The Committee on American Principle and Fair Play vigorously endorses the following government policies. It is our conviction that these policies strengthen the war effort of the nation and are in line with our democratic tradition.

1. Segregation of all disloyal person of Japanese ancestry.

"....all known subversive Japanese (should) be ammediately segregated and removed from existing relocation camps and be confined in special detention camps for the duration of the war with Japan."

Representatives: Costello, Englebright Tolan, Izac, and Anderson.
(I.N.S. Washington, May 12, 1943

".....Immediate internment of all disloyal Japanese."
.....Recommendation by Senator Albert B. Chandler
to Senate Military Affairs Committee
(A.P. Washington, May 7, 1943)

2. The protection of the right of loyal Americans of Japanese ancestry to serve in the armed forces of the United States.

"It is the inherent right of every faithful citizen, regardless of ancestry, to bear arms in the nation's battle."

.....Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of Var.

"I applaud the action of the Army in setting up facilities whereby those Americans will be able to show the world what they are able to do."

....Josoph C. Grew, former United States Ambassador to to Japan.

"I have never had more whole-hearted, serious-minded cooperation from any troops than I have received from my present command."

....Lt. Colonel Farrant L. Turner, commanding 100th Inf.
Battalion, U.S. A., formed from Americans of Japanese
extraction in the Hawaiian National Guard.

"The first prisoner of war taken by the United States was captured by a Hawaiian-born Japanese American national guardsman, who overpowered the operator of a Japanese submarine, while patrolling a Hawaiian beach on Doc. 7, 1941."

..... United Press, April 22, 1943.

3. The Opportunity for loyal Americans of Japanese ancestry to resettle in the manner, which, in the judgment of the federal government, is best designed to meet the manpower shortage.

"In accordance with the directive in the Presidential Executive Order which created the Agency, the Var Relocation Authority has developed projectures

which are aimed at bringing about the relocation into normal communities of the largest possible number of the evacuated people consistent with the national security."

June 9, 1943

"Food will win the war and write the peace."
.....Claude Wickard, Secretary of Ariculture.

"Every loyal American citizen should be given the apportunity to serve this country wherever his skills will make the greatest contribution—whether it be in the ranks of the armed forces, war production, agriculture, government service, or other work essential to the war effort."

.... President Franklin D. Roosevelt, February 1, 1943, commenting on the organization of the War Departments combate unit for Japanese Americans.

4. Fair Play for Americans of Japanese ancestry who are loyal.

"The mass evacuation of Japanese did not imply disloyalty on the part of all Japanese and it does not appear either right or in accord with the American conception of democracy to retain these loyal ones in restrictive custory,.."

....Colonel William P. Scobey, War Department
General Staff.

"Having been in charge of military intelligence activities since June, 1941, I am in a position to know what has happened. There have been no known acts of sabotage, espionage, or fifth column activities committed by the Japanese in Hawaii either on or subsequent to December 7, 1941."

....Colonel Mendal J. Fielder, Assistant Chief of Staff for Military Intellgence, Hawaiian Department.

"The Americans of Japan se origin are an invaluable element in our population; I welcome their presence, and regret the litter necessity of imposing on a trustworthy and loyal majority of nisei the restraints which are made needful by the bad behavior and evil repute of a minority.... I welcome the policies of our government which are designed to relieve the nisei of discriminatory restrictions as rapidly and fairly as possible."

....Joseph C. Grew, former United States Ambassador to Japan. April 26, 19h3.

We support these government policies.

The committee has taken no position on any suggestion that persons of Japanese ancestry be returned to the Pacific Coast at this time. To have confidence in the present policies of the War Department.

Our primary concern is to insure the application of the following principles to the solution of these problems.

(1) Attacks upon the rights of any minority tend to undermine the rights of the majority;

(2) Attempts to deprive any law-abiding citizen of his citizenship because of racial descent are contrary to fundamental American principles and

jeopardize the citizenship of others:

- (3) Legislation to deprive Americans of Japanese descrit of any of their legal rights would wet a precedent for depriving other racial groups of their rights and would weaken the confidence of our allies, particularly those in Asia and Latin America, in the sincerity of our professions to be fighting for the rights of all peoples;
- (4) It is un*American to penalize person of Japanese descent in the United States solely for the crimes of the Government and military caste of Japan.

The Committee on American Principles and Fair Flay was formed to support and defend the constitutional rights of lan-abiding persons of oriental descent in the United States and particularly of the Japanese American evacues. Persons desireing to aid the educational program of the Committee either through financial contribution or wolunt or wervice should write to the Executive Secretary at: 456 California Street, San Francisco, California.

Homorary Chairman Dr. Robert Gordon Sproul

Chairman

Mr. Maurice E. Harrison

Executive Chairman

Dr. Arthur Cushman McGiffort, Jr.