rights which indoctrination in American shcools had led them to believe inviolable. Charged with no offence, but victims of a military misconception, they had suffered confinement behind barbed wire. They had been stigmatized as disloyal on grounds often far removed from any criterion of political allegiance. They had been at the mercy of administrative agencies working at cross-purposes. They had yielded to parental compulsion in order to hold the family intact. They had been intimidated by the ruthless tactics of pressure groups in camp. They had become terrified by reports of the continuing hostility of the American public, and they had finally renounced their irreparably depreciated American citizen-

"Many of them have since left the country, voluntarily, to take up life in defeated Japan. Others will remain in America, in the unprecedented and ambiguous status of citizens who became aliens ineligible for citizenship in the land of their birth.

Judge Cavanah's decision may mean for many of these young Americans a chance to return to their status as Americans.

There is, of course, a possibility that the Department of Justice will appeal the case to a higher court. But there is reason to believe that in these higher courts there will be the same sane and humane reasoning that was shown by Jurge Cavanah. It must also be noted that affidavits testifying to the coersion and duress were filed by such persons as the project director, attorney and social analyst of the Tule Lake camp, as well as by Abe Fortas, former undersecretary of In-

Misei USA

Starring Sessue Hayakawa

Some months before V-J day a Mille. The Hayakawa film horrified the Issei in America who were certain that it would be utilized in the compaign against them. newspapers regarding a forthcoming RKO picture called "First Man Into Tokyo." It was the sort of blurb which is ground out in an unceasing stream by the publicity mills of Hollywood and which are destined to fill the spaces between the movie theater ads on the amusement pages of U.S. dailies.

This particular story said that RKO was producing a picture about the first American to land in Japan during the war and said that this fictional character probably would meet Sessue Hayakawa, the former Hollywood star, in Japan. But this hypothetical meeting of the first American to invade the homeland of the Japanese enemy and the former star of scores of Hollywood films could not have occurred. Memories are short in Hollywood and the RKO publicity writer did not know that Hayakawa was not in Japan during the

Hayakawa, graying a little now around the temples, is in Paris where he has lived since before the outbreak of war in Europe in 1939. He is an expatriate from both the America where he gained his fame and from his native Japan.

There was a time when the name of Sessue Hayakawa was as familar in American households as that of others of his contemporaries, Rudolf Valentino, Theda Bara, Thomas Meighan and Douglas Fairbanks. Nearly 40 years ago he had come to the United States from Japan as a schoolboy. washed dishes in the restaurant of the Southern Pacific station while he went to school and took parts in some of the amateur theatricals which were given by the Japanese in Los Angeles. He was young and ambitious and when the early movie companies began moving into Southern California, attracted by sunshine and scenery since most films were shot outdoors, he got a

job as an extra. One of his first leading roles was in a picture which is still occasionally shown at the Museum of Modern Art in New York. It was a Thomas Ince production called "Pride of Race" and in its Hayakawa plays the part of a renegade Indian brave. This was in 1914. Within a few years he was one of Within a few years he was one of the leading stars of motion pictures. It was a time in Hollywood when especial stress was placed on exotic themes. Theda Bara vamped and Valentino was the Sheik of Araby. Hayakawa was the Mysterious Orient and many of his pictures were based on the Kiplingesque theme that the east and west

never meet. Just as Hollywood films early in World War II carried numerous anti-Nisei references, the early silents were made in California in the midst of continuous anti-Japanese political campaigns and, perhaps unconsciously, transmitted some of the racist views then prevalent regarding the California Japanese and other Orientals. Thus Hayakawa, in many instances, permitted himself to be used as an unwitting pawn in the campaign of racist propaganda regarding such things as the inassimilability of the Japanese, a line which was often used by the advocates of the Alien Land law and the Japanese Exclusion Act. Also typical of the pictures of this period was Richard Barthelmess' greatest success, "Broken Blossoms," in which he plays a young Chinese who falls in love with a girl of European ancestry. The love affair, like all such movie love affairs, is doomed until Barthelmess learns, in the final reel, that he is not really a Chinese. The happy ending is resolved when it is resolved that Barthelmess is the orphaned child of white parents and was brought up by a Chinese couple. No Hollywood producer would dare use such a solution today which, at least, is a signpost of progress.

The criticism can be made of Hayakawa that he lacked a sense of public responsibility. During a siege of anti-Japanese agitation in California, he appeared in a motion picture in which he was pictured in the act of branding a wo-The scene was typical of those which appeared in Hollywood movies of the period which were symbolized by the Roman bathtub orgies produced by Cecil B. De-

the campaign against them. An elfort was made to purchase the neg. ative of the film and to stop its re lease but failed. The Japanese gov. ernment was even induced to pro

The decline of Sessue Hayakawa as a Hollywood star (he was as sociated for the major part of his career with the Famous Players Lasky studio, an ancestor of present-day Paramount) began in the mid-Twenties when new influences new stars and new directors mad their impact on the industry. Haya-kawa was not alone, many of the other stars that had made Holly wood famous around the wor were fading. Valentino was to take a holiday trip to New York where he was to die of peritonitis. Out at First National studios in Burbank a Mammy singer named al Jolson was making a picture called "The Jazz Singer" and the screen was learning to talk.

The silent films were all pantomime (remember Chaplin in "The Gold Rush"?). The talkies were a new technique. Many actors, like Hayakawa and John Gilbert, found it difficult to bridge the technologi cal chasm. Because his was still a popular name and because h wanted to prove that he could act in the English language, Hayakawa went on tou: with a short play called "The Bandit Prince" on the RKO Orpheum circuit, playing two-a-day vaudeville at such theaters as the Palace in New York. Sometime later a newspaper scan-day in which his name was linked with an actress in "The Bandit Prince" virtually finished Hayakawa's career in America.

Sessue Hayakawa went to Paris where he lived during most of the Thirties, except for an interval in Japan where he appeared in a few films. Hollywood had not completely forgotten and, in 1932, he was called back by Paramount for a comeback in a picture called "The Daughter of the Dragon," in which co-starred with Anna May Wong. The picture was a flop, both for Hayakawa and for Miss Wong. Hayakawa returned to Paris when he had become an important figure in the infant French film indus

One of Sessue Hayakawa's first French films was a picture called "Le Battle," the story of a Japa nese Navy commander, his wife and a British naval observer in the Russo-Japanese war. The picture later was remade in France in a English version and was released in the United States under the title, "Thunder in the East," there by launching the American film careers of three players who are now rather well known in Hollywood. Charles Boyer took Hayakawa's original role of the Japanese commander. Merle Obero played his wife and John Loder was the British obser ture aroused the ire of the Japanese militarists and protests were made by consular officials in the Inited States and Europe against the showing of the film.

Hayakawa's unhappy faculty for getting involved in internation incidents again was revealed in a later film made in Paris under the title "Yoshiwara." Agents of militaristic Nippon attended the premiere of "Yoshiwara" Paris and protested the showing of the film as a libel against Japan.

The fact that Hakayawa was not popular with the Japanese militarists undoubtedly accounted for his decision to remain in Paris after the outbreak of war in Europe. He declined an invitation to return to Japan and remained in Paris throughout the war. He was one of the first Paris residents in terviewed by American newspaper. men following the liberation of the French capital. He told a United Press correspondent at the time that he had not collaborated with the Nazis during the occupation, although, he said, that Nazis had invited him to continue with his

work. Sessue Hayakawa, living the life of an expatriate in Paris probably is homesick for the Hollywood he knew and the fame he once enjoyed on the Main Streets of America.
The Hollywood he knew no longer exists and the people on the Main streets have new heroes.

NORITY WEEK

e House I Live In" Supreme court this fall will hear at least two cases to decide Supreme court this iail will hear at least two cases to decide et the minority group members can live in the home of his et if his dream castle must be built in some racial ghetto. The if is sponsoring two cases, one involving a home in Detroit, the in St. Louis. Restrictive covenants covering both home have in St. Louis an unheld by the highest courts of their respective state. in St. Louis. Restrictive covenants covering both home have by been upheld by the highest courts of their respective states. his will mark the first time the Supreme court has ruled upon write of restrictive covenants. In 1926, in 1940 and again in 1945 arisen housing cases which were dismissed. writs of restrictive covernances which were dismissed on technical was given housing cases which were dismissed on technical disor in which the subject of the covenant per se was untouched. ds or in which the subject of the covenant per se was untouched.

awyers participating in the case will include representatives
the American Jewish congress, the American Jewish committee,
the Defamation league, the CIO, the American Civil Liberties
the National Lawyers guild and the National Bar association.

re Legion Antics?

long about the time American Legionnaires were cavorting down long about the time American Legionnaires were cavorting down avenue, shooting off water pistols and riding horses into downhotel lobbies, a young Negro woman, ex-WAC Verneal M. was refused admission into the Legion's Barbara Fritchie post advised to "organize a post among vourselves" as advised to "organize a post among yourselves."

as advised to forganize a post among yourselves."

lie many a Nisel veteran, however, who found that not all Legion were contaminated by prejudice, Miss Austin was later offered eaship in another New York Legion outfit. Reading of Miss situation, the acting commander of the New York Service is situation, the acting commander of the New York Service in Post 1547 of the American Legion telegraphed the army of the army of the American Legion telegraphed the army of the arm n's situation, the acting continuated of the New York Service en's Post 1547 of the American Legion telegraphed the ex-Wac she deemed it a privilege to offer membership to one who "served ountry so well." Miss Austin added that the preamble to the monstitution stated one of the purposes of the organization was shold and defend the principles of justice, freedom and democracy."

d Pay, Equal Experience

early 20 school districts in Texas recently sought to circuma new law requiring equal salaries for Negro and white school ers, but began to back down when threatened with losing their

he law-a tremendous progressive step for southern educationes equal pay for equal experience, regardless of color, and speci-\$2000 annual minimum salary.

complaint from a recalcitrant school superintendent only out the serious discrimination in salaries:

Our white teachers would receive only 10 per cent increases," the intendent reported fretfully, "while most of our Negro teachers test raises as high as 100 per cent under this law."

Leanwhile, in the state of Louisiana three suits have been filed by eachers for salaries hased upon experience of the state of Louisiana three suits have been filed by

school teachers for salaries based upon experience and ability, than race. One petitioner, Howard P. Williams, states that he ad 18 years of experience as a teacher, has done graduate work dition to receiving his bachelor's degree—and makes \$1170 each

ooldays, Schooldays

Gary, Indiana, those good old golden rule days were turning

wenty indiana, the something grim and ugly this week.

Wenty years ago students at the city's Emerson high school out that by going on strike they could force school officials excluding Negro students. Recently the school board voted to out segregation and to begin by putting Negro students back

unsegregated primary grades. laybe it was those early Emerson students of twenty years by grown up, who had something to do with it. Anyway, as school this year, hundreds of high school students were out on strike. ethird day of school, 1300 pupils were out of school. They would back, they said, until the policy of non-discrimination was aban-

he school officials stood firm. They suspended all students over to were on strike and caused the arrest of Joel Eddy, retired

ant, for spreading "malicious hatred by reason of race, color ligion" in violation of a new Indiana law which prohibits "racking in hate."

Perhaps it was no surprise to many who watched the course of shigh school trouble to find out, as the Chicago Defender red, that Eddy had a record of four previous arrests and at least mysterion on absence of mysterion of the myst wiction on charges of public indecency-M.O.T.

bald, New Allied Council and in Japan, Once Gave Career for Japanese Wife

up his career for the woman ded, a girl of Japanese and Mr. De Becker withdrew his obancestry who was nominal-Japanese citizen, Jim Lucas, ps-Howard special writer, rein a Washington dispatch

Sebald graduated from An-s in 1922 and had been an llegiate boxing champion. In e was sent to Japan by the Navy as a language officer ed to the American embassy

ald's assignment was to learn panese language. He was ked in Tokyo and, an eligible or, was prominent in the so-fe of Tokyo's foreign solony. at. Sebald seemed assured of ssful navy career—until he love, Lucas declared. It hapat the summer weekend in the mountains. There he dith De Becker, daughter of gishman and his Japanese Mr. De Becker had taken out ese citizenshin and become a hent barrister in Kobe.

De Becker had gone to the er resort that weekend ento a British army officer. net Bill Sebald and returned to tell her parents she was officer and the American

father was furious. Even 80 was the navy, according It was pointed out to Japanese language was needed. Sebald that he was risking

am J. Sebald, new chief po- | his career, that he would be little adviser in Japan succeeding good to the navy if war came with the George Atcheson, Jr., once Japan and he was married to a

> jections, Lucas continued, but the navy remained skeptical. The love match persisted and in 1927 Edith De Becker and William Sebald were married. For a few years he clung to his navy career. Then in Oct. 1930, he resigned and went into the naval reserve. In 1934 he quit the navy altogether.

Bill Sebald returned to the United States, obtained a law degree at Maryland university and went back to Japan in 1933 to join the law firm of De Becker, De Becker & Sebald. He practiced in Japan until 1939 when the threat of war drove him back to the United States.

Their marriage involved sacrifices for Edith Sebald as well. In marrying an American, she lost her Japanese citizenship but the United States refused to recognize her because of her Japanese ancestry. Her father's people, the British, would not take her in. For 19 years Edith Sebald was a woman without a country. She frequently accompanied her husband on trips abroad, but always with the fear that the Japanese would refuse to let her return home.

When the Japanese attacked Pearl Harbor, the U.S. Navy needed men with a knowledge of Japan and Bill Sebald was welcomed back. He went to the Office of Naval Intelligence where his skill in the

He went back to Tokyo as a po-

Bill Hosokawa:

FROM THE FRYING PAN

Face to Face with Gargantua

We have met Gargantua, the celebrated gorilla. Denver, Colo. Twenty feet of space, a heavy glass panel and a cage of steel bars separated us, which was just about right for comfort.

Gargantua, who (or which) is a member of the Ringling Bros., Barnum and Bailey menagerie, is an ugly, distasteful creature with a faint resemblance to a human being. Perhaps it is that resemblance that makes him so loathsome, for while a hippopotamus certainly is uglier he doesn't inspire

Gargantua has a brutish face, beetling eyebrows, fangs that can be seen behind lips which seem to sneer, and malevolent eyes.

He doesn't look very big when he is squatting or lying down because his legs are short. But you begin to realize his bulk when you see his incredibly thick torso and great, sloping shoulders. His fingers appeared to be at least twice as large as ours, and many, many times more powerful.

What went on in Gargantua's little, slow-moving brain, it was not possible to tell. Perhaps he was bored and sleepy and would have liked to have someone scratch him behind the ears.

But it is more thrilling to believe he was ready to smash the glass, wrench the bars apart, leap the 20 feet between us, and tear us limb from limb. What a creature.

Circus sideshows usually are pretty tame, but the Ringling Bros. had one fellow who was spectacular. He was a paunchy individual, the color of weak coffee, his head topped by a turban. This, presumably, was to indicate his Indian origin.

His specialty was an apparent immunity to fire. First he took a steel bar that had been roasting between a pair of blowtorches, and licked it. We were not close enough to detect the smell of burning flesh.

Then he ran the flame of the torch over his shoulders and chest, and finally, after donning what was supposed to be an asbestos cap, he pointed the flame of the torch into his eye and let it play there for perhaps a half minute.

Maybe the guy is a fake, and maybe he is the real goods. We don't know. At any rate, it was spectacular and he put on a good show.

The Indians, in their ability to defy natural laws, are an unusual people. During our tropical sojourn we saw barefoot natives of India walk leisurely over beds of glowing coals during religious rites. We saw other Indians parading through the streets with

their bodies pierced by scores of steel skewers the size of knitting needles.

We saw another Indian push a steel skewer clear through a man's arm, and withdraw it again without drawing blood and without causing pain. But this blowtorch stunt was something new, and a good one to boot.

Report on "People in Motion"

Listen, chum. You think you know about the Nisei? Then you know about most everything, because the Nisei are in just about everything.

We have been thumbing through "People in Motion," the report on the postwar adjustment of Japanese Americans published by WRA's cleanup squad, the war agency liquidation unit.

The volume is divided into six sections: relocation, public acceptance, economic adjustment, housing adjustment, social adjustment and resettle-

It may, in some respects, be a cut and dried sociological report, but essentially it is the very human story of a people. The report is sprinkled liberally with quotes in which Nisei tell what they feel, how they think, and why.

The volume reports stories of success and failure

of Nisei GIs who have come home ready to whip the world and tired Issei who are ready to give up the ghost, the homesick Nisei who would quit the midwest for the Pacific coast, the happy Nisei who, has found his niche in Manhattan or the corn belt or the Rockies.

We take no issue with the factual content of the report, for it was compiled over many months through painstaking research, endless interviews, and studied evaluation by men trained for the work. It makes interesting and often startling reading. The Nisei would do well to read it, for it will help them understand themselves.

The overall conclusion, from our point of view, is that even in the few years since the evacuation the Nisei have made giant strides in eliminating themselves as a group of homogeneous interests. In many parts of the country the Nisei has quit thinking of himself as a member of a minority group beset by special problems.

He is interesting himself in the affairs of a wider world, just like any other member of his society. This is obvious even from the reports of the interviewers who of necessity reminded their subjects of their differentness. The process of assimilation is proceeding apace.

Record of 80th Congress On Civil, Minority Rights Make Gloomy Reading

(Editor's Note: Mrs. Mary Alice Baldinger, legislative representative for the American Civil Liberties Union, worked closely with the Anti-Discrimination Committee during the first session of the 80th Congress to effect passage of remedial legislation benefiting persons of Japanese ancestry. In the following article, Mrs. Baldinger gives her evaluation of the present Congress and of the effectiveness of the Anti-Discrimination Committee program.)

By MARY ALICE BALDINGER

Washington, D. C. From the point of view of civil rights, the record of the 80th Congress makes gloomy reading. It is an almost consistent story of the placating of big business, industry and property, and the ignoring of social and humanitarian legislation. One after another, bills designed to protect, preserve and extend human rights and freedoms were buried in the files of indifferent or unfriendly Congressional committees. Anti-lynching, anti-segregation, antidiscrimination bills, bills for better housing, better health and

By comparison with what sup-JACL Anti-Discrimination Committee stand out bright as a button. Its progress was unequalled by any other progressive or pro-minority group.

medical care—not one of them got

Racial restrictions were eliminated from the "G.I. Brides Bill." Three bills of major importance to the Japanese and Japanese Americans were passed by the House of Representatives and will lie before the Senate when it reconvenes next January-H.R. 3566, which gives the Attorney General power to stay the deportation of racially-ineligible aliens on the same basis as those eligible for citizenship; H. R. 3555, extending the privilege of naturalization to all parents whose children were killed or wounded while serving in the armed forces; and H. R. 3999, setting up machin-

litical adviser on the staff headed by George Atcheson, Jr. When Mr. Atcheson was lost in a plane crash recently William Sebald was named to succeed him as chairman of the Allied Council for Japan, with the personal rank of ambassador.

There is another happy ending to the story.

On Aug. 4, 1946, President Tru-man signed into law a special act of Congress conferring American citizenship on the Japanese wife Bill Sebald had married and for whom he was willing to sacrifice his career.

ery for compensation of claims arising out of the evacuation of porters of these and similar measures were able to accomplish, the legislative achievements of the and J. Howard McGrath, both Democrats of Rhode Island, have introduced S. 1655, which provides that the right to become a naturalized citizen "shall not be denied or

abridged because of race."

This list would be an impressive one in any year. In the face of the general apathy shown by the present Congress towards minority legislation this past term, it is more than impressive.

And it represents a tremendous amount of plain hard work in the line of acquainting and educating the Congressmen with the prob-lems and needs of the Issei and Nisei. Don't think for a minute that the Representatives merely looked over these bills, thought "Hmm, that sounds like a good idea," and voted for them. The majority of the Congressmen, like you and me, are reluctant to give their votes to anything they don't thoroughly understand and approve

That the ADC managed to secure such understanding and approvaleven to the extent of unanimous House passage of three of the measures—is a tribute to the honesty and intelligence with which it went about the job. It presented its case—to individual Congressmen and their legislative assistants and secretaries as well as to committees—sincerely, honestly, emphatically—and indefatigably. Its approach was simple, friendly and open, and it made its case so con-

Vagaries

The State of California now is making dismissal payments to civil service workers of Japanese ancestry who were discharged following the outbreak of war on the basis of their racial ancestry . . . During the war the residents of Lethbridge, Alberta vigorously resisted through their city council any attempts by Japanese Canadian evacuees to reside or work in the city. Recently, however, advertisements have appeared in the Lethbridge Herald for domestic workers with the line: "Japanese may apply." . . Although Japanese Canadians were not welcome in Lethbridge during the war, the evacuees were welcomed on Alberta farms where their labor helped save sugar beet

Japanese American. GIs who have been serving with the 88th (Blue Devils) Division in the Trieste areea will be coming home shortly with the ratification of the Italian peace treaty. . . . Three Honolulu radio stations now have Japanese language programs for the territory's Issei They are KGMB, KHON and

Doubleday this week reissued a book which hasn't been around for a long time. It is "The Daughter of a Samurai" by Etsu Inagaki Sugimoto which originally was published nearly 20 years ago and was a best-seller. Christopher Morley, long a friend of Mrs. ley, long a friend of Mrs. Sugimoto, has written an introduction for the new edition. Mrs. Sugimoto, incidentally, wrote a sequel called Daughter of the Narikin" which was published some years after the first book and which was not as

vincingly that the JACL-ADC now unquestionably numbers more real friends among the legislators than any other similar group.

These friends — among them many of the most influential and important members of the House -will undoubtedly be of tremendous assistance in securing consideration and action by the Senate on pro-Japanese American legislation in the 1948 session. The American Civil Liberties Union has announced its continuing support of these measures. Meanwhile, the Japanese and Japanese Americans have its congratulations on their organ-ization's accomplishments in 1947, as well as its best wishes for further successes in the coming year.

Honored at Parties

WATSONVILLE, Calif. — Miss Emi Shikuma, bride elect of Carl Shimizu of San Jose, was honored at parties given in her honor last weekend by her parents and by Mrs. Howard Toriumi.

Miss Shikuma is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. U. Shikuma.

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Youths of All Races Attend Encampment for Citizenship

(Tak Maruyama, senior student in education at the University of Utah, was one of two Nisei at the Encampment for Citizenship in New York City this summer. Four scholarships for next summer's encampment will be made available by the JACL.)

By TAK MARUYAMA

Bruce Conley, Arnold Windt, Vernon Petro, and Jerry Jones. The names mean nothing to you but they mean quite a bit to me, These were just some of the fellows I bunked with in a classroom which had been converted to a dorm for the purpose of a summer camp school. Those names represent a seaman from the NMU, a Jewish medical student from Ohio State, a farmer from Iowa and a Negro college student from the south. We were all there together in New York City at the Fieldston school because of a unique way

in which the Ethical Culture Societies saw fit to commemorate their 70th anniversary. Every summer for five years this Fieldston school was to be converted to camp life "to help prepare young Americans for responsible, informed leadership and effective citizenship without promoting any one particular theological dogma or furthering any political party or set economic doctrine." This to be done through the use of lectures and discussions, trips and films, and workshops.

As a factual description of what was to be offered, it was very true. But it could not possibly do justice to the experience of the campers while in New York.

These lectures were given by persons with first hand experience. Rexford Tugwell, former governor of Puerto Rico and once a member of the Brain Trust, spoke on "the New Deal in Retrospect." Henry Wallace spoke to us about world conditions with special reference to the agriculture of the nations. Dr. Lowdermilk, a member of the Department of Agriculture and auonor of the Jordan valley plan, spoke to us about natural resources. A. A. Boyle formerly of the State department, told us about the making of our foreign policy. Sydney Scheur, formerly a dollar a year man and cotton broker, spoke to us about the role of government in business.

These lectures were not given in typical school style for this was not a plain summer school. No grades, no examinations, and no required notes to take. We listened to speakers outside in the natural ampitheater with only the noise of airplanes to make us realize how close we were to the city. We dressed in shorts and other clothing to get the benefit of the sun and ourselves together or blankets. Even though this seemed an overly casual approach to education, I think the proof of the speakers' efforts was shown in the ques-tions asked during the period. After this initial lecture session at which everyone was present, we broke up into small discussion groups composed of about 12 students and a staff leader. These met on the hillside wherever there was a comfortable spot.

In these discussions we attempted to relate what the speaker had to say to our own personal lives as well as criticize what he had said. The leaders of these groups vere not just crun ry people either. Aaron Gilmartin, a Unitarian minister, was one of the founders of the Workers' Defense League. 1 ucille Kohn, a teacher at the Walden school in New York, is a specialin workers education. Larry Reddick is the curator of the Schomburg collection of the New them with their actions becoming York public library. Henry David part of your memory. It wasn't a is a professor of history at Queens dream but something that really college. Tom Karstens was an assistant prosecutor at the Nuremberg trials. Paul Neurath, an in-structor in sociology, was for seven years an inmate of Hitler's concentration camps.

At noon we broke up for lunch. This was served in the dining room, family style, to seven of us at each enough to realize that for many of

to change your dinner companions often. The lecturers as well as discussion leaders ate with you and this meant the continuation of discussions during the morning. They were Gil, Jay, Heinz, Friedl, or Morrie just like the students. They bunked with you in the same rooms, sang and played with you at other times.

During the afternoon we had workshops of various topics. In propaganda analysis there was Friedl Heyman, a former editor of a Frankfort newspaper. And, the one I'll remember most vividly is the human rights workshop. We drafted a bill of rights for the whole world in preparation for a trip to Hyde Park and talk from Mrs. Roosevelt. We labored without the benefit of previously written bills of rights and were overjoyed to think that many of our points were also in the bill of rights being drafted by the UN committee of which Mrs. Roosevelt was the American representative.

Wednesday and Thursdays were our trip days. These trips were made in reference to our units of study. When we were on the economic unit we visited a union office, the NAM, American Arbitration association and a laundry in operation. During the minorities unit we visited the Commission on Community Inter-Relations, the Hudson Guild, the Percey Strauss play school, and Sydenham hospit-

During the international relations unit we went to the UN. Some of us saw the Security Council in action on the day that the Indonesian question was first raised. The meeting did not go on spontaneously as I had supposed. Instead the delegates read from papers their speeches just like an actor read his script. For Mr. Gramyko having these same speeches translated into French and English proved to be an advantage. He was able to check on his Russian speech as it was translated into English and correct the interpreter at one point This really happened, not on the screen or in newspaper, but right before our eves.

This was the encampment for citizenship. You saw in operation what you might have read in text-books before and you heard from persons who had first hand experiences with the topics they spoke about. You took the theoretical aspects and had it made real in your discussion groups and workshops by reference to your own personal life in your own community and school.

You shared in the experiences of others from all walks of life and 38 of these United States. And for six weeks you lived with dream but something that really happened in the summer of '47 and would happen again in the future because of our being together.

Some will say that living to-gether in the atmosphere of the camp, there was no discrimination of any kind because that was what everyone wanted. And it is easy table. You were not assigned to a us, back home would be anything table and, in fact, were urged but like camp. Actions in camp

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Fujii Elected Head Of Fellowship Group

NAMPA, Idaho-Edson Fujii of Nampa was elected district president of the Young Adult Fellowship of the Methodist Church at the 7th Annual Labor Day Retreat held at Payette Lakes Aug. 30 to

Manabu Yamada, also of Nampa, who served during the past year as treasurer, was the only other Nisei who attended the institute.

Set Installation Of JACL Officers

OMAHA, Neb.—Installation services for the new Omaha cabinet will be held September 27 under the direction of Kazuo Ikebasu and Joe Matsunami, vice presidents.

Committee members include Doris Matsunami, Susan Kumagai, Frank Tamai, Robert Nakadoi and Takao Misaki.

Patrick Okura will be installed as president, with other cabinet officials as follows: Kazuo Ikebasu, 1st vice president; Joe Matsunami, 2nd vice president; Susan Kumagai, recording secretary; Lily Y. Okura, corresponding secretary; and Frank Tamai, treasurer.

which had the wholehearted approval of the camp would make persons in the south and west shudder. So it seems as if the breach between camp and home life would be so great as to make the experience of camp not worthwhile. But habits do not have to be made by repeating some action over and over again, and the camp becomes the place where some of these good habits could have been born making no class distinctions between Catholic, Jew or Protestant, laborer, farmer, student or veteran in the business of living with others.

Sixteen Teams Enter Bowling League

SAN JOSE, Calif.-First n play in the United C League's sixteen - team be league started this week with teams rolling on Tuesday night the other eight on Thursday at ley Bowl.

As all teams will be bown the Aye division, the teams alternate bowling on Tuesday Thursdays.

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sei Girls Win Minneapolis Championship



INNEAPOLIS, Minn.—A Nisei girls' softball recently won the Minneapolis city championin the American division of the women's park

softball league. he team, playing under the name J.U.B. (Just irs), was sponsored by the Twin Cities Youth wship. The JUGs were undefeated in nine is Pitcher Phyllis Matsushita struck out 74 in 8 games, an average of over nine per The team boasts a batting average of .442, Mary Takao with .583.

Above, left to right: front row, Lillian Tanigawa, Tae Fujimoto, Esther Nanamura, Helen Yorozu, Hisa Nishimura, Phyllis Matsushita.

Second row: Irene Ishikawa, Helen Tanigawa, Nancy Osaka, Mary Takao, Margaret Matsushita, Tats Matsushita, May Moriguch.

Back row: Frank Tanaka, Frank Ishikawa,

Not in picture: Aki Sakanishi, Masako Hirota, Yas Kitagawa, Sumi Watari.

wer Arrangement

KLAND, Calif.—A ten-week in flower arrangement will en by Mrs. Chiura Obata at akland YWCA from Sept. 15. classes will be from 1 to 2 on Mondays.

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Stardusters

OAKLAND, Calif. — The Stardusters, Oakland girls club, will Chicago Ball hold a public dance Sept. 20 at the OME Meader hall, on Tenth street Chicago Ball between West and Brush.

Proceeds from the dance will go towards paying for expenses of the club's basketball team.

Team members are Michi Nishino, Nobuko Nakayama, Yum Tsu-gawa, Alice Mori, Mary Mori, Lily Nomura, Grace Nomura, Kay Na-kamura, Yo Sasaki, Patricia We-hara, Shizuko Yokomizo, Mary Endo, Lu Minamoto and Alice No-mura. Frank Yamane of the Oakland Paramounts is the coach.

Reception

FRESNO, Calif. — The Young Peoples Christian Fellowship will attend a reception Sunday, Sept. 14, honoring the Rev. S. Uyemura, new minister of the Methodist church, and his wife and daughters, Elizabeth and Hannah Elizabeth and Hannah.

The reception will be held at the Methodist church beginning at 7:30 p. m.

The Rev. George Aki was chairman of the fellowship meeting on Sept. 7. Etsu Mikami was elected Salt Lake Girl relief chairman, replacing Sally Nagata, who resigned the position. Named President

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Record Crowd

CHICAGO-Planning is in high gear for the JACL's annual inaugural ball, according to Yo Furuta, chairman in charge of arrangements, who predicted that more than 500 couples would attend this season's outstanding social event.

Mary Kay and her popular orchestra will provide music for the semi-formal affair which will be held Saturday, Nov. 22, in Hotel Sherman's Crystal ballroom. Dancing will last until one o'clock with bids to JACL members being \$4.50 per couple and non-members \$5 per couple.

Bids will be available about the middle of September, said the ball chairman, but reservations received at the JACL office before then will receive priority. Mrs. Furuta warned that the number of bids available for the inaugural ball would be limited and suggested that they be purchased as soon as

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Vital Statistics

To Mr. and Mrs. Tom Kasai a girl, Aileen Kay, on Sept. 4 in Los

To Mr. and Mrs. Joe K. Okamoto, 413 West 23rd st., Cheyenne, Wyo., a son, Melvin, on Aug. 31. Mrs. Okamoto is the former Miss Evelyn

Kirimura of San Francsico.

To Mr. and Mrs. Kazumasa
Kikawa a girl in Denver, Colo.

To Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Nakayama a boy in Denver.

To Mr. and Mrs. Noboru Mura-koshi, 672 South Eighth West St.,

Salt Lake City, a boy on Sept. 8.

To Mr. and Mrs. Tetsuro Okimoto a girl on Aug. 31 in Sacramento.

To Mr. and Mrs. Takeo Saito a girl, Mariko, on Sept. 8 in San Francisco.

To Mr. and Mrs. Niichi Matsunaga, Selma, Calif., a boy on Aug. 17. To Mr. and Mrs. Henry Muneo Hayashi, Pasadena, Calif., a girl

on Sept. 1. To Mr. and Mrs. Joe S. Shigezane a boy on Sept. 1 in Los An-

To Mr. and Mrs. Akiyoshi Kawa-hara, Gardena, Calif., a boy on

To Mr. and Mrs. Shoji Hara, Santa Ana, Calif., a girl on Sept. 3.

To Lieut. and Mrs. Walter Tana-ka a boy, Wesley Kiyoshi, on Aug. 25 in Tokyo, Japan.

DEATHS

Moritaro Toyama, 60,, of West Weber, Utah, on Sept. 10 in Ogden. Takeichi Goishi on Sept. 3 in Los

Masajiro Negoro, 68, on Sept. 2 in Fresno, Calif.
Dr. Shuichi Kusaka, 31, on Aug. 31 at Beach Haven, N. J.
James Tadashi Inomata, 27, on Sept. 2 in Sept. Francisco.

Sept. 2 in San Francisco. Kaoru Akashi, 72, on Sept. 3 in Los Angeles. Shinjiro Wada, 65, in Redwood

City, Calif.
Mrs. Teruka Koyano on Sept.
4 in Berkeley, Calif.

MARRIAGES

Peggy Tsuneko Tokuyama to Paul Shigeyuki Fukushima, Ogden, Utah, on Sept. 2 in Los Angeles. Florence Ono to Howard Doi of

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Changes Name

UC Women's House

BERKELEY, Calif.—The former Japanese Women's Student club-house at 2509 Hearst avenue will hereafter be known as the North Gate dormitory, according to the house committee.

Applications for residence are now open and will be accepted at the clubhouse or by phoning Berkeley 7-8695.

Mrs. Kiku Taniguchi will be the housemother.

Denver on Aug. 27 in Santa Monica, Calif.

Masami Shintani to Hiroshi Ka-mihana on Aug. 29 in Chicago. Yoshiko Oshita to Mas Inada on Aug. 28 in Chicago.

Noriko Oda to Anki Hoshijo on Aug. 23 in Chicago.

Shizuko Taira to David Y. Oyama on Aug. 30 in Chicago.

Ruby Otoma to Vernon Mayekawa on Aug. 27 in Chicago.

Yoshiko Okamoto to Yoshiza-buro Hayashida on Aug. 24 in Chicago.

Anna Yago of Greeley to Joe Nagaki on Aug. 23 in Greeley,

Setsuko Nomura to Wiley Higuchi on Aug. 24 in Chicago.
Yuriko Kawakami to Sueo Hirashima on Sept. 7 in Los Angeles.
Eiko Nakamizo San Francisco, to Seiyo Tomiyasu, East Cambridge,
Mass., on Aug. 31 in New York.
Mary Nakagawa to Frenk Francisco.

Mary Nakagawa to Frank Enomoto of Watsonville, Calif., on Aug. 31 in Denver.

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Kawano Raps Hawaii's High **Food Prices**

Calls ILWU Meeting To Fight Rising Cost Of Living in Territory

HONOLULU — Jack Kawano, president of the Hawaii council of the International Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union, CIO, announced this week that the ILWU was prepared to open retail food stores throughout Hawaii un-less high prices drop to "reason-able" levels.

Kawano called a meeting of CIO

sugar workers Sept. 19 to discuss details. He said longshore and pineapple units of ILWU-CIO would meet shortly thereafter.

The announcement followed adoption of a resolution by the Honolulu Board of Supervisors seeking a Federal investigation of food prices in the territory and a meeting by "We, the Women of Hawaii" denouncing food prices.

Kawano declared "it has become clear that Hawaii's merchandisers

have failed in their responsibilities

It appears there is no other course for us to take."

Robert McElrath, ILWU territorial representative, said suppliers sell coffee at an average of 20 cents a pound above mainland prices to push sales of Hawaiiprices to push sales of Hawaii-grown coffee.

"Canned pineapple is cheaper in Detroit than in Hawaii," he added.

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LOS ANGELES, CAL

Masaoka Addresses Meeting in Detroit

DETROIT, Mich.—Arriving from Toronto where he helped organize the National Japanese Canadian Citizens association, Mike Masaoka, national legislative director of the JACL Anti-Discrimination Committee stopped in Detroit briefly last week to speak at a public meeting.

Sponsored by the Detroit JACL chapter, the meeting was attended by Issei residents, former members of the local Resettlement committee, JACL chapter members, and others.

Masaoka explained the ADC legslative program, outlined the progress of remedial legislation remedial through Congress, and urged sup-port of the national JACL Anti-Discrimination committee program.

The meeting was held in the International Institute in Detroit, with Peter Fujioka, JACL chapter

president, conducting the affair. While in Detroit, Masaoka also met with various community and labor leaders to discuss the ADC legislative program and solicit aid in contacting and seeking support from congressmen and senators.

Elle Club

FRESNO, Calif.—Twilight City was the site of a moonlight hay-ride held recently by members of the Elle club and their escorts. Community singing and a weiner roast climaxed the event.

Those in charge were Yuri Matsumoto and Olive Ogawa, refreshments; Julia Goto, location. Carolyn Matsuyama and Masako Ono were guests for the evening.



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San Jose Nine **Defeats League** All-Star Team

SAN JOSE, Calif.—The San Jose Zebras defeated the Northern Cal-ifornia Nisei League All-Stars, 4 to 3 at Municipal stadium on Sept. 7 when pitcher Johnny Horio won his own game with a ninth inning single which scored Ted Sakamoto.

The contest was tight all the way. The Zebras faced three southpaw pitchers, with Jiro Naka-mura, former Washington Union high school star from Centerville, working the first three frames, in which the Zebras scored three unearned runs. Jim Tsukamoto of Florin worked the middle three innings and gave up two hits and no runs. Henry Honda, little Richmond, Calif., star, was nicked for the winning run in the ninth. Two pinch hitters set the stage

for the winning run. Sakamoto batted for Frank Horio and singled. Jake Kakuuchi batted for Fuzzy Shimada and drove a single to short center. Horio then banged his winning drive to right.

Veterans Open Oxnard Malt Shop

OXNARD, Calif .- Three brothers, two of whom are veterans of U. S. army service, this week announced the opening of the Otani Malt shop in Oxnard at 620 Oxnard blvd.

They are Bow Otani, who served with the CIC, Toby, also asveteran, and their brother Izzy.

The shop's personnel will include their sister, Natsuko, and Mrs. Helen Otani.

The new store will feature home-made ice cream made in a glassenclosed dairy that is open to pub-

Minneapolis Dance

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn. - The Nisei Athletic club will sponsor a dance at Benton hall, 12th and Nicollet, at 8:30 p. m. Saturday,

Gilbert Miyazaki will be chair-

The first 25 couples at the dance will be given orchids, Miyazaki announced.

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PC SPORTS

San Jose's Babe

Wally Yonamine's won't be the only Nisei name on West Coast sports pages in a few weeks. Out at San Jose State, one of the strongest of the Coast's independents, Coach Bill Hubbard is tail-oring new plays around his Nisei scatback, Babe Nomura. These plays are expected to take advantage of Nomura's passing ability. Two years ago Nomura was the star of the Los Angeles City College team, completing 15 touchdown tosses during the season and tying the record set by Jackie Fellows which had been considered untouchable.

Nomura is set at left halfback for the Spartans, alternating with Bill Schemmel. Although the left half in the "T" formation ordinarily is not expected to do much passing, Coach Hubbard is reported to have fashioned some new plays to take advantage of Nomura's ability as a passer which was not thoroughly exploited by the Spartans last season when the Nisei star was used mainly for his broken-field running.

An unsung but important player in San Jose State's plans for the 1947 season is Jake Kakuuchi who saw a lot of line play last sea-son and is now fighting for a firststring guard berth.

Trojan Naumu

Down at USC Coach Jeff Cravath is counting on Johnny Naumu, of Japanese and Hawaiian ancestry, who was a surprise star in several of the Trojan games last year. Naumu, who surprised in both the Stanford and Washington games, is fighting it out with Ted Tannehil and Mickey McCardle for the starting left half position.

Along with the Wedemeyers, Yonamines, Naumus and other Ha-waiian backfield stars on western football squads, the little College of Idaho at Caldwell boasts of three Hawaiian players. One of them is Herbert Imanaka, backfield ace of the Kaimuki high school team from Hawaii, which played in Idaho last year. Imanaka also starred in Kaimuki's defeat of Vancouver College in British Columbia last season.

Tempe's Kajikawa

One of the best passers among Nisei players of the last two decades was William (Bill) Kajikawa who played for Arizona State at Tempe. Kajikawa is now coaching the ends for the Sun Devils under Coach Ed Doherty, formerly of Boston College. Bill Kajikawa also was a baseball star and is varsity baseball coach at the Arizona school. During the war he served with the 522nd Field Artillery of the 442nd Combat Team . . . Kaji-kawa once was named on the small college All-America teams. college All-America team.

ernaps the top Nisei star was Art Matsu who played for William and Mary and kicked a field goal and Mary and Ricked a neid goal against Army. While in high school in Cleveland, Matsu's substitute at quarterback was a young player named Benny Friedman who went on to Michigan and All-American acclaim. Matsu has been backfield coach for Rutgers University for nearly 15 years.

More Yonamine

The San Francisco Chronicle carried the following story about Wally Yonamine the other day: "Wallace Yonamine, Hawaii-born

Japanese, gets all tied up on the San Francisco 49er bench and can't do his best work when sent in at halfback.

"Yonamine is afraid the great big crowds at Kazar—biggest he's ever seen in his life—won't accept him as a U. S. citizen because of his ancestry. In Honolulu, yes; on

the mainland, no. That's what he thinks, though he's an ex-GI. "The other day at San Jose we called aside Johnathan (Babe) Nomura, Nisei scatback for the Spartans, and asked him if he suffered any untoward incident last season while burning up the turf for San

Jose State. "'What do you mean?' Nomura said. 'I don't know what you're talking about. Everybody treated me fine. At home and on the road.'

Nisei Veteran Elected to High Post in DAY

Delegate from Hawaii Named Alternate Head Of 12th District

LAS VEGAS, Nev.—Herbe Yamamoto of Honolulu, T. H. unanimously elected as alte district commander of the 12th trict of the Disabled American erans at the recently national convention here.

Yamamoto, a member of the waii delegation to the DAY vention, also was elected ally national executive commit from the 12th district which cludes California, Nevada, A and Hawaii.

Joseph P. Petrowski St. of Hawaii delegation who placed Yamamoto's name before the vention declared that his elewas the first time in the his of a major national vetram of a major national vetram of the state of t ganization that a person of I nese ancestry has been elected a high national office.

Petrowski added that Yam to's election "indicates that ar fighting men, at least, the pearance of racial intolerance prejudice."

Yamamoto served with both 100th Infantry Battalion and 442nd Combat Team in Italy, I treasurer of the Oahu chapter 1, DAV, and treasurer of the chapter of Club 100. He is or the owners of the B. K. Yama store in Honolulu.

The Hawaii delegation at convention included Richard Mizuta, Tokuji Ono, Edda Blegelid, Terumi Kato, Dana Inouye and Ernest W. Birch

Kato, amputee veteran of 442nd Combat Team and report the smallest veteran at the con tion, presented the resolution Hawaii statehood which was p by the DAV convention.

Arlington Committee Holds Meeting

WASHINGTON, D. C. -board of trustees of the M Committee for Arlington Nati Cemetery met on Sept. 5 at Evangelical Reformed church discuss committee functions trustees are Jack Hirose, chain Thomas Takeshita, E. Izumi, Tasaka, Ira Shimasaki and Horiuchi. The Rev. F. Schlegel, pastor of the Refore church and an adviser of the Wi ington JACL, is committee adv.

Chairman Hirose announced following subcommittee heads: Shimasaki, treasurer; Dan Ko flowers; and John Kitasako, tures. Kazumae Ichiuji is s

The committee received donst during the week from the R land JACL and the Rev. Hi Kano, of the St. Marys Miss Scotts Bluff, Mo. Pledges have been received from a number charters. chapters.

Son Born in Tokyo To Nisei Couple

TOKYO, Japan—A son, We Kiyoshi, was born on Aug 3 Lieut. and Mrs. Walter Tanak the 49th General hospital in To Lieut. Tanaka is attached to headquarters of the U.S. Cavalry Division in Tokyo.

"Coach Bill Hubbard v

this.

"'Nomura is popular with teammates and the stands her San Jose,' Hubbard affirmed. trips last season he was heckled. In fact, out-ofcrowds stood up and cheered ability.

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