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Young Japanese Americans Supplied U. S. With Important Data on Japan During War

Nisei in FBIS Became Official Ears of U. S. Government on Japan; Advance Unit Based on Iwo Jima at Time of Enemy's Surrender

NEW YORK-"A group of young Japanese Americans working as radio monitors for the United States government was probably the most productive single source of information on Japan during the war," Stephen Greene, wartime official with the Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Service (FBIS), declares in the Autumn, 1946, issue of Common Ground.

Common Ground's article on the role of Japanese Americans FBIS is the first detailed report of the work of the Nisei in

he little-known government agen-y which was set up under the ederal Communications Commis-on early in 1941 to tap the radio lews broadcasts of foreign nations.

Three months before Pearl Har-Three months before Pearl Har-bor FBIS sent three young Japa-nese Americans, two of them sis-ters, to Portland, Ore., as its first field unit to listen to Radio Tokyo and these Nisei became the gov-ernment's first official ears on Tokyo, Mr. Greene reports.

When war broke out, this small When war broke out, this small staff of Japanese Americans, soon augmented by three more transators and a skeleton staff of editors and clerical help, "worked night and day to keep Washinpton apprised of developments within the enemy homeland."

"It was from these youngsters"

"It was from these youngsters hat America first learned, in ranslations of exulting Imperial Headquarters communiques, the de-ligence services.

tals of successive affied defeats at Wake, Hong Kong, Singapore, the Philippines, Java."

Four years later FBIS Nisei monitors, based on Iwo Jima, a scant 500 miles from the enemy home islands, heard the Japanese peror announce the capitulation

rsons of Japanese ancestry from he Pacific Coast States in 1942, half dozen Japanese American ranslators with FBIS in Portland were the only persons of Japanese in the evacuated area. Among hese Nisei were Satoru Sugimura of Honolulu, Frank Nakayama of Honol

Seattle, Jun Okazaki of Los Angeles and Kazuko Higuchi.

Mr. Greene, head of the Portland office of FBIS during the war, testifies to the loyalty of the Japanese Americans in the agency in his article:

"In my four years' experience with FBIS, I did not meet any civilians who could top these members of the Japanese language staff for patriotism and good citizanship in day in day of the staff for patriotism and good citizanship in day in day of the staff for patriotism and good citizanship in day in day of the staff for patriotism and good citizanship in day in day of the staff for patriotism and good citizanship in day in day of the staff for patriotism and good citizanship in day in day of the staff for patriotism and good citizanship in day in day of the staff for patriotism and good citizanship in day in day of the staff for patriotism and good citizanship in day in day of the staff for patriotism and good citizanship in the staff for patriotism and good citizanship in the staff for patriotism and good citizanship in the staff for patriotism and good cit izenship in day-in, day-out service to the country."

The Japanese broadcasts monitored by FBIS and translated by Japanese Americans "was put to a thousand uses," according to Greene. The material was utilized by OWI, the Foreign Economic Administration, the Office of Censorship and by government intelligence convicts.

The Portland station of FBIS supplied the first news of Japan's acceptance of the Allied surrender terms. By that time the original number of three Japanese Americans in the agency had increased to more than 50 persons of Japanese ancestry, and Nisei, first used by FBIS only as translators and monitors, were later hired, on their When the Army ordered the monitors, were later hired, on their record, as stenographers, copyreaders, editors and analysts.

Greene quotes a FBIS division chief on the Nisei's wartime record

Masaoka Warns Law's Passage May Mean Second Evacuation

VENICE, Calif.—Speaking before a large gathering of Nisei and Issei at the Venice JACL chapter meeting last week, like Masaoka, national executive secretary of JACL, voiced a varning of a second evacuation—this time a land evacuation or persons of Japanese ancestry in California.

He urged defeat of Proposition 15 at the polls in the Noember election as a means of preventing the land evacuation and then went on to relate the work and program of the National ACL in promoting the welfare of

apanese Americans.

"Number one job of the national regardation," Masaoka said, "is secure passage of the Issei nativalization bill through congress."

This till the foliation of the National Sakamoto Attends

National Convention of American Legitation bill through congress." This bill was introduced in the losing days of the 79th congress, a reported and predicted that it ould be acted upon when congress wenes once again.

Following Masaoka's talk, Eiji anabe, regional director for JACL southern California, translated or the benefit of the Issei audi-

George Inagaki, national vice resident of the organization, preented the speakers.

Later, members of the Venice lapter elected officers for the ming year with Jack Wakamatsu osen to head the group.

Others who will serve with him clude Fumi Utsuki and Esther L'vice presidents; Mary A spii, corresponding secretary; in Onishi, recording secretary; in Onishi, treasurer; George Miawa, auditor; Toki Kunimoto, istorian; and Esther L'Ecluse, ablicity chairmen. ublicity chairman.

Among the guests at the Venice the Venice hostel, was Scotty Schiya, retiring southern Cal-

National Convention Of American Legion

SAN FRANCISCO—Cosma Sa-kamoto, a veteran of Okinawa and other Pacific battlefronts whose Placer County home was burned to the ground by hoodlums, registered as a delegate to the American Legion's national convention from the Richard Townsend post at Au-

burn, Calif. Sakamoto, chairman of the Northern California Council of the JACL, also attended the NC-PAC political action school ses-sions in San Francisco last week sions in San Francisco last week-

Los Angeles Group Will Hold Meeting

LOS ANGELES—The Los Angeles County Committee on Human Relations will discuss Propant Relations on the California osition No. 15 on the California ballot, the legislative initiative apter meeting, which was held which proposes the validation of the Venice hostel, was Scotty amendments to the Alien Land omia regional director for JACL. Law, at a meeting on Oct. 14 in the Hall of Records, Room 501.

Fight on Anti-Alien Fishing **Ban Carried to High Court**

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1946

PAC Endorses Five Nisei in Hawaii Elections

HONOLULU — The Hawaii CIO Poitical Action Committee last week announced its endorsement of 25 candidates for territorial offices, including five persons of Japanese ancestry, in the Hawaiian primaries on Oc-

tober 5. CIO-PAC backing was given five Japanese Americans in races for the territorial house of representatives. The y are Charles Sakaguchi (D). East Hawaii; Calvin K. Ueki (R), Oahu 4th; Mitsuyuki Kido (D), Oahu 5th; Matsuki Arashiro (D) and Tom Ouye (D), Kauai. Arashiro and Sakaguchi are members of the CIO's ILWII

members of the CIO's ILWU. CIO-PAC backing also was given Joseph R. Farrington, Republican, who is seeking re-election as Hawaii's delegate to Congress.

Second Case

Would Enjoin State From Interfering With Issei Fishermen

LOS ANGELES-A second test case challenging the legality of California legislation prohibiting alien fishermen of Japanese ancestry from engaging in commercial fishing was heard by Judge Alfred Paonessa on Oct. 4 in Superior Court.

Attorneys A. L. Wirin and John

Maeno petitioned the court in behalf of Yoshikazu Tsuchiyama to enter a judgment which would enjoin the Fish and Game Commisjoin the Fish and Game Commission from interfering with the right of Tsuchiyama and approximately 200 other Issei fishermen from San Pedro, San Diego and Monterey from fishing both on the -əəxya əqx uxqxxx pur steps yaxı mile limit off the coast of California.

Mirin and Maeno stated that they were pressing the Tsuchiyama case in order to secure the right of these resident alien fishermen of Japanese ancestry to engage in fishing pending the decision of the California Supreme Court in the Takahashi case which is now pend-

Evacuee Problems Discussed by Heist, Masaoka-on Radio

LOS ANGELES-Problems of returning veterans of Japanese ancestry in the Los Angeles area were discussed on KFVD on Sept. 26 as A. A. Heist of the American Civil Liberties Union interviewed Mike M. Masaoka, national secre-

mike M. Masaoka, national sectedary of the JACL.
With J. Frank Burke, KFVD's noted "editor of the air", presiding, Heist and Masaoka discussed the JACL Anti-Discrimination Committee's fight against Proposition No. 15, the validation of sition No. 15, the validation of amendments to the Alien Land Law, on the California ballot in November.

Urban League Sees Added Job Prejudice Against Minorities

ST. LOUIS-The National Urban League on Sept. 28 passed resolutions deploring the return of the United States Employment Service to the States because of "growing discrimination in employment."

The group, which deals with social work among Negroes, voted at the close of its national con-ference to ask the Veterans Administration to take steps for improving and expanding services to veterans of minority race groups. combat against the enemies

California Supreme Tribunal Hears Argument Against Law Barring Japanese Fishermen

LOS ANGELES-A California State Supreme Court ruling on the constitutionality of California's wartime-adopted law barring Japanese alien fishermen from the commercial fishing industry was in the offing this week.

The State's highest tribunal on Oct. 2 heard arguments in the case of Torao Takahashi, a Japanese national whose two sons were in the United States Army against the California Fish and Game Commission.

After hearing the arguments for and against the "anti-Japanese" amendment to the Fish and Game Code, the State Supreme Court granted the State ten days to file another reply brief.

Deputy Attorney General Ralph W. Scott, representing the Fish and Game Commission, upheld the validity of the 1945 amendment, which prohibits "aliens ineligible to citizenship" from commercial and sport fishing in California. Scott said that the legislature had adopted the amendment as "a conadopted the amendment as "a con-servation measure." He insisted that the matter of race was not involved, and that the Supreme Court in previous cases had ruled that eligibility to citizenship was a reasonable basis for classification in the laws.

Wirin pointed to the legislative history of the bill which, he claim-ed, "clearly substantiated" the ar-gument that it was directed solely against persons of Japanese ancestry.

Striking at the State's contention that it was a "conservation measure," Wirin pointed out that nowhere in the records of the 1945 legislature had such an argument been used and that the law had been passed at a time when every effort was being made to increase the supply of available food to help in the winning of the war. Wirin said that if conservation of the State's fish supply was the intent of the legislature the measure should have been directed at other and more numerous groups engaged in commercial fishing.

One of the justices questioned Scott as to the international im-plications of the restrictive law. Scott replied that it did not negate our commitments under the United Nations charter while Wirin contended that it did.

In his oral argument Wirin called the measure "the strongest case of discrimination in the statutes of any State."

Pressing his point that the law was a conservation measure, Scott

"It's logical that the first place to cut down on licenses is with aliens ineligible to citizenship. The next step would be to bar all other aliens. After that would come citizens not residing in the State and finally citizen-residents of California themselves."

On the outcome of the action hangs the fate of 220 other pending applications from Japanese alien fishermen who seek to resume their pre-evacuation occupa-

The test case brought by Takahashi was decided in the favor of the Japanese alien fisherman by Judge Henry M. Willis of the Superior Court who ruled that the California legislature's amendment to the Fish and Game code in 1943 and 1945, which barred "ineligible aliens" from obtaining licenses to fish commercially, discriminated against the Japanese as a racial group and violated the Federal Constitution by denying the alien Japanese "equal protection of the

Judge Willis ordered the Fish and Game Commission to issue a general fishing license to Takahashi for fishing both on the high seas and in territorial waters off the California coast. This decision was appealed to the State Supreme Court by the Fish and Game Commission. The high court then directed that Judge Willis' order be stayed until it could hear the ap-

The case for Takahashi was presented by A. L. Wirin, noted civil liberties attorney who is counsel for the American Civil Liberties Union and special counsel of the Lapanese American Civil American Civil Property of the Japanese American Citizens League. Associated with Mr. Wirin in the case are John Maeno of Los Angeles and Saburo Kido of Salt Lake City.

A brief urging the Supreme Court to declare the Fish and Game Code amendment unconsti-tutional was filed by Wirin last

Wirin argued for Takahashi that the amendment was passed by the California legislature during the evacuation period. Wirin said that the amendments, barring alien Japanese from fishing, is a violation of the rights guaranteed to Japanese national by the commer-cial treaty between Japan and the United States. Although this treaty was terminated in 1940, Wirin pointed out that the recent decision of the State Court of Appeals in the Stockton Theater case, involving the commercial rights of Jap-anese aliens, proved that the abro-gation of the treaty does not affect the right of Japanese aliens which were recognized while the treaty was in effect.

Educational Program Planned By JACL on Proposition 15

SAN FRANCISCO—Final plans their country," Sakamoto said. for an intensive educational campaign on the issues inherent in Proposition 15, the Alien Land Law amendments, on the California ballot will be formulated at the second Northern California JACL District Council meeting in San Francisco on Oct. 13 at 10 a. m. at the JACL offices.
"This absurd and undemocratic

legal persecution of American citizens must cease," Cosma Sakamoto, Pacific war veteran and chairman of the Northern California JACL group, declared this week in announcing the date of

the conference.

"Nisei veterans and their families must be permited to enjoy the hard-earned democracy they have bought with their blood in

cil meeting agenda will be reports by JACL representatives who attended the recent sessions of the Northern California school on po-litical action techniques.

The special memorandum for the White House on the present and foreseeable problems of Americans of Japanese ancestry also will be discussed as will the cam-paign for the passage of the evac-uation claims bill and the proposed legislation for the removal of race restrictions from the naturalization law.

The desirability of a West Coast conference this year of represen-tatives of the Northern California and Southern California district councils and JACL delegates from the Pacific Northwest will be dis-

Princeton Will Publish Lind's Book on Hawaii

PRINCETON, N. J.—The story of how the Hawaiian Islands, one of the world's most progressive areas in the solution of racial problems, met the dilemma posed by the Pacific war against Japan is told by Andrew W. Lind in a new book, "Hawaii's Japanese: An Experiment in Democracy," which Princeton University Press will publish in November. will publish in November.

Mr. Lind, as a professional sociologist, regarded the situation faced by persons of Japanese ancestry in Hawaii after Dec. 7, 1941 as a social experiment of unusual significance and has applied to its analysis appropriate scientific methods, according to the Princeton Press.

The book also records the story of Americans of Japanese ancestry in World War II and discusses the problems faced by members of the group in the post-war per-

iod.
"Hawaii's Japanese" is editorially sponsored by the American Council, Institute of Pacific Rela-

Book Review: Toru Matsumoto's Story Told in **Newly-Published Book**

A BROTHER IS A STRAN-GER: By Toru Matsumoto and Marion Ölive Lerrigo. John Day, New York, 1946. \$3.75.

Though born and educated in Japan, Matsumoto was an innate liberal who became a Christian educator after studying at Union Theological Seminary. Giving an excellent picture of Japanese so-ciety, he says Confucianism, Buddhism and Shintoism are the three obstacles to democracy. With the deep conviction that all men are born equal, Mr. Matsumoto (now a Protestant minister in the United States) says that liberal arts education will be the savior of Lorent and offerming individual disc Japan in affirming individual dig-nity and teaching the truth about Japanese history. This book has stature because of its timeliness, its humaneness and its wealth of amusing anecdote.—From Wings, Literary Guild Review.

New York Dance

NEW YORK — The New York JACL is sponsoring a "fun frolic" on Oct. 10 at 8 p. m. at American Common, 40 East 40th street.

Admission to the dance will be

40 cents per person.

Mine Okubo's Personal History:

Experiences in Internment Told in "Citizen 13660"

CITIZEN 13660. Drawings and text by Mine Okubo. Columbia University Press, New York City. 209 pages. \$2.75.

The wartime evacuation program plucked 112,000 persons of Japanese ancestry from their homes on the West Coast and resettled them in ten War Relocation Authority camps throughout the American desert areas.

This program has been described and evaluated many times, but always in terms of the mass. Now, after many months, one of the evacuated, Mine Okubo, has told her own story by means of sketches and a short accompanying text.

"Citizen 13660" is comprised of approximately 200 sketches of camp life, each described by a paragraph or more of pithy comment. The book begins with the author in Europe, shortly before the start

of war, and ends as she leaves the Topaz relocation center.

The drawings have gustiness and humor. They have captured

and humor. They have captured all the oddities of camp life, the idiosyncracies and the paradoxes inherent in the confinement of American citizens.

Being neither a moralist nor a sentimentalist, Mine Okubo has drawn an objective history of a non-objective experience. The book has pathos, because there was great pathos in the evacuation. The book has humor, because the The book has humor, because the evacuees maintained a sense of balance, despite all the indignities of the evacuation. And the book has dignity, because they retained their dignity, over and above the many painful and humiliating ex-periences of relocation center life. There is no weeping nor wailing

There is no weeping nor waiting in the book; neither is there sentimentality. The text is simple and direct. Often it is slyly satirical, but there was much to be satirized. Mine Okubo, art student on a traveling fellowship, was studying

art in Europe when war began. She managed to secure a reserva-tion home, coming back on the last boat to leave Bordeaux.

The ship was crowded with refugees who were coming from the European hell-hole to the freedom of America. Hearing their stories, Mine Okubo did not dream she was coming home not to freedom

but to internment.

It was only a few months after
Pearl Harbor that Mine Okubo
and her brother tagged their personal baggage with the family number, 13660, and prepared to go to the Civil Control Station, from which they would be taken to the Tanforan assembly center.

"The military police opened the bus door and we stepped into the bus as our family number was called," she writes. "Many spectators stood around. At that moment I recalled some of the stories told on shipboard by European refugees bound for Amer-

"We were silent on the trip except for a group of four Uni-versity of California boys who were singing college songs. The bus crossed the Bay Bridge. Everyone stared at the beautiful view as if for the last time. The singing stopped."

It was during the first crowded, hustling days at Tanforan assem-bly center that Miss Okubo decided to record her experiences in internment. She records the lines for inspection, the first messhall meals, the constant surveillance and the invasion of privacy.

"We had to make friends with

the wild creatures in the camp." she writes, "especially the spiders, mice and rats because we were outnumbered."

It was during this time that she received letters from friends in

Europe telling her how lucky she was to be free and safe at home.

To Mine Okubo, as to other evacuees, the lack of privacy was the greatest encroachment upon her liberty and the factor involving the oreatest personal adjustment.
Bathrooms, toilet facilities. laundry rooms, dining rooms—all these were common facilities. To obtain some degree of privacy, Mine tacked a quarantine sign upon her door

When the residents at Tanforan were moved to Utah to the Todaz relocation center near Delta, they were able to plan upon more per-manent homes. Shruhs and trees vere planted around the barracks. Gardens were set out, buildings were "winterized" for protection against the cold With what equipment they could get. the evacuees set up recreation facilities. An ice rink was set up. Shows were held on makeshift stages in the mess-halls and in the open. Kite-making and flying were popular. The evacuees' sports included hasehall. basketball, tennis. golf. football, ping pong and badminton.

community cooperative was established, providing a canteen, dry-goods store, beauty parlor, barber shop, cleaning establish-ment, shoe repair shop and mov-

Besides the regular school program there were nursery schools for the very young and adult education classes featuring Americanization classes for the Issei. There were also scrap-metal drives, hond sales. Red Cross drives and blood donations "to help us keep up with the outside world."

By January, 1944, Mine Okubo finished her documentary sketches of camp life and decided to leave regular leave program which had been established earlier.

She describes her departure: "After plowing through the red tape, through the madness of packing agair. I attended forums on 'How to Make Friends' and How to Behave in the Outside

World' . . . "I looked at the crowd at the gate. Only the very old or very young were left. Here I was, alone, with no family responsibilities, and yet fear had chained me to the camp. I thought. My God! How do they expect those those poor people to leave the one place they can call home?" I swallowed a lump in my throat as I waved goodbye to them.

"I entered the bus. As soon as all the passengers had been accounted for, we were on our way, I relived momentarily the sorrows and the jovs of my whole evacuation experience, until the harracks faded away into the distance. There was only desert now. My thoughts shifted

from the past to the future."
"Citizen 13660" can be approached as a personal history, as a social document, or as a satirical comment upon the war's most undemocratic experiment.

The book has captured all the The book has captured an the bumbling and fumbling of the early evacuation days, all the pathos and much of the humor that arose strange and heavy pea jackets, the

The pictures will recall for one-

Pages From "Citizen 13660"



We were close to freedom and yet far from it. The San Bruno streetcar line bordered the camp on the east and the main state highway on the south. Streams of cars passed by all day. Guard towers and barbed wire surrounded the entire center, Guards were on duty night and day.



The bus struggled through the soft alkaline dirt, past the white administration barracks and the black resident barracks to Block 4 Mess Hall. This, together with the laundry building, was the induction center for the day. As we stepped out of the bus, we could hear band music and people cheering, but it was impossible to see anything through the dust. The band was a group of former Boy Scouts from Berkely. When we finally battled our way into the safety of the building we looked as if we had fallen into a flour barrel.



Each block had a laundry complete with washboards and clotheslines. Much time was spent in the laundry. There was plenty of hot water and the alkaline water made wash ing easy.

moments of the evacuation. Read- | government-issue clothing that covered young and old with the same mail-order clothes, the messtime evacuees the half-forgotten hall lines and the pot-bellied stoves

with the inevitable kettle bubble Other Americans will find on top. this book, though it compels to deep laughter, will also them deeply. It is that kind book,—M. O. T.

Book Review:

Discriminatory Laws Imposed On Japanese in South America

By ELMER R. SMITH
THE JAPANESE IN SOUTH AMERICA, by J. F. Normano and Antonello Gerbi; Institute of Pacific Relations, New York, N. Y., 1943. \$2.25, cloth bound.

This small publication of 130 pages is crammed with statistics and historical material relative to the settlement of persons of Japanese ancestry in Brazil and Peru. Some of the generalizations drawn from this material need to be modified due to more recent facts dealing with the social and cultural life of Japanese in South America. There are, however, some pertinent observations that need to be presented in a review of this book, and these observations will be of special interest to persons of

Japanese ancestry living in other areas of the New World. These may be listed and discussed under the following headings:

1. The migration of Japanese to both Brazil and Peru was due to an increased demand for labor and the expansion of the economic life of these respective countries ..

2. In the early days of Japanese migration, the Japanese were accepted and little prejudice was shown them by the native South American. However, as their activities expanded in the fields of agriculture, and especially in the independent business fields, more prejudice against them developed unti outright discrimination became the dominant pattern, especially in Peru.

3. The Japanese specialized in the argricultural pursuits of raising rice, cotton, and coffee. In independent business industries (in Peru) the fields dominated by the Japanese in given areas were laboratories, small shops, watch-making, watch-repairing, glass-cutting, picture-frame makers, and plumb-

ing and sanitary engineering.

4. The Japanese in both Brazil

and Peru were considered as lawabiding, able workers and punctilious business men.

The Japanese communities in 5. Brazil were more tightly knit then in Peru. As a matter of fact, the Japanése Brazilian community was "Japan transplanted." As such assimilation and integration was at a minimum. The Peruvian sit-uation was different until after 1934 when the anti-Japanese movement became increased to the point of having anti-Japanese legislation included in the laws of the land, and the increased discriminatory practices forced the Japanese community to live more unto itself. The "double nationality" legislation, passed on July 31, 1940, held that "persons born in Peru of that foreign parents belonging to countries observing the 'jus sanguinis,' who during their minority leave Peru for their parents' homeland, to live, study or undergo military training there, automatically lose Peruvian citizenship, and, until their citizenship is restored, must be considered as 'alien immi-

(Conitnued on page 5)

First Papers Given Issei In San Francisco

Still Barred From Citizenship Rights By Present Statutes

SAN FRANCISCO—Akimi Su-awara, 413 Victory Ave., South an Francisco, was issued his "first apers" for naturalization as an merican citizen on Sept. 26 by W. Calbreath, clerk of the U. District Court in San Francisco. Mr. Sugawara, like all other Mr. Sugawara, like all other liens of Japanese ancestry, is bar-ed from receiving his final papers eause of present immigration re-

He indicated that he had filed in his "first papers" as a means signifying his intention to beme an American citizen when-er it is possible to do so under

"It is my desire to see as many salified Issei as possible who singly wish to become naturalized ens, when this becomes poshle to file their declarations of Mr. Sugawara stated, nentions," Mr. Sugawara stated. The San Francisco regional oftee of the JACL assisted Mr. Sugawara in filing his application on any 17, prior to the time when a suffication was made by the Imtee on the matter of acceptance of pplications from legally resident tens of Japanese ancestry.

vacuation Impact eveloped Interracial ction, Says Smith

The impact of the evacuation The impact of the evacuation as the primary factor in the de-dependent of interracial and inter-litual cooperation upon the est Coast, Elmer R. Smith, as-stant professor in anthropology the University of Utah, told a Salt Lake City Council for vic Unity Thursday, Oct. 3.

Elmer Smith, who was on leave the War Relocation Authority various evacuee consultant mittees in Seattle during and ter the war, returned this month his post at the university.

ith praised the cooperation own by the various interracial mittees on the West Coast, ding that it was not until they ned forces under the American cil on Race Relations, the Fair Committee and the National ference of Christians and Jews at they could make any effec-

hrough the joint working of a groups, Smith declared, eftive pressure can be brought to upon political and social cies and individuals.

The end of the war has brought increase in problems of housemployment and discrimina-Smith declared, with job employment discrimination mg into the old pre-war pat-

With regard to housing Smith lared that restrictive covenants today the big problem of the relations groups.

ijii Held in Lodi Kun Driving Case

ODI, Calif.—Yonekichi Fujii,

was booked at the Lodi jail for stioning last week in the hit in midriving case involving into the highway patrol reported the highway patrol reported the im was riding a bicycle and struck on the evening of Sept, on the Victor Road by a car like failed to stop. A couple in other car followed the fleeing chine two miles and from their cription highway patrol officers k Fujii into custody.

was instrumental in making people see the relocatees objectively. The newcomers adjusted themselves easily to the pattern of Washington life; they made good neighbors; they established fine records in federal and private employment.

Mr. William R. Castle, former ambassador to Japan, who was a member of the committee, manifested deep interest in the welfare of the Nisei. He encouraged the committee in its work, and gave

Washington News-Letter

How Nelson Schlegal Became Involved in Nisei Problems

Back in the fall of 1942, when the Gripsholm returned to New York, a small group of Nisei who had been serving in U. S. consulates in East Asia were among its passengers. After they had been detained on Ellis Island for two months while immigration authorities checked them over thoroughly, some of them came to Washington presuming quite naturally that they would continue working for the State Department.

As it turned out, however, the State Department, in line with its policy of caution and conserva-

tism, refused to hire them and shunted them off to other agencies. The difficulty in making job adjustments was only one problem for these returnees. Another was that of finding a place to live, washington in 1942 was already terribly congested with war workers, and on top of that there were many suspicious apartment managers who turned the Nisei down.

The Rev. Nelsen Schlegel heard about the straits of the Nisei through a tormer missionary to Japan who was living in Wasnington. He offered to take into his home Jimmy Hamasaki and his wife and child. Jimmy had been with the U. S. consul's office in Formosa. The Hamasakis stayed with the Schlegels for a month, and then they were able to find an apartment.

The Hamasakis were the first Nisei Mr. Schlegel ever met. Their predicament and that of Nisei reocatees who were beginning to come to Washington impressed him deeply. Here was a problem, he said, in which the church should and could help. Here were dislo-cated persons who needed friends, and the Christians should be the ones to extend the hand of friendship and help correct the injustice

That was how Mr. Schlegel, who is now chairman of the Washington Citizens Committee and a member of the advisory board of the Washington JACL, first became involved in Wash-

ington's Nisei "problems."
When George Rundquist, of the Home Missions Council, came to the nation's capital early in 1943 to ask for the formation of a local body to gid the relegators. body to aid the relocatees, Mr. Schlegel stepped right in and helped with the setting up of the resettlement committee under the Federation of Churches.

In 1944 this committee was expanded to include persons besides church leaders in order to make it more representative of the en-tire community. Securing financial and moral support for the committee's program was not easy at the start, as there were some people who felt that the problem of the Nisei was a government-created problem, and that it was up to the government to solve it.

To Mr. Schlegel's surprise, a number of people, while not show-ing discrimination openly, harbored strong prejudice against the Nisei. The committee, however, through careful public relations was able to overcome much of this feeling, and the relocatees never even came close to becoming an issue in Washington.

Mr. Schlegel believes too that

the high caliber of Nisei and Issei who settled in Washington was instrumental in making people see the relocatees objectively. The newcomers adjusted themselves easily to the pattern of Washington life; they made

it good counsel whenever needed. He assisted the committee in draw ing up its papers of incorporation, and in making a fervent appeal to the Community War Fund board for aid for the committee-sponsored hostel.

Ambassador Joseph Grew and Mrs. Grew were also staunch supporters of the committee. Mr. Grew regretted that his position in the State Department at that time did not permit him to participate in any local organizations, but he expressed a constant interest in the committee's program. Mrs. Grew at one time considered setting up a loan fund for relocatees desiring to enter business, but the idea was dropped when the need for such a fund was not deemed urgent.

Like any other organization, one of the committee's chief problems was finances, but it was solved magnificently through persistence and faith. It raised \$2,500 to establish a hostel. And from the Relish a hostel. And from the Recreation Services, a branch of the Community War Fund, it secured \$2,400 for 1945 and a similar sum for 1946 to operate the hostel. It incorporated the Nisei Council's servicemen's activities under the USO, thereby creating the first and only Nisei USO outside of a relocation center under the sponsorship of the National USO.

By any definition, the work of

By any definition, the work of the Washington Citizens Com-mittee can be called successful, and the chief reason is that it had the sound leadership of persons who made the problems of the relocatees their own prob-

Time and again we have seen Mr. Schlegel drop his own work go to bat for the Nisei and other groups. He's done it because he wants to get the satisfaction of seeing a persecuted minority get a square deal, and because he believes that the church cannot be a forceful factor in society unless its leaders are willing to project their influence into community life

on a broader level.

The success of the whole relocation program is due in large part to Caucasians like Mr. Schlegel who through their unselfish service helped the dislocated Nisei mend their battered faith in American democracy.

CAPITAL NOTES

Pfc. Terry Kato, of the original 442nd Combat Team, who lost his right leg in Italy, will return in three weeks to Honolulu, the Honolulu he has not seen since he volunteered three years ago. During the past several months he has learned to walk with his artificial leg proficiently enough to his discharge from Reed Hospital.

The article in the current issue of Common Ground entitled "Nisei —Ears for the Government" pays tribute to the Nisei monitors and translators who listened in to Japanese broadcasts during the war at the interception posts in Portland and Pacific islands. The article, written by Stephen Greene, chief of the Portland and Denver office of the Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Sawiga prominently man

of the Fortand and Perver of the Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Service, prominently mentions Jun Okazaki, Washington JACL president, and Satoru Sugimura, chief of the translators in the Pacific Division.

Another former WRA official has joined the staff of Dillon Myer at FPHA. He is Merrill Tozier, former chief of the Reports Division.

Harold Horiuchi, Washington JACL treasurer, has transferred from the Treasury Department to the Department of Commerce.

Misawo Uyeoka has shifted from Interior's War Liquidation Unit to War Assets.

Schedule Dance

CHICAGO-The Midwest Buddhist church, Chicago YBA, will hold a pre-Hallowe'en dance at the International House, 1414 E. 59th street, on Saturday, Oct. 26, start-

ing at 8 p. m.
Art Hayashi and his Harmonaires will furnish the music. Refreshments will be sold dur-

JACL's Anti-Discrimination Group Campaigns for Defeat Of Alien Land Act Amendment

Masaoka Seeks Clear Test at Election on Attitude Of State's Citizens Toward Racist Legislation; Discloses Support of Church, AVC Organizations

SAN FRANCISCO-The JACL's political arm, the Anti-Discrimination Committee, is waging an intensive fight for the defeat of the Alien Land law amendments, Proposition No. 15, on the California ballot in November.

Joe Grant Masoaka, Northern California regional director of the JACL, reported this week that the California Councils for Civic Unity, the Northern California and Western Nevada Council of Churches, the American Veterans Committee of California, the Berkeley chapter of the National Citizens Political Action Com-

mittee and the American Civil Liberties Union head a group of Cal-ifornia organizations which have called for the defeat on Proposition 15.

Masaoka said that the defeat of the initiative measure would demonstrate that the people of California will not tolerate racist leg-

"If Proposition 15 is defeated it will be a precedent-shattering oc-casion in California political his-tory," he said. "However, if Proposition 15 is victorious by a substantial margin, it may be expected that the present Alien Land law will be stringently enforced and other legislation against persons of Japanese ancestry may be introduced."

Masaoka declared, however, that a clear test on the attitude of the state's voters toward discriminatory legislation would not be possible if the people of California "are not cognizant of the issues involved in Proposition 15." He said that it was the job of his group to help clarify the points at stake in Proposition 15.

"If strictly interpreted," he said, "the law makes it a violation for an Issei parent to remain with his American-citizen children on the same farm. It will also be a violation for a Nisei to support his alien dependents with income earn-ed from a farm."

Clark Declares **States Guard** Civil Liberties

Diaper Crisis

Delays Sailing of

Repatriation Boat

VANCOUVER, B. C .- A di-

aper crisis delayed the sailing

of the S. S. Marine Falcon, car-

rying 500 volunteer Japanese

repatriates and Japanese Canadian children on Oct. 2.

It was discovered that all

the other passenger luggage

had been piled on top of the

vital infant equipment in the

hold. It would take a day to

find them and restow the lug-

gage. Neither the babies nor the

Finally a Vancouver whole-saler was located who supplied

six bolts of cotton as a fill-in.

the Marine Falcon among the

Japanese Canadians who are

being deported to Japan. Several more babies are expected before the ship reaches Japan.

There are 15 babies aboard

ship could wait.

Federal Government Has Little Authority For Intervention

SAN FRANCISCO — Declaring that the Justice Department had received 2,699 complaints in the first half of 1946 from groups, individuals and even State officers, concerning violations of personal rights, "including everything from southern lynchings to anti-Japanese acts in California," Attorney General Tom Clark told the Commonwealth Club on Oct. 1 that in-dividual States and not the Federal government must assume the responsibility of guarding and protecting civil liberties.

Clark pointed out that the Federal government is forced to operate in civil liberties cases "on a shockingly thin thread of law." "We are continually exploring

the possibilities of application of the Federal statutes to various injustices," Clark said. "However, and we may as well be frank about it, the real guarantor of civil liberties is the State."

MacKinnon Takes Over Supervision of Canada Relocation

VANCOUVER, B. C .- The resignation of Thomas B. Pickersgill as head of the Japanese Division of the Department of Labor, the agency which is administrating the dispersal of Japanese Canadian dispersal of Japanese Canadian evacuees, was announced last week. He has been succeeded by J. F. MacKinnon, former general manager for the Japanese Division.

In a letter to the New Canadian of Winnipeg, Man., Mr. MacKinnon declared:

"Our relocation job is not finished. It will not be finished until all the relocated persons in the in-

all the relocated persons in the interior British Columbia projects have left those projects for points east of the Rockies and until all employable persons in our eastern relocation centers have been placed in employment where housing and educational facilities are available and to the greatest degree possible in that type of employment that is best suited to their individual skills."

Nisei Canadian Girl Forced To Go With Parents to Japan

WINNIPEG, Man,—Eighteen year old Toshiko Sasaki is on her way to Japan against her wishes, the Winnipeg Tribune declared last week.

Miss Sasaki left Winnipeg on

week.

Miss Sasaki left Winnipeg on
Sept. 16 for Vancouver with a
party of 53 Japanese repatriates.

Toshiko had to accompany her
old parents on the boat trip, the
Tribune said. She wants to return
to Canada as soon as she gets
them to Japan but doubts if either
government, would, allow her to government would allow her to come back.

"I'm the youngest in the family," Toshiko said. "My father decided he wanted to spend his last years in Japan and told me I was to accompany mother and him

"I could do nothing else. I was born in Westminster, B. C. and know no other country but Canada. I'm hoping all the time I can return."

Toshiko lived in Letillier, Manitalian all possons of Japanese.

The three sisters were at the train to see their parents and sister start for Japan. They all wished Toshiko could stay and sobbed

heavily when train time drew near. One sister fell alongside the train when it was leaving the east coach yards. Despite pleadings of the Royal Canadian Mountain Police corporal accompanying the Winnipeg party of Japanese repatriates, the girl would not move. She was carried away.

Toshiko will take many souvenirs of North American life with her to Japan. She had a stack of screen magazines on her train seat. A rabbit's foot dangled from the fastener on her brown plastic

The Japanese Canadian repatriates were scheduled to sail for Japan on the U.S.S. Marine Falcon toba since all persons of Japanese ancestry were evacuated from the coastal area of British Columbia in the spring of 1942. Along with several other Japanese Canadians

Seeks Family of Young isei Who Fled Manchuria

Nisei soldier in the Pacific | San Francisco. ater this week sought the aid the Pacific Citizen in finding family of a 15-year-old Nisei o is now in Beppu, Japan, after ting from Manchuria in Jan-

The youth was caught in Japan after the start of the war with his father, Masao Ito. The two his father, Masao Ito. The two were traveling in Manchuria in Jan-yof this year.

The soldier, T/4 Susumu Endo, is now in Beppu under the of Kenzo Yamaguchi, an emyee of the Beppu RTO, U. S.

The boy's immediate relatives in a country were said to be a ther, Tadao Mickey Ito, 28, a er Asako and his mother, Mrs.

This father, Masao Ito. The two were traveling in Manchuria in January, 1946, when his father was taken in custody by Russian troops. The boy escaped and fled to Beppu, according to T/4 Endo. His brother, Tadao Mickey, is believed to have served with the Marines and was believed to be in Beppu early in the year.

Any information regarding the Nisei youth's family should be sent to T/4 Susumu Endo, ATIS, aires will furnish Refreshments wing the evening.



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LARRY TAJIRI ...

EDITORIALS: On Minority Problems

The interrelation of all matters affecting persons of the different American minority groups was emphazized recently by Elmer R. Smith, assistant professor in anthropology at the University of Utah and wartime WRA community analyst.

It was in January, 1945, Smith declared, that a score of agencies including the American Council on Race Relations, the Council for Civic Unity and the Committee on Aemrican Principles and Fair Play met in San Francisco to discuss the probems which would result from the return to the coast of the war-excluded Nisei and Issei.

The major issues were expected to be housing, employment and discrimination. All of the agencies were vitally concerned with easing the return to California life of the many evacuees who had for so long been prohibited from its borders.

But in every instance, it was found, the problems of the evacuees hinged upon and were affected by the problems of other minority groups. Housing in San Francisco, by way of example, had been greatly affected by the influx of thousands of southern Negroes, large numbers of whom had taken over the abandoned homes of the Japanese Americans. The resettling of evacuees in these homes would then mean the displacement of another group of persons.

In Los Angeles the situation was much the same. Thousands of Negroes entering the city to do war work, had spilled over the boundaries of the city's onetime Little Tokyo.

As in housing, so in employment. The interaction of all the minority groups was here, too, evident.

Out of this realization came the knowledge that all of the organizations concerned must work together not only on the evacuee problem but upon all problems affecting minority groups. Also out of this realization came a statewide organization with representatives from all the civic and social action groups, from labor and from all the minority groups.

One of the major concerns of this group today is housing. But it is not attacking housing discriminations against the evacuees alone—it is attacking the problem at its base, the restrictive covenant. This is the kind of action and thinking that will do most to improve the social and economic lot of America's minorities—not the insular improvement of one group alone, but the general betterment of the total.

Death of a Fascist

The man who laid down the Nazi race lines of Aryan superiority has been convicted of crimes against humanity and will mount the gallows soon at Nuernberg. He is Alfred Rosenberg, Hitler's chief apostle of the racist ideology of Naziism.

Beyond the anti-Semitism which was the chief manifestation of Nazi Aryanism, Rosenberg had a plan for a program of white supremacy throughout the world which he outlined in his book, "The Myth of the Twentieth Century." In this book the Nazi Rosenberg called for the displacement and disfranchisement of Americans of Japanese ancestry on the West Coast. He also advocated continued Jim Crowism in America. The Nazi program for the United States, as explained by Hiter's official race theorist, was the segregation of American minority race groups. Such a program, as Rosenberg saw it, was

part and parcel with the Nazi aim of obliteration of the Jews of Europe.

The fascist race ideology of Hitler, Rosenberg, Streicher and others is being parroted on the street corners of America. Its spokesmen include such American fascists as Gerald L. K. Smith and a Senator from Mississippi named Bilbo. Rosenberg's ideas about persons of Japanese ancestry on the West Coast are still being advanced by white supremacist organizations and Nazi-like race restrictions remain on the statute books of California and other American States.

Hitler is dead and Rosenberg will die but the fight against fascist ideas must go on.

Relief for Japan

The first shipment of relief supplies collected in the United States for Japan will leave San Francisco soon. These supplies have been assembled by a group of twelve agencies, known as the Licensed Agencies for Relief in Asia (LARA) which were licensed by the United States government when General MacArthur asked that American volunteer organizations be mobilized for the purpose. The agencies active in the work at the present time are the American Friends Service Committee, the Catholic War Relief Agencies and the Church World Service.

These agencies are dependent upon the support of the American people for the aid they rendered to the needy in Japan.

The San Francisco News, in an editorial on relief for Japan, declared that General MacArthur's famous message, "Send me food or send me soldiers," epitomized the problem.

"It has become our country's task to lay the foundations for enduring peace," the News concluded. "Our help now will strengthen the growing Japanese determination to renounce militarism and to place their reliance on the ways of peace."

If food and relief supplies can help insure the restoration of a Japanese nation which will be dedicated to the ways and practices of peace, the price will be a cheap one to give.

Proposition 15

The voters of California should vote against the amendment to the Alien Land Law which will appear on the ballot at the forthcoming election.

I join with many outstanding Californians in urging you to vote NO on the proposal.

The proposal is aimed at only those lawful residents of California who are of the Japanese race. For the only race now ineligible to citizenship is the Japanese—the Chinese and Hindus having been lately admitted to United States citizenship.

Accordingly, this is a race law, pure and

In Germany, the Jews, of whom I am one, have been the victims of race bigotry and cruelty. In our own South, persons of black skin are victims of discrimination and even lynching and now California is repeating its program of making the Japanese the butt of discrimination and prejudice.

This racist measure comes at a time when it is particularly unjustified. Before the war, we knew very little about the nature of our Japanese population, with respect to loyalty Now, we know the answer, President Truman has told the nation that the record of 22,-000 Americans of Japanese descent who served in the armed forces is documented with episodes of highest valor. Their service is a credit not only to their race and to America, but to the finest qualities in human nature. Hundreds of them die, according to President Truman, "for the American way of life."

Justice Murphy of the Supreme Court recognized "that people with racial and economic prejudices—the same people who have been among the foremost advocate of the evacuation"—had spread "half truths and insinuations in California directed against Japanese Americans for years."

Are these same racist groups still beating the drums of wartime racism in our midst? Voters of California should pay no heed to them. Instead, they should by a clear and overwhelming majority adhere to the commitment of our nation to the United Nations charter in which we made avowals of our concern the world over for "human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, with no distinction as to race, sex, language or religion." We can do so by defeating Proposition No. 15.

Racism found its fertile soil in Nazi Germany. It has no place on a free and fair America .- A statement by A. L. Wirin in a broadcast on Proposition No. 15 over KMPC. Los Angeles, on Sept. 29.

Nisei US

Behind the Sugar Strike

Back in the spring of 1945, in its application by opponents of the statehood. The charge shortly after the reopening of the West Coast to persons of Japanese west Coast to persons of Japanese ancestry, a returned evacuee obtained a warehouse job in Stockton, Calif. Several men employed at the warehouse threatened to quit their jobs, refusing to work alongside a "Jap." The incident was reported to the headquarters of the International Longshoremen's and Warehousemen's Union. CIO. and Warehousemen's Union, CIO, in San Francisco which had a union shop contract covering the workers in the warehouse. The immediate reaction of ILWU leadership to news of the discriminatory attitude taken by several CIO members in Stockton was the suspension of the Stockton unit of Local 6, ILWU on orders of Harry Bridges and Richard Lynden, president of Local 6. This suspension of the Stockton ILWU was ratified by a vote of the total Local 6 membership and was in effect until the men involved in the anti-evacuee discrimination, which had ramifi-cations which implicated the active anti-evacuee campaign then being waged in Central California, were tried by union precedures on the charge of race prejudice and expelled from the CIO.

The Stockton incident occurred at a time when the CIO's ILWU was engaged in a huge organization drive among the more than the military government which a 25,000 workers in the Hawaiian dered Izuka's release after an is sugar industry, a large percentage vestigation.

of whom are of Japanese ancestry.

Illustrative of Hawaiian law The forthright action taken in the case by the ILWU was no act of mere opportunism, although it was effective in convincing Hawaii's non-Caucasian workers of the sincerity of the ILWU's stand against race discrimination. The ILWU has taken similar action in the past in instances involving discrimination on the part of employers and its own members regarding discrimination against Negro, Mex-ican and Filipino workers in Cal-ifornia and the ILWU's own newspaper, The Dispatcher, edited by Morris Watson, whose famous A. P. test case insured the right of newspapermen to organize in the American Newspaper Guild, has carried on an unceasing campaign against discrimination on grounds of race, creed or color.

000 members on the waterfront anese government most of this and in the mills and on the planta-tions and is the core of the CIO unionism in the territory. Workunionism in the territory. Work- were brought to Hawaii, mainly ing with other organized labor contract laborers, to supply groups, it has helped institute a needs of the Hawaiian plantation of the Hawaiian pla program of labor's political action Of the 180,000, approximately which has broken the domination 00 later emigrated to the University of Hawaii's industrial Big Five in

territorial politics. On Sept. 1 the ILWU's 25,000 members in the sugar industry illegal many of the penal con went on strike, challenging the under which Japanese workers Big Five's domination of the eco- been brought to the islands nomic life of the trritory. Hawaii has had a long and bloody history of industrial strife but the workers of the territory never have won a small demonstrations on the property victory through which these laborers been regarded merely as chain of the territory never have won a small demonstrations on the property victory through while of Language plantation work complete victory through strikes of Japanese plantation was ions. is the first time the workers in the sugar industry have been organized as completely on an in-dustry-wide basis and, what is probably more important, this is the first time that Hawaiian workers have achieved complete interracial unity. Whatever the outcome of the present dispute, Hawaii's pattern of industrial paternalism has been broken.

Most of the workers who are now on strike in Hawaii represent struck for a \$1.25 a day. The the second generation of the Japath the time was less than a discount of the time w anese, Chinese, Filipino, Korean, Portugese, Porto Rican and other immigrant workers who were brought to Hawaii by the sugar and pineapple planters to create and maintain the two-crop economy of the territory. Today these young Americans, citizens by birth and by education in Hawaii's splendid school system, have a common lingual and cultural bond whereas their immigrant parents were isolated by language and cu-stom barriers and were more easily subject to the manipulations of the employers. The present-day unity of these second generation groups also extends to the native Hawaiians and to the mainland Caucasians who have taken jobs in Hawaiian industries.

Because persons of Japanese ancestry constitute one-third of the population of Hawaii, the old red herring of "Japanese domination" may be raised again as an anti-labor issue, although it is as un-true in this situation as it is false

statehood. The charge was made by the Honolulu Advertiser during the Thos. Davies and Co. start during the war and was utilized an effort to obscure the actual is sues at stake which involved out wage and working conditions.

Hawaii's labor leadership today includes men and women of all o the territory's many race grows Among them are the ILWU's Jack Kawano who is also the head of the CIO's PAC on Oahu and Ber Nakano of Hilo and Lawrence Sh. geura, apponted by William Grea as an AFL organizer. There was some effort during the war by at ti-labor forces to intimidate Japanese American unionists on the basis of racial ancestry. Perhaps the most brazen instance was the one reported by Alexander Mac Donald in "Revolt in Paradis." Ichiro Izuka, young Nisei president of the ILWU on Kauai and a mili tant anti-fascist for many years be fore the outbreak of war, we charged by Kauai's civilian load of investigation, made up large of plantation officials, with distributions buting labor literature during lunch hours and thus "delaying be war effort." Izuka was placed in detention and was released on after labor officials in Hono brought the case to the attention

Illustrative of Hawaiian labor response to the war situation the record of Hawaii's two those and longshoremen, one-third whom are of Japanese ancests and whose union president is Ja Kawano, who established the his est rating for any port in the world in the loading and unless ing of ships. Kawano incidental served on a special manpow board appointed by Goven Stainback during the war.

The presence of the Japan and other immigrant workers Hawaii is no accident of history They were brought to Hawaii l the sugar planters to supply da labor and many arrived, in the years before Hawaii was official annexed to the United States in 1900, under conditions of peons of race, creed or color.

Today the ILWU is the greatest single force in the economic life been literally kidnapped in Japanese with the single force in the been literally kidnapped in Japanese with the single force in the seconomic life been literally kidnapped in Japanese with the single force in the seconomic life been literally kidnapped in Japanese with the seconomic life been literally kidn ginal group were returned later others, totaling 180,000 in States while a substantial nu returned to Japan.
The annexation of Hawaii ma

strike occurred when hands, most of them Japans walked off their jobs, asking an raise over the \$15 to \$26 a most they had been paid. The plant tion owners broke the strike tion owners broke the strike, in ing Hawaiian and Chinese Wol and spending more than \$2,000.

After four months the strike

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went back to work. Ten years later, in 1920, Jamese and Filipino workers of Ok for a ten-hour day. More 10,000 workers were evicted in their shacks on the plants Six thousand crowded into slums of Honolulu and 1,500 these died of influenza. The pino workers went back to a month later and the Japan stayed out for five more mobefore the strike was broken was estimated that the plantified had spent \$12,000,000 to break strike. In 1024 thirteen thousand strike. In 1924 thirteen thou Filipino workers went on strike was also but this strike was also had been a toll of 20 dead whe force of police attacked a strike was the last many. camp. This was the last me strike on the Hawaiian plants until 25,000 members of the last care. CIO walked out on Sept. 1

Hawaiian sugar long has geared to a low-wage conwhich was made possible only cause of a constant supply cheap, imported labor. It reliables credit on Hawaii's production (Continued on page 6)

Vagaries

regon State's football team regon States Router team year includes many veterans is 1942 "Rose Bowl" team. One nber of the 1942 squad who is on the Beaver eleven this year on the Beaver eleven this year Jack Yoshihara, a back who insterred to Utah and played the Utes for two years during war... Although Japanese erican GIs have been refused nittance into British Columbia Canadian border officials who in the Nisei are "Japs," Japse Americans are able to enter mada as visitors on the same is as other Americans in most is as other Americans in most the other provinces.

2nd Book . . .

Publication date of the Infantry mal's book on the 442nd Com-Team will be set for either October or early November Harry Takagi, chairman of the viverence Committee of Scott ei Veterans Committee of Seatis now with the Veterans Adis now with the Veterans Adistration . . . The Los Anies City Council ducked the reictive covenants issue last week.
If two councilmen, John R. Ron and Parley P. Christensen
it remait the property of reand Pariey 1. Christonian ded to permit opponents of reictive covenants to appear bee the Council. The other twelve
meilmen ducked the issue.

ommentator . . .

Arthur Gaeth of the Mutual work has been chosen as the y radio commentator to witness Nuernberg execution of Nazi r criminals. Back in the spring 1944 Mr. Gaeth, then broadcastfor Mutual from Salt Lake y, bought his own radio time give a special broadcast over to to defend the rights of loyal nericans of Japanese ancestry d to combat the attempt of two est Coast race-baiters, John chner and Kilsoo Haan, to propate their anti-evacuee poison in the . . . At that time Arthur eth compared the racist camign against the Japanese Amers to the similar racism praced by the Nazis.

isenhower . . .

Milton Eisenhower who was apnted by President Roosevelt as e first chief of WRA and who now president of Kansas State lege has been nominated for manent chairman of the United ates Commission on Internation-Educational, Scientific and Culral Cooperation . . . It's reported pan-bound mail, permitted since pt. 10, is being held up at San rancisco on orders from Wash-. . Earl Finch, friend of isei GIs, may visit Hawaii again December. Finch is presently inested in rehabilitation problems Japanese American veterans the West Coast.

rt Director . . .

Eddie Imadzu, who has been at GM for the past 20 years, gets in turns is the effect of the abrogation of the treaty between the United States and Japan."

Brian course of Article Brien opus about leprechauns. ent most of the war the Rohwer relocation center between the United State and got his old post back with pan, provided in part: .The Oregon Nippo has resumpublication in Portland, the st Japanese American bilingual per to be started by returned racuees in the Pacific Northwest. ceeding the pre-war Oregon ews, the paper is published in ographed form at present ... s reported that Mrs. Gordon rabayashi, the former Esther ith polio.

estimony . . .

Dillon S. Myer, FPHA chief who aded the War Relocation Auority for four years and got to ow the Issei well, hopes to be le to testify if the Issei naturalation bill comes up before a Conessional committee next year... be Nomura, star back for the Jose State Spartans, is the cond mainland Nisei to win colfootball fame as a passer. le first was Bill Kajikawa who Little All-America for Arina State and who is now an sistant football coach at the empe school. Some twenty years Art Matsu was on several America selections while play-g for William and Mary. Matsu arred in a game against Army, cking a field goal. He is now aching at Rutgers.

Stockton Theatre Litigation Defines Commercial Rights of Resident Japanese Nationals

The case of Emil Palermo versus the Stockton Theatres, Inc., decided on September 6, 1946, by the District Court of Appeals of the State of California for the Third Appellate District, is one of the most important cases as far as the alien Japanese residing in California are concerned. Consequently, it had been followed with great interest by the State authorities and by all Nisei and Issei. Reactivation of business enterprises had been hampered because landlords had refused to lease real property to

alien Japanese for fear of prosecution under the Alien Land laws. License matters were in suspense because the Board of Equalization, in granting sales tax permits, had notified the applicants that the matter depended upon the outcome of the test case.

The facts of the case are simple. On January 3, 1930, nationals of Japan obtained a lease of certain premises for theater purposes. It

was for ten years, commencing from January 1, 1931. Under the laws of the State of California and under the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation with Japan of 1911, this was permissible.

On December 22, 1934, for a valuable consideration, the lessees were given an option for a term of ten years longer than the term of the original lease.

The present lessees were assigned the lease rights with the consent of the lessor on January 16, 1935. The stockholders of the corportation lessee were almost wholly nationalists of Japan.

The treaty between Japan and the United States was abrogated on January 26, 1940.

The lessees served the lessor with a written notice on February 13, 1940 that the option for an additional ten years would be taken up. And on September 13, 1940, a new lease was entered into for the additional ten years.

The original lesser died and Emil Palermo became the legal owner.
On October 19, 1944, Palermo served notice on the Stockton
Theaters Inc. demanding that the latter vacate the premises forthwith on the ground that the occupancy was illegal under the provisions of the Alien Land Act of California. On November 20, 1944, the present action was brought.

The trial court held that since no notice to exercise the option was served on the lessor until February 14, 1940, which was sub-sequent to the termination of the treaty between the United States and Japan, the lease was void and of no force or effect whatsoever. The trial court predicated its holding on the ground that the treaty removed the lease from the opera-tion of the California statute and that in the absence of a treaty, a Japanese alien cannot enter into a lease of commercial property in the State of California.

The appellate court stated that "the basic question on which the correctness of the judgment here-

Pertinent provisions of Article of the Treaty of April 5, 1911, I of the Tre between the United States and Ja-

"The citizens or subjects of each of the High Contracting Parties shall have liberty to enter, travel and reside in the territories of the other to carry on trade, wholesale and retail, to own or lease and oc-cupy houses, manufactories, ware-houses and shops, to employ agents of their choice, to lease land for residential and commercial pur-poses, and generally to do any-thing incident to or necessary for trade upon the same terms as native citizens or subjects, submit-ting themselves to the laws and regulations there established"

The appellate court stated "it is

a well established principle of statutory law that, where a statute adopts by specific reference the provisions of another statute, regulation, or ordinance, such provisions are incorporated in the form in which they exist at the time of the reference and not as subse-quently modified, and that the re-peal of the provisions referred to does not affect the adopting statute, in the absence of a clearly expressed intention to the contrary. . It cannot be doubted that it applies to a treaty to the same extent that it would to an

act of Congress. cuss the matter of whether the "reference to the treaty contained in the California Land Act should Japanese in South America."

be deemed specific or general." If general, then there would be grave doubt as to the constitutionality of the Land Act because of the legislature delegating to the treaty-making authority of the United States the right and power thus directly to control local leg-

islation to future acts.

The Volstead Act, the Assimilative Crimes Act, and the United States alien land ownership laws were discussed to show that the treaty was incorporated into the Alien Land Act as it existed at the time of the enactment of the

As a final argument, the appellate court cited the fact that the State Legislature in enacting amendments in 1943 and 1945 did not mention the effect of the abrogation of the treaty and con-cluded that this was an indication that it considered that no change was effected.

Since the court concluded that the abrogation of the treaty had no effect on the provisions of the Alien Land Ace, the lease of September 13, 1940, was held valid irrespective of the abrogation.

It is reported that Palermo will appeal the case to the California Supreme Court. In view of the sound reasoning of the appellate court and the precedents, the position of the alien Japanese seems to be favorable. An early disposal of the subject will settle once and for all whether alien Japanese will have the right to lease residential or commercial property in the state of California.

On Henry Wallace

Pacific Citizen, Gentlemen:

Instead of subscribing to your paper and that of JACL I send a contribution to further the fine work you are doing. My sister has sent to me a leaf-

let giving sermons of five Japa-nese American pastors the Sunday before evacuation. I sincerely wish

other Americans were as sincere Christians as they.

We have some. Outstanding is Henry A. Wallace. I hope that you will do everything you can to support his policy for lasting peace, for it is based on Christ's teaching of doing unto others. teaching of doing unto others as we would have them do unto us. Certainly we would fear Russia if she had the atomic bomb and con-tinued to make and store them, were experimenting with it off our coast, were spending \$13,000,000, 000 for war and had air bases half way around the world, etc., etc.
Wallace's speech has been

misinterpreted and so criticized prejudiced people and those with

selfish interests . . . Only by knowing the truth can people be free.

Clara Sturges Johnson Ridgefield, Conn.

The Japanese In South America

(Continued from page 2) grants.' In September, 1940, the Chamber of Deputies approved a still more restrictive law which provided "that the sons of foreigners, even if born in Peru, are during their minority to be considered as being of the same nationality as their fathers." All of these regulations were so accepted by the Peruvians as to make it plainly refer to the Japanese. These particular "alien laws" thus passed in 1940 had a very definite re-lation to what happened to per-sons of Japanese ancestry living in Peru after December 7, 1941.

The present book under review is only an introductory survey, and it is hoped that a more complete study will be undertaken within the near future to clear up many of the sweeping generalizations found as a basis for some of the evaluative statements made by the authors. It is hoped that this book

From the Frying Pan

By BILL HOSOKAWA

Influences Shaping the Nisei Outlook

Denver, Colo. The sun is out in one of those mellow Colorado autumn days which, the natives say, make fall the most pleasant season of the year. In the mountains the snowline is creeping lower and the aspens are putting on a riotous show of color.

This makes it all the more curious why a phrase keeps running through our mind: The futility of nobility, the futility of

nobility, the futility of nobility. How it got there, we don't know. We aren't even sure of what it means, other than that there seems to be a rhyme to it. Perhaps it has something to do with the Nisei and their prob-

Nobility of character and purpose has been something that has been drilled into most Nisei as long as they can remember. Their immigrant parents were conscious of their own lowly state in life,

but the Issei had a nobility about them. They had a sense of ethics—at least they talked about it a a lot, and their code was based on the rigid traditions of Old Japan. It was only natural that the Issei should try to transfuse some of their ideals into the lives of their offspring. These efforts took various forms: Teaching the Nisei a pride in race and cultural heritage, ingraining of high ethical

standards, filial piety, a sense of independence, and of course the hand-across-the-sea idea. Despite a lot of natural rebellion some of these ideas took hold pretty well. Whether for better or worse, we are not prepared to say although the evidence seems to favor the former.

As this program of indoctrina-tion began to take hold, other influences entered the scene in try-ing to shape the Nisei's outlook Among them were sympathetic school teachers, churches and so-

cial groups connected with churches, civic clubs, even the JACL.

They all conspired to divert the Nisei's channels of thought into the upper altitudes—socially, economic and the social strength and religion. nomically, culturally and politically. They tried to steer him away from his natural inclination to find one's own level and there seek one's own pleasures.

Through it all ran this one theme: What is my mission?
What is my objective? What
can I do to improve my lot and
that of those around me?

And perhaps we're getting a bit fed up with this business of life being grim and perpetually earn-

Not that we're opposed to nobility. But we seem to be approaching that state of mind which says to heck with the upheld torch, we have our own troubles to look aft-

Is this introversion good or what does it mean?
We don't know the answer. It

NISEI USA: The Sugar Strike

(Continued from page 4)

since 1900 that today's workers in the sugar industry have a level of education comparing favorably with workers in other parts of the United States and that these workers, who include thousands of war veterans, are now demanding a standard of living commensurate with their status as Americans.

The issue in Hawaii today is not solely one of wage and working conditions. The major point of dis-pute, as far as the Big Five is concerned, is the strikers' demand for a union shop.

Even the Big Five must recognize that paternalism as an industrial policy is dead in Hawaii. But the Big Five has not yet recognized that the sugar industry workers have a mind and a will of their own through their own or-ganization, the ILWU. Meanwhile, the strike continues in Hawaii, a strike which is unlike any former strike on the plantations of Hawaii because of the interracial unity of all of the industry's workers.

Mike Masaoka Speaks To San Diego Group

SAN DIEGO, Calif.—Mike Ma-saoka, national JACL secretary, spoke at a mass Nisei-Issei meeting held at the Japanese Congregational church in San Diego on Sept. 30. Dr. George Hara was chairman.

Prior to the meeting Masaoka was honored at a dinner at the Sun cafe

could be that we have succumbed to the war of nerves being waged over the lack of houses, cars, meat, clothing and right on down the line. It gets nerve-wracking after a while.

But we rather doubt that this is the answer. We've been feeling this way for a long time.

And it still keeps going clickety-clackety, clickety-clackety, the fu-tility of nobility, the futility of nobility, like the wheels of a racing train.

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Justice Department to Seek Law to Permit Disposal of **Unclaimed Evacuee Property**

16 Thousand Items Still in Custody of U. S. Marshals

WASHINGTON — The Justice Department will seek legislation to permit the disposal of property turned in by persons of Japanese ancestry under the "contraband" regulations of the Western Defense Command during the war and which remains under the grand which remains under the war and which remains under the series of the series and which remains unclaimed in the custody of U. S. marshals on the West Coast, it was reported this week.

Legislation will cover all "en-emy alien" goods which are un-claimed but it was indicated that most of this property was turned in by Japanese aliens and Japanese Americans under the provisions of Gen. John L. DeWitt's regulations which were issued in 1942 prior to the evacuatoin.

Much of this property consists of inexpensive cameras, guns, shells, binoculars, small radios, pocket and kitchen knives, electric shavers, Japanese phonograph records, swords, flashlights lanterns and books. It was believed that most of these items have a low intrinsic value and the evaucees have not bothered to go to the trouble of reclaiming them.

During the past two years U.S. marshals have made efforts to return the properties to their owners but a large amount still remains in custody. Under present regulations Justice Department of-ficials cannot dispose of these goods.

The 16,000 items still in custody epresent about 20 per cent of the total originally surrendered to the marshals.

If legislation for disposal of the goods is passed, it is believed that the items will be auctioned.

Fresno ELLEs Hold Hayride, Weiner Bake

FRESNO, Calif. - The ELLES were hostesses at a hayride and weiner bake held at the Buckland stables on Kearney blvd. in Fresno recently. Those invited were Mary Kanagawa, Lois Kanagawa, Lena Matsunaga, Katie Yasumoto, Sakae Ogawa, Alma Kurisu, Chi-yake Renge, Chiyoko Fujimura and Julia Goto.

Members present were Elaine Uyemura, June Sakai, Alice Osaki, Kay Miyamoto, Sumi Jitsumyo, Fujiye Jitsumyo, Velma Yemoto, Estu Mikami, Fumi Mikami and Kazue Sekiya and the sponsors, Mrs. Lewis Toshiyuki and Mrs. Seichi Mikami.

Suzukida Returns From European Trip

NEW YORK—Henry Suzukida, only Nisei delegate to the World Student Chistian Federation conference at Geneva, Switzerland, returned from Europe last week.

Following the conference Suzukida, formerly a resident of Los Angeles and now a Chicago insuragent toured Europe with other delegates.

Hallowe'en Party

CHICAGO—The Japanese American Women's Club will hold a Hallowe'en party on Oct. 26 at the Westside YWCA. Plans for the party will be made at a meeting at the home of Mrs. T. Mukoyama on Oct. 11.

The group held a dinner for Sumi Kawasaki on Sept. 27. Ruth Saika was in charge of arrangements.

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Richard Suzuki Returns from Trip To Yugoslavia

escorting a shipment of draft horses for Yugoslav farmers.

Suzuki is a recent graduate of the Garrett Biblical Institute in

NEW YORK-Richard Suzuki, formerly of Brawley, Calif., returnweek from Yugoslavia where he had gone on a mission for the Church of the Brethern,

All-Nisei Backfield Aids Hawaii Victory*Over Portland Eleven

Stadium.

pounder who is now serving in the U. S. Army in Hawaii, was the spearhead of the dazzling offensive drive which completely dominated the Portland collegians. Yonamine played against St. Mary's All - American, Herman Wedemeyer in high school, and followers of the Hawaiian All-Star team told newsmen that the young Japanese American was "just as good" as his more-famous contemporary.

The Hawaiian eleven, which plays in the territorial league under the name of Leilehua Alums and whose members are graduates of little Leilehua high school on Oahu, started a backfield composed of Marco Takata, quarterback; Jim Asato and Wally Yonamine, halfbacks; and Richard Asato, fullback. Other Nisei on the squadingly Marcychic Cando and include Masayoshi Gunda, end; Isao Ito and Maeshiro, guards; Higa, quarter and Judo Takahashi,

They were coached by Chin Do Kim and presented one of the most colorful teams ever seen in Portland, its roll including players of Japanese, Korean, Portugese, Hawaiian and Caucasian ancestry.

The All-Stars were cold at the start as Portland washed at the

touchdowns in the first quarter to lead 13 to 0. But from there on,

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Grand Reunion Dance

SEATTLE, Wash. - The N Veterans Committee of Seatler sponsor a "Grand Reunion Se Formal" on November 11, Am tice Day, at one of Seattle's ing ballrooms, Fauret's Ballon at 13th and Pike.

The dance wil be of special terest to the 500 veterans have returned to this area committee announced.

Hobart Farnham and his orbitra have been secured for evening.

The dance will begin at 9 p. The admission charge will be a couple, and tickets will be a

PORTLAND, Ore. — The Ha- however, he Islanders gave the wildered Pilots one of the fire

demonstrations of fast air

ground attack ever seen in Mil

Jim Asato went over for the

first All-Star touchdown in

first quarter. They marched a yards with Yonamine going on for the second score. Then in the

closing minutes of the first he

Yonamine faked a sweep and left end to draw the entire Por

land team to him. He ran back his own 48 and then heaved the

ball to Fernandez who was star ing almost on the goal line,

Yonamine scored two more touchdowns in the second half

with Takata, Dupone and De Rea

The Hawaiian team will m

Fresno State and San Jose State

two of the Coast's strongest in pendent teams, in their other games on the mainland.

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scoring others.

nomah stadium.

waiian All-Stars, sporting an all-Nisei starting backfield led by Wally Yonamine, gave Portland University a 54 to 13 lesson in is-land-style football on Sept 29 be-fore 10,000 persons in Multnomah

Yonamine, a 21-year old 176-

tart as Portland pushed over two

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ction By Congress Indicated Rayburn on AVC's Request or Return of Stranded Nisei

WASHINGTON-A resolution from the American Veterans mmittee of Hawaii, asking that the United States government e steps to facilitate the return of American citizens of Japaancestry and parents of Japanese American soldiers who e stranded in Japan by the outbreak of war in 1941, was mowledged here by Sam Rayburn, speaker of the House, re-

Rayburn promised the AVC in Hawaii that the resolution

be referred "to the approte committee in the House for sideration when Congress con-

he resolution outlines the plight many Japanese Americans and ident aliens of Japanese dent who were visiting in Japan who were unable to return be because of the outbreak of

The great majority of these ents and relatives of (Amerisoldiers of Japanese ancestry the families and relatives of r friends and acquaintances reng in the Territory of Hawaii on the continental United tes were and are loyal to the ted States of America and are irous of returning to the coun-which they regard as their ne," the AVC resolution to Con-ss declared.

he resolution was unanimously pted at a meeting of the Terriof Hawaii chapter of the rican Veterans Committee and ies were sent to President Truand to both houses of Con-

the AVC group also is making orts to expedite the return of ded citizens through the Imration and Naturalization Serand through the office of vaii's delegate in Congress, Joh R. Farrington.

he resolution was introduced to AVC group by Calvin Ueki, a

San Fernando JACL Names Sam Muto **Temporary Head**

SAN FERNANDO, Calif. - The newly-reactivated San Fernando Valley JACL selected Fred Muto to serve as temporary chairman at its first meeting held at the Fernangeles playground hall. Tom Imai was chosen temporary secretary.

Mike Masaoka, George Inagaki and Eiji Tanabe of JACL national headquarters were present to outline the aggressive JACL pro-gram. They stressed the need for local chapter support.

Following the meeting the group was served refreshments at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Muto.

Northside Youth Group **Elects New Officers**

CHICAGO The Northside Youth Organization held its second election meeting on Sept. 13, electing Frank Sakamoto and Misa Ogawa as co-chairmen.

Also elected were Dorothy Mizukami, secretary; Marjorie Hi-gashi, treasurer; Henry Yoshino, social chairman; Carol Omori, historian; Babe Kochi and Jack Muveteran who is now a candi-for the territorial assembly. Narahara, publicity chairman.

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To Mr. and Mrs. Roy Yukichi Hiramatsu of Sacramento a boy on

To Mr. and Mrs. George Kuramoto a boy on Sept. 25 in Denver. To Mr. and Mrs. Kaoru Tashima girl on Sept. 23 in Denver.

To Mr. and Mrs. Noboru Shintani a girl on Sept. 26 in Denver. To Mr. and Mrs. Nobukaza Tsujimoto, Keetley, Utah, a girl on

To Mr. and Mrs. Terry Takamine a boy on Sept. 23 in Denver. To the Rev. and Mrs. S. Aso of Denver a girl on Sept. 26.

To Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Okusako a boy on Sept. 25 in Lodi, To Mr. and Mrs. Kejii Doizaki a

girl on Sept. 21 in Wheatland, To Mr. and Mrs. Joe Grant Ma-

saoka a girl, Jo Ann Gail, on Aug. 29 in San Francisco.

DEATHS

Shogyo Moriyama, 72, on Sept. 24 in Los Angeles. Kisata Itano on Sept. 24 in

Chicago. Yoshiro Harase on Sept. 27 in Los Angeles. Zensuke Mimaki, 61, on Sept.

26 in Los Angeles. Yoshimatsu Egawa in Denver,

Madaki Funatsu on Sept. 27 in

Modesto, Calif.

Kuiyshiro Sakaguchi, 67, Rt. 1, No. 146, Kingsburg, in Fresno, Calif., on Sept. 25.

MARRIAGES

Sumiko Miura to Tadataka Hashimoto on Sept. 29 in Los An-

Chieto Kawata to Taro Umeda on Sept. 17 in San Jose, Calif. Ruby Hisamoto to Noble Tajiri on Sept. 15 in Greeley, Colo.
Tachy Uno to Corl Morita on

Sept. 13 in Greeley. Tsuruko Iguchi to Iwao Ohye on Sept. 22 in Denver.

Fujiko Sakiyama to Tatsuo Imazu on Sept. 28 in Los Angeles. Hanako Yasuda to Junichi Naka-

shima on Sept. 15 in Chicago. Sachi Yoshizawa to George Shi-geo Ishida on Sept 12 in St. Paul,

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Co. F Commander Seeks Addresses Of Former Soldiers

Joseph W. Hill, who commanded Co. F of the 442nd Regimental Combat Team, this week asked for aid in contacting the men who served with him in that unit.

Stating that he had lost touch with these men since they moved to new locations or were resettled in their old homes, he asked that they contact him at the following address: Joseph W. Hill (Capt. Inf. ORC, 0-43657) Henderson State Book Store, Arkadelphia, Arkansas.

Yamagata Wins Chicago Tourney

CHICAGO — G. Yamagata won first prize in the championship flight of the Chicago Resettlers golf tournament at the Glen Eagles country club on Sept. 29.

J. Takahashi took second and G. Koyama was third.

F. Kumamoto won first prize in A flight, followed by T. Masuda and M. Domoto.

E. Sanada was the winner in B flight. K. Uba and S. Kodama were the other B winners.

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Gardena Nisei Will Activate JACL Chapter

GARDENA, Calif .- A motion for reactivation of the Gardena Valley JACL was approved at a meeting on Sept. 25 which featured Mike M. Masaoka, national secretary of the JACL, as the main speaker.

After a period of discussion a proposal to seek reactivation of the chapter was approved by vote and a petition to be sent to the National JACL headquarters was signed by those attending the meeting.

Sam Minami was voted temporary chairman of the unit. Toshi-Joe Kobata, Yoshio Kobata, Dr. Norman Kobayashi, Paul Shinoda, Bob Ueda and Itto Yamauchi were elected to the nominations commit-

Eiji Tanabe, Southern Califor-regional representative of the JACL, also spoke at the meeting.

Veterans Open New Business

LOS ANGELES—Two Nisei veterans, Jim J. Yoshida and S. Henry Miyata, have announced the opening of a new gas and auto service called the "M & Y Service" in Los Angeles.

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Wartime Role Of JACL Told By Hito Okada

SPOKANE, Wash. - Newlyelected officers of the Spokane Japanese American Citizens League were formally installed by Hito Okada, national president, at a kick-off banquet held Sunday, Sept. 29.

The JACL, Okada said, is rapidly growing in membership with branches all over the nation. He described the early history of the

During wartime, Okada stated, the JACL was faced with two highly controversial issues—cooperation with the government in the evacuation program and reinstitution of the draft for Americans of Japanese ancestry.

The decision of the JACL to fight for both these issues, Okada, though unpopular at the time, has proven to be correct in terms of the postwar situation of Japanese Americans.

The national president stated that the JACL's major aims today are liberalization of naturalization and immigration laws and indemnification of evacuation losses.

Terry Shimabukuro Visits in Salt Lake Enroute to Capital

Terry Shimabukuro, former press relations officer with the 442nd combat team, stopped in Salt Lake City briefly this week on his way Honolulu to Washington from D. C. He was accompanied by his bride of two weeks, the former Betty Fujita of Hilo, Hawaii.

Shimabukuro returned to New York City from Italy on July 2 with the Japanese American combat team for the gala homecoming ceremonies of the Nisei outfit. He returned to the islands with the Hawaiian members of the regi-

The Shimabukuros will make their home in Washington, D. C.

Ogden Chrisian Church Plans Carnival-Bazaar

OGDEN, Utah—The Ogden Japanese Christian church and Young People's Fellowship annual carnival-bazaar will be held Thursday, October 17, in the church beginning at 2 n

ning at 2 p. m.
The carnival committee has made plans for the largest affair to date.

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Nomura Stars In First Game For Spartans

SAN JOSE, Calif.—Coach Bill Hubbard this week advanced Babe Nomura to a starting halfback post on the San Jose State Spartan eleven following the Nisei star's brilliant performance in State's 44 to 6 victory over Williamette College on Sept. 27.

Nomura, who completed fifteen touchdown passes to make a new junior college conference record for Los Angeles City College last year, lived up to advance notices in his first game in a Spartan uniform.

He proved a dangerous runner on flanker plays and completed a 30-yard toss to Erle Johnson in his only passing attempt. Nomura scored the first touchdown against Williamette and was instrumental in setting up the second score.

This week Coach Hubbard adder several new plays to the Spartan offense with Nomura cast in the feature role on a number of the patterns.

The Spartans meet the strong Hardin-Simmons team at Abilene, Tex., on Oct. 5.

Lt. Roy Takai, Mary Hosokawa Wed in Seattle

SEATTLE, Wash. -Takai, formerly of Sacramento, and Miss Mary Hosokawa, also of Sacramento, were married on Sept. 14 in the Chapel on the Hill at

Mrs. Joe Milanoski was maid-ofhonor, and Lt. Tad Kihara served as best man. The bride was given away by Lt. Kan Tagami. Lt. Joe Milanoski was the so-

loist.

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INFORMATION WANTED: Would like addresses of immediate relatives of Tokusaburo Ito, 15, who is now in Beppu, Japan, under care of Mr. Kenzo Yamaguchi. Known family members include Tadao Mickey Ito, 28, believed to have served with Marines in the Beppu area; a sister, Asako, and mother, Mrs. Mitsuko, Ito, all in the states. Family's prewar address was San Francisco, Calif. Send information to T/4 Susumu Endo, ATIS, GHQ AFPAC APO 500 c/o Postmaster, San Francisco,

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Orem Farmers Take Lead in Salt Lake **Bowling League**

The Orem Farmers remained the only undefeated team in the Salt Lake JACL bowling league after the second round of play on Sept. 30 at the Temple alleys.

Okada Insurance rolled the high team game with 2626 against Dawn Cafe, winning 3 to 1. Larry Tajiri of the Okadas scored 225, 163, 209—597 for high individual series.

Yuji Nakagama of the Zephyrs and Kiyoshi Miya of Davis County turned in 565 scores. Jim Aoki of Aoki Produce had high game with 235.

The results: Okada Insurance (3), 2626; Dawn Cafe (1), 2372. Orem Farmers (4), 2274; Terashima Studio (0), 2063. Ogden Vets (3), 2442; ABC-Townshop Cleaners, (1) 2382. Wally's Flowers (3), 2409. Dayis

Wally's *Flowers (3), 2409; Davis County (1), 2324. Aoki Produce (4), 2343; Zephyrs (0), 2143. Main Jewelry (3) 2373; OK Cafe (1),

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Los Angeles Issei Endorse

LOS ANGELES - Thirty representative Issei from Los geles on Sept. 27 unanimous dorsed the program of the nese American Citizens Legularies and Issei in southern fornia to assist in its work resolution was passed at a meeting held at the Kow Nan

The resolution was drafted lowing a speech by Mike Mass national secretary, who describe aims of the JACL and its during the war.

The resolution in support of JACL was formulated by the S. Yamazaki, the Rev. Y. Yam the Rev. Kawatsuki, Gon Nakamura and Gisaburo Kabana shi.

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